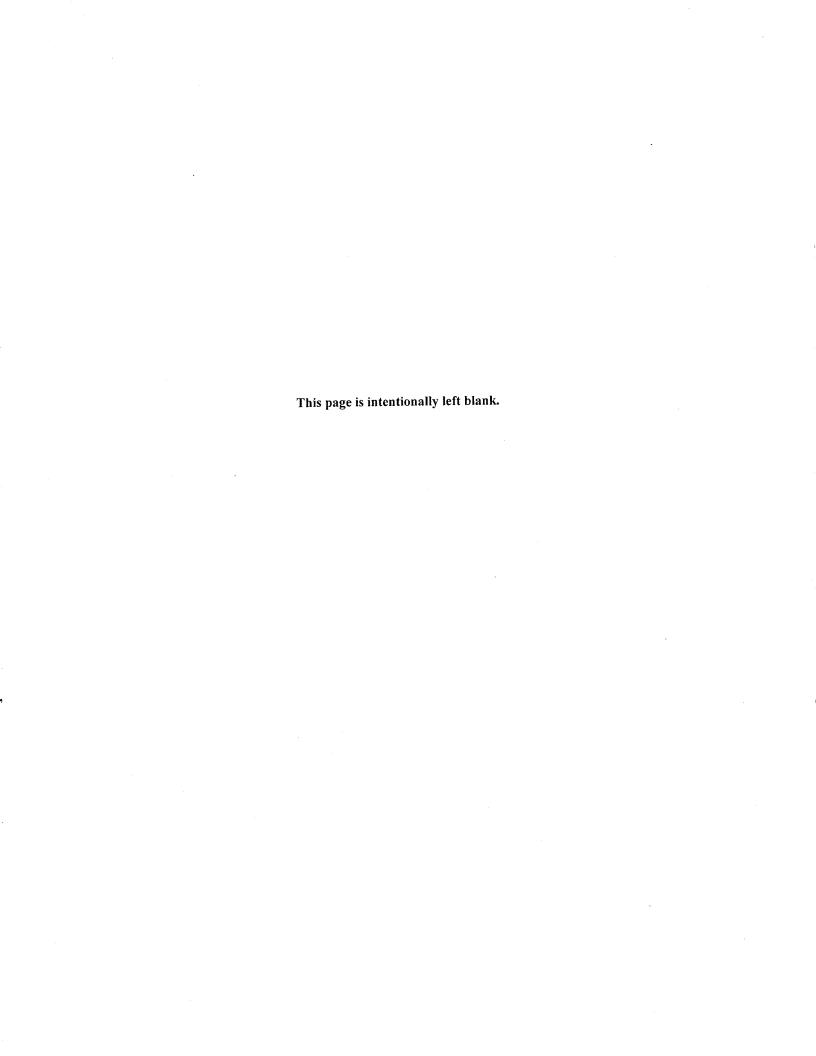
#### CITY OF ROHNERT PARK, CALIFORNIA

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

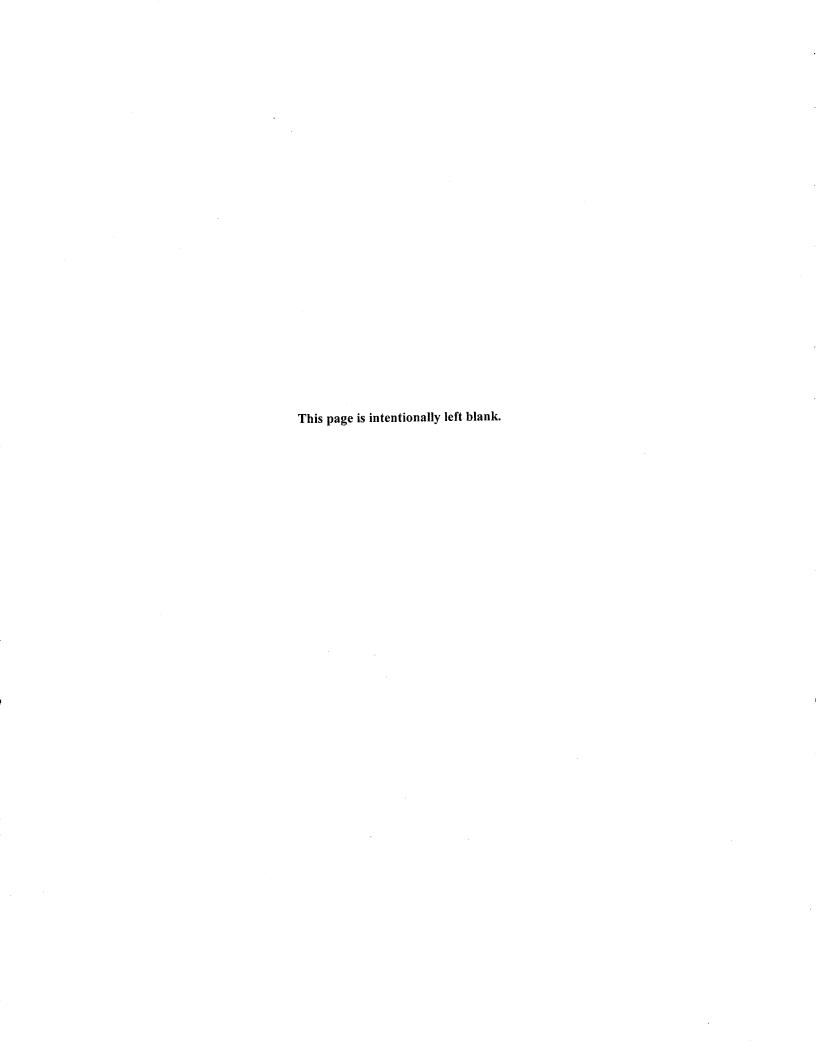
Prepared by Finance Department

Sandra M. Lipitz Director of Administrative Services

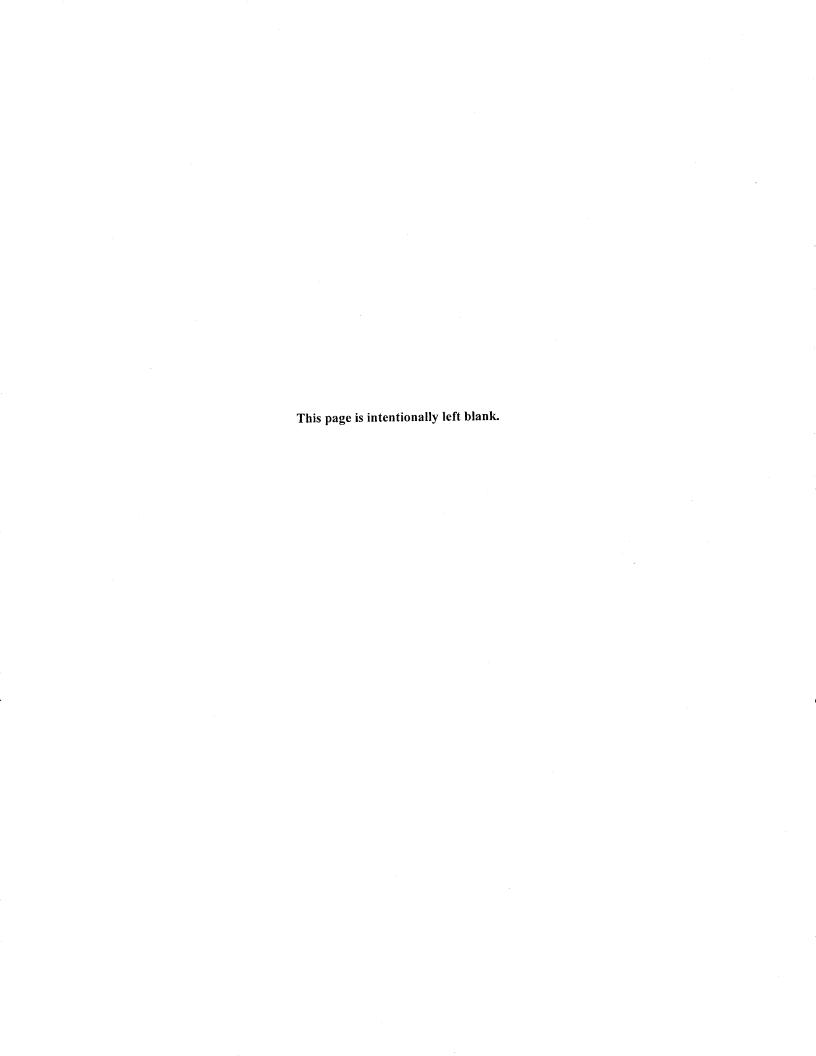


### 2008 COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	I-1
GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence	I-8
in Financial Reporting	I-9
Organizational Chart	I-10
List of Principal Officials	1-10
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	F-1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	F-3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	F 12
Statement of Net Assets	F-13
Statement of Activities	F-14
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	***
Balance Sheet	F-16
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	~ -
to the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets - Governmental Activities	F-17
Statement of the Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit)	F-18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-wide	<b>-</b>
Statement of Activities – Governmental Activities	F-19
Proprietary Funds:	T. 00
Statement of Fund Net Assets	F-20
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets	F-21
Statement of Cash Flows	F-22
Fiduciary Funds:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	F-23
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	F-24
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	F-25
Required Supplementary Information (unaudited):	
PERS Schedule of Funding Progress	F-48
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
General Fund	F-49
Note to Required Supplementary Information	F-54
Supplementary Information:	
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Other Governmental Funds:	
Description of Other Governmental Funds	F-55
Combining Balance Sheet	F-57
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	F-58



2008 COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT	
TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)	Page
Supplementary Information (Continued):	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	F-59
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	F-60
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
State Gasoline Tax Special Revenue Fund	F-61
Measure M Traffic Special Revenue Fund	F-62
Prop 1B Special Revenue Fund	F-63
Traffic Signals Fee Special Revenue Fund	F-64
Capital Outlay Fee Special Revenue Fund	F-65
Public Facilities Finance Fee Special Revenue Fund	F-66
Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Special Revenue Fund	F-67
Measure M Fire Benefit Assessment Special Revenue Fund	F-68
Mobile Home Rent Appeals Board Special Revenue Fund	F-69
F.I.G.R Special Revenue Fund	F-70
Copeland Creek Drainage Facility Special Revenue Fund	F-71
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	F-72
STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
Net Assets by Component – Last Six Fiscal Years	S-2
Changes in Net Assets – Last Six Fiscal Years	S-3
Program Revenues by Function/Program - Last Six Fiscal Years	S-5
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-6
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-7
Tax Revenues by Source – Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-9
Assessed Value and Estimated Accrual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-10
Assessed Value of Property by Use Code, Citywide – Last Three Fiscal Years	S-11
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates – Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-12
Principal Property Taxpayers - Current and Two Years Ago	S-13
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-14
Taxable Sales by Category – Last Ten Calendar Years	S-15
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates – Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-16
Principal Sales Tax Remitters - Current Year and Nine Years Ago	S-17
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-18
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-19
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt – As of June 30, 2008	S-20
Legal Debt Margin Information – Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-21
Pledged Revenue Coverage – Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-22
Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Calendar Years	S-23
Principal Employers – Current Year and Last Two Years	S-24
Full-Time-Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	S-25
Operating Indicators by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years  Capital Asset Statistics by Functions/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-26 S-27



FINANCE DEPARTMENT



#### City Council

Amie Breeze Mayor

Gina Belforte Vice-Mayor

Joseph T. Callinan Jake Mackenzie Pam Stafford Council Members

Daniel Schwarz Interim City Manager

> Judy Hauff City Clerk

Michelle Marchetta Kenyon City Attorney

> James J. Atencio Benjamin D. Winig Assistant City Attorneys

Brian Masterson

Director of Public Safety

Ron Bendorff
Director of Community Development

Darrin W. Jenkins
Director of Engineering Services
/ City Engineer

Sandra M. Lipitz

Director of Administrative Services

John McArthur

Director of Utilities / General Services

February 9, 2009

Members of the City Council:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Rohnert Park for the fiscal year 2007-2008 is hereby submitted. This report was prepared by the Finance Department, which is responsible for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects and presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and changes in financial position of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

This is the seventh year that the City has prepared the CAFR using the financial reporting requirements as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. This GASB Statement requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### THE REPORTING ENTITY

The CAFR includes the funds and account groups of the primary government, which includes several enterprise activities, as well as all of its component units. Component units include legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable and that have substantially the same board as the City or provide services entirely to the City. Accordingly, the Community Development Commission of the City of Rohnert Park and the Rohnert Park Financing Authority are blended with the City. The City was incorporated in August 1962. The City has a council-manager for of government. Five persons are elected by popular vote to serve four-year terms on the City Council. Elections are held every two years. The Mayor is separately elected to a one-year term by members of the City Council from among the City Council members. The Mayor acts as the presiding officer of the City Council. Policies established by the City Council are implemented through the office of the City Manager.

#### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

The City is located in beautiful Sonoma County, approximately forty-five miles north of San Francisco. Sonoma County's economy has declined dramatically, like the State and Nation, and continues to weaken. The unemployment rate has risen to a 15-year high at 5.7%, with much of the weakness remaining in construction and manufacturing. Fortunately, a large part of the economy still remains flat due to the diversity of industries in Sonoma County.

The tech-producing industries have a very optimistic future in the County. Biotech, medical devices, solar and geothermal power and other green industries are gaining market strength and expanding. This expansion has the potential of ending the recession in the County some time in 2009.

The recession has had a strong impact on tourism in the County. Leisure and hospitality employment is projected to fall through 2009, as there is less discretionary funds available for visits to wineries, resorts, gaming casinos and other recreational destinations. The recent reopening of the County airport for travel to and from Los Angeles, Portland and Las Vegas will help boost tourism when the economy rebounds.

Housing prices are continuing to decline and are about 35% below their peak value in 2005. At least half of all homes sales are foreclosures, which have driven the market price down, especially at the lower end of the market. On a positive note, reduced prices and a surplus inventory of homes have provided more affordable housing.

Taxes are a large part of the City's revenues and have taken the biggest hit. Sales tax declined 6% over the prior year, which is the first time that the City's diversified business mix has not been able to weather the downturn in the economy. The retail sector declined slightly, while the construction and business-to-business sectors experienced the biggest impact. As sales tax is the largest source of revenue for the City's General Fund (31%), the City is focusing on economic development to attract new business and is working with the Chamber of Commerce to assist local businesses. Based on the depressed economic conditions, the 2008-09 sales tax projection is about \$175,000 less than last year. Property tax has also been negatively impacted with the economic downturn. The assessed value of property declined by 0.65 percent over the prior year due to increase in foreclosures as well as a correction of the housing market.

To address the decline in revenues, the City froze positions, reduced medical benefits and made operational cuts by about 10 to 15 percent throughout several departments. The City will continue to evaluate operations and look for greater efficiencies, outside funding sources and partnerships with other agencies.

In summary, Sonoma County's short-term outlook is poor, but consistent with what is happening throughout the state and nation. The City is laying the groundwork to reap the full financial benefit once the economy begins to rebound.

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

For the Year. In preparing the 2007-08 budget, the City kept minimum staffing levels to maintain services, reduced medical benefits and funded additional personnel, facility maintenance and capital equipment through grants, private agreements and other funds. However, even with these budget measures, the City faced a \$4.6M deficit due to increased costs in salary and benefits, health premiums, legal expense and insurance. The deficit was funded through the sale of surplus property and reserves.

The State, as well as the City, continues to experience budget deficits due to an economic downturn. The following is a list of the funding received from the State of California:

Funding:	2007-08 Amount
AB 3229 (COPs)	\$ 100,000
Park Bond Grant	192,479
Rubberized Asphalt Concrete Grant	120,831
DUI Grant	1,810
Alcoholic Beverage Control Grant	25,311
Total State Funding for FY 2007-08	\$ 440,431

The Federated Indians of the Graton Rancheria (FIGR) announced plans to build a hotel/resort/casino outside the

City limits. The City and the FIGR entered into a Memorandum of Understanding in October 2003. The MOU provides that the FIGR will make the following payments:

- 1) \$2,664,000 one-time payment to the City in lieu of development and related fees.
- 2) \$5,000,000 per year to the City's General Fund.
- 3) \$1,000,000 per year to an educational trust fund.
- 4) \$2,000,000 per year to a charitable foundation to support projects in the Rohnert Park community.
- 5) \$1,000,000 per year to the City for neighborhood and housing upgrades.
- 6) \$17,300,000 one time payments for various capital improvements.

The MOU has a 20-year term with an automatic renewal clause. Payments will be phased in when the hotel/resort/casino is constructed and opens. During the 2004-05 fiscal year, the FIGR purchased additional property closer to the City limits. They intend to build the casino on this new property. The casino opening will be delayed due to additional environmental impact studies required on the new land. The final EIR is expected to be completed some time in 2009.

The City continued implementation of an aggressive water conservation program with the assistance of the Sonoma County Water Agency (SCWA). In cooperation with the SCWA, the City is implementing the California Urban Water Conservation Council's "Best Management Practices" (BMPs) to conserve water. The City provides rebates for front loading washing machines, high efficiency toilets, smart irrigation controllers, and irrigation system retrofits. The City's voluntary audit program, Water Smart Home, determines if there are any leaks on the property, provides efficient irrigation schedules and distributes low flow showerheads and aerators. The Large Landscape Water Conservation Program consists of notifying commercial customers of over usage based on their specific landscape material and lot size, providing free site visits to determine ways to save, including effective irrigation schedules, and offering rebates through Weather Based Irrigation Controller Rebate program for improvements made based on the site visit.

The City also continued working on several projects, including a new City Hall, rehabilitation of several city streets, maintenance of the Rohnert Park Expressway, major improvements at the Community Center, replacement of tank booster pumps and construction of the eastside sewer main. Projects completed during the year include a new roof for the sports center and Burton Avenue Recreation Center, the maintenance of citywide pavement and implementation of a new finance software system.

In 2006, the City dropped plans to build a new City Hall and instead chose to renovate an existing commercial building to a "green" building, which supports the Council's goal of sustainability. The primary source of funding for the project is the 1999 Certificates of Participation. The City relocated both employees at the old City Hall and employees at the annex to the new City Hall in October 2008. The existing City Hall will be sold as an affordable housing site. The City is still reviewing the annex property to determine its best use.

The City places a high importance on technology and information systems. The City network serves five primary facilities: City Hall, Public Safety, Public Works, Finance Annex and the Community Center Complex. These primary sites are linked using leased fiber-optic services. Data and voice information is run over these links and the appropriate firewalls, routers and switches are in place. Each facility has one or more servers on-site for local operations and all internet traffic is routed through a data center at the Finance Annex. The City leases servers, desktops, and notebooks so there is very little cost in keeping the equipment up to date and removing outdated hardware. The City licenses software using California State Master Contracts through the Department of General Services. A new enterprise agreement was signed to control software cost for the next several years. Last year the City received a refund from Microsoft for over \$7,000. These funds are being use to maintain the City's computer monitors. A plan to control energy usage per computer was started in 2009. The City began laying the foundation for a city video surveillance system along with a city master alarm system and an access control system was installed at the new City hall and public works yard to help protect City assets. Future plans are to continue to consolidate resources in an effort to control cost and maintain a high level of service. One way the City is doing this is to move all resources to a central location. We will also be auditing all telephone lines in an effort to reduce telco costs.

The Public Works Department is a full service department that is responsible for the construction, operation, maintenance, and repair of most of the City's infrastructure and facilities. In addition to normal duties, staff responds to over 4,200 service requests each year. Public Works' Department personnel serve on an after-hours standby rotation where they are available to respond to a variety of service requests and emergency situations 24

hours per day, 7 days per week. There are two primary divisions within the Public Works Department - <u>Utilities</u> and <u>General Services</u>. Although the Department is organized into two distinct divisions, each work group member is cross-trained to function effectively in either division – thus providing the community with a highly efficient work force with maximum utility per position. The Department completed several projects and initiated multiple programs including: implemented a comprehensive work order management system, initiated swimming pool chlorination upgrades, replaced 108 failed water services, streamlined and restructured landscape maintenance contracts, implemented multiple departmental programs, completed Pump Station #1 Variable Frequency Drive (VFD) and Motor Replacement Project completed Department reorganization and implemented a Performance Management Plan

The City has a Public Safety Department in which the officers perform dual roles of police and fire. This arrangement has proven to be an extremely cost efficient way to provide these services. The focus of the department during 2007-08 was making Rohnert Park the safest city along the US 101 corridor. There are seven (7) categories of Part 1 Crimes reported by the Rohnert Public Safety Department to the California Department of Justice and the Federal Bureau of Investigation. All law enforcement agencies use the same reporting criterion, which allows crime activity to be compared between jurisdictions. The Part 1 Crimes are a standardized listing of specific serious crimes that are reported. This listing is used to measure the changes in serious crime for Rohnert Park from year to year, as well as to make comparisons between cities. 2008 saw the largest reduction in these Part 1 crimes in the history of Rohnert Park. This outstanding achievement was in large part due to City Council support in fully staffing the Agency so that staffing appropriately matched workload, service area covered, and population served. An 18.21 % increase in total arrests also sent a message to subjects who were intending to commit crime in Rohnert Park that a strong police presence would deter or apprehend law violators. The City has fully staffed the Special Enforcement Unit (SEU) whose primary focus is on gang and criminal activity as well as two K-9 units for patrol. These units are funded through the money granted by the Federated Indians of the Graton Rancheria. The Fire Division saw many changes with the hiring of Fire Commander Jack Rosevear. Significant improvements were made to increase staffing levels to 3 person Engine Companies. The Fire Division also implemented a Departmental Fire Academy Training Program for new officers which saved money by not having to send these officers through the junior college fire program. Increased training, developing new fire standard operating procedures and expanding partnerships with surrounding fire agencies are some of the significant achievements for 2008. Lastly, Tom Bullard who was the Director of Public Safety since 2002 retired and Brian Masterson who brings 28 years of law enforcement experience was selected as the new Director to continue to make Rohnert Park the safest city along the 101 corridor.

For the Future. Rohnert Park is home to some of the region's most affordable, high-quality commercial space. The downsizing of the telecommunication industry in the early 2000's has left Rohnert Park with a surplus of commercial units. Economic development efforts are focused on stimulating interest in locating in Rohnert Park. Recently, several companies have moved to the former Agilent site, now known as Sonoma Mountain Village. The staff is optimistic that one or two medium-sized companies will move into the City's central office area in the coming year. The City has encouraged or directly invested in several projects to increase foot traffic and daytime presence in the City's central area, including a new civic plaza that will open in the Spring or Summer of 2009.

Tourism is a key industry in Rohnert Park, contributing significantly to the tax base. Through the Community Development Commission (the City's redevelopment agency), the City partner's with the Chamber of Commerce and the Sonoma County Tourism Bureau to promote Rohnert Park as a destination. Rohnert Park has seven hotels/motels with 911 available rooms. The largest property is the Doubletree Hotel, which offers convention and meeting facilities. A Hampton Inn recently opened in Rohnert Park, capturing a previously unmet segment of the tourism market. Rohnert Park offers a number of amenities for the traveler, including two 18-hole golf courses, a Performing Arts Center, and a strong base of dining experiences. In the next few years, the City anticipates the completion of Sonoma State University's Green Music Center. The music center will provide for music and education programs all-year round and will be a regional attraction for major indoor/outdoor concert events.

The City is committed to realizing new development anticipated in its General Plan. This Plan articulates a vision for the City that includes an urban growth boundary correlated with a growth management program. It describes a framework of targeted growth areas, including the creation of a City Center area, the development of a mixed use area north of the Sonoma State University to integrate with the Green Music Center, the development of balanced neighborhoods with a variety of housing types, the expansion of commercial uses to the northwest, and the

continued expansion of the City's network of parks and open space. The Plan provides for an average growth rate of 1% with an ultimate build-out of approximately 20,000 housing units, 405 acres of commercial, office and industrial uses, 60 acres of mixed use, and 190 acres of open space over the next twenty years. The City's Public Facilities Financing Plan which outlines the developer fee for all new infrastructure, as well as a maintenance annuity fee for services. Legal challenges to the City's General Plan have been resolved in the City's favor and the City is in the midst of Development Agreements discussions with several development groups.

The City is also engaged in a major capital investment program funded through redevelopment monies. Projects anticipated in the near future include two civic plazas, roadway enhancements in key commercial corridors, mixed-use development in the City's central area, and a new fire station. These projects are designed to contribute to the quality of life of existing residents while also bringing new residents and businesses to Rohnert Park.

**Departmental Focus.** Each year the City selects a department to highlight its efforts and accomplishments. In 2007-08, the Housing and Redevelopment Division has been selected.

The Housing and Redevelopment Division is an integral part of the City's operation and functions as staff to the Community Development Commission ("CDC") and the City's Mobile Home Rent Appeals Board. The Division's mission is "to eliminate blighting conditions in the Rohnert Park Redevelopment Area and create an environment appropriate for economic development and to preserve, improve and increase the community's supply of low and moderate income housing, in accordance with the Community Redevelopment Law of the State of California." This mission is accomplished through the implementation of the City's 40-year Redevelopment Plan, which presents a list of goals and programs to further redevelopment within the City's 1,711-acre Redevelopment Project Area. These goals and programs guide the development of needed affordable housing, the construction and repair of essential infrastructure, the construction and preservation of community facilities, the eradication of blight, economic development, and general beautification efforts. These endeavors are intended to result in a more attractive community that fosters economic activity and job growth, thereby enhancing revenues to the City. To assist in this implementation, Five Year Plans are periodically prepared that outline the specific tasks to be completed during each period.

In FY2007-2008, the Division completed the following Redevelopment activities, as directed by the CDC:

- Funded a loan to the Sonoma Mountain Business Incubator to foster economic development by adding infrastructure to allow an increase in jobs throughout the life of the loan.
- Funded the cost for a new, more user-friendly City website with an increased emphasis on economic development.
- Worked on the completion of the City's Economic Development Action Plan, which contains key strategies to further the CDC's mission.
- Assisted in the development of the Community Center Master Plan.
- Assisted in the award of a contract for the City Center Downtown Plaza & Pedestrian Improvements Project, which is funded by a combination of CDC and Transportation for Living Communities grant monies
- Acquired two sites within the City Center for future mixed-use development.
- Funded the Engineering Department's Project Manager & Construction Manager Services positions for projects within the Redevelopment Area.
- Issued an RFP for architectural services for the Fire Station 1 Expansion Project.
- Funded the Community Center ADA and Beam Replacement Project with a combination of CDC and CDBG monies.
- Funded the Corridor Studies for Commerce Boulevard, State Farm Boulevard, and Southwest Boulevard, which are intended to enhance these thoroughfares.
- Funded a loan for the Eastside Trunk Sewer Line Phase I Project.
- Implemented a Neighborhood Enhancement Program to encourage local citizen groups to take an active role in the preservation of their neighborhoods.

In FY2007-2008, the Division completed the following Housing activities, as directed by the CDC:

• Completed the disposition of the Vida Nueva site and the commencement of construction of a 24-unit

- transitional housing project on this site.
- Acquired two commercial properties and the former City Hall property for a proposed affordable housing project.
- Assisted in the maintenance/repair of 5 CDC-owned Shared Living Homes that are managed by COTS.
- Began implementation of a \$600,000 CalHome Award for owner-occupied rehabilitation projects to help preserve the City's affordable housing stock.
- Funded a loan to assist in the improvement of the Copeland Creek Apartments project.
- Continued assistance to Sonoma Grove renters at risk of becoming homeless.

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled timely and accurately to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City's internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary Controls. The objective of budgetary controls is to assure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Activities of the General, certain Special Revenue, Enterprise Funds and Community Development Commission Capital Project funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the departmental level. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Cash Management. The following table illustrates the cash invested by the City as of June 30, 2008, by investment type:

Cash and Investments - June 30, 2008

Sonoma County Investment Pool	\$ 159,511	0.0%
Cash, CD's and money market funds	19,273,651	19.7%
Guaranteed investment contracts	48,790,108	49.8%
State Treasurer LAIF	20,203,133	20.7%
Government securities	9,489,515	9.8%
Total Cash & Investments	\$ 97,915,918	100.0%

Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in certificates of deposit, obligations of the U.S. Treasury, obligations of U.S. Government Agencies, State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), Sonoma County Investment Pool and mutual funds. The average yield on investments at June 30, 2008 for the City was 3.55% and for the Commission 4.58%. Both the City's and CDC's investment performance is higher than the yield rate of 2.36% for 1-yr U.S. Treasury Bills. The same is true for the 5-year U.S. Treasury Note at a yield rate of 3.34%. The City, through its investment management was able to take advantage of market opportunities within the scope of its investment policy, while still maintaining a balanced portfolio. The investment policy includes the criteria for selecting investments with a priority of safety first, then liquidity, and last, yield. All CDs are FDIC secured and the City works with two brokerage firms to find attractive investment opportunities. Over the past year,

interest rates have steadily declined and are forecasted to continue to decline with the downturn in the economy and credit crisis. Close to 89% of the Commission's cash is from bond proceeds that are invested in short-term treasury notes and guaranteed investment contracts for immediate liquidity for capital spending.

**Risk Management.** The City is a member of Redwood Empire Municipal Insurance Fund (REMIF), a joint powers authority composed of cities located in Northern California. The City maintains coverage for property, liability and workers' compensation through REMIF. As of June 30, 1995, REMIF discontinued its indemnity-type health insurance program and accordingly, the City presently contracts with Blue Cross. Other health related employee fringe benefit programs used to be self-administered by the City and funded by the General Fund. The City presently contracts with Delta Dental for dental benefits and V.S.P. for vision benefits. During the fiscal year, the City received a refund of \$181,255 for the liability program. For 2008-09, the City's workers' compensation premium increased 5% and the liability/property/auto premium increased 24% due to updates to the properties insured values as well as an increase in the earthquake premium.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit. Management considers an annual audit by independent certified public accountants a sound and prudent business practice. The accounting firm of Odenberg Ullakko Muranishi & Co. LLP performed the annual audit for the City during 2007-2008. The independent auditor's report on the basic financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report.

Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. This was the twenty-sixth consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

**Acknowledgments.** The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Dan Schwarz

Interim City Manager

Director of Administrative Services/City Treasurer



# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## City of Rohnert Park California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2007

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

UNITE BETTER

WHITE STATES

AND

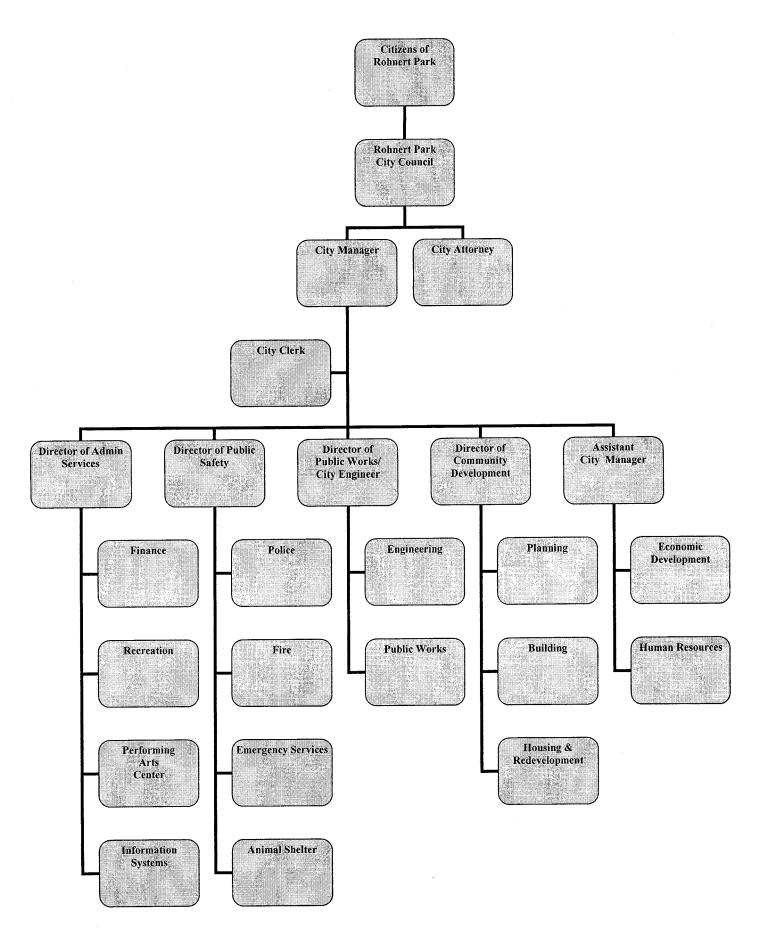
COMPOSATION

EN COMPOSATION

TO COMPOSATION

President

**Executive Director** 



#### LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

#### **City Council**

#### Jake Mackenzie (Mayor)

Pam Stafford (Vice Mayor)

Amie Breeze

Tim Smith Vicki Vidak-Martinez

City Staff

City Manager Steve Donley

Assistant City Manager Dan Schwarz

City Attorney Michelle Kenyon

Director of Administrative Services/City Treasurer Sandra M. Lipitz

Director of Public Safety Tom Bullard

Director of Engineering Services/City Engineer Darrin Jenkins

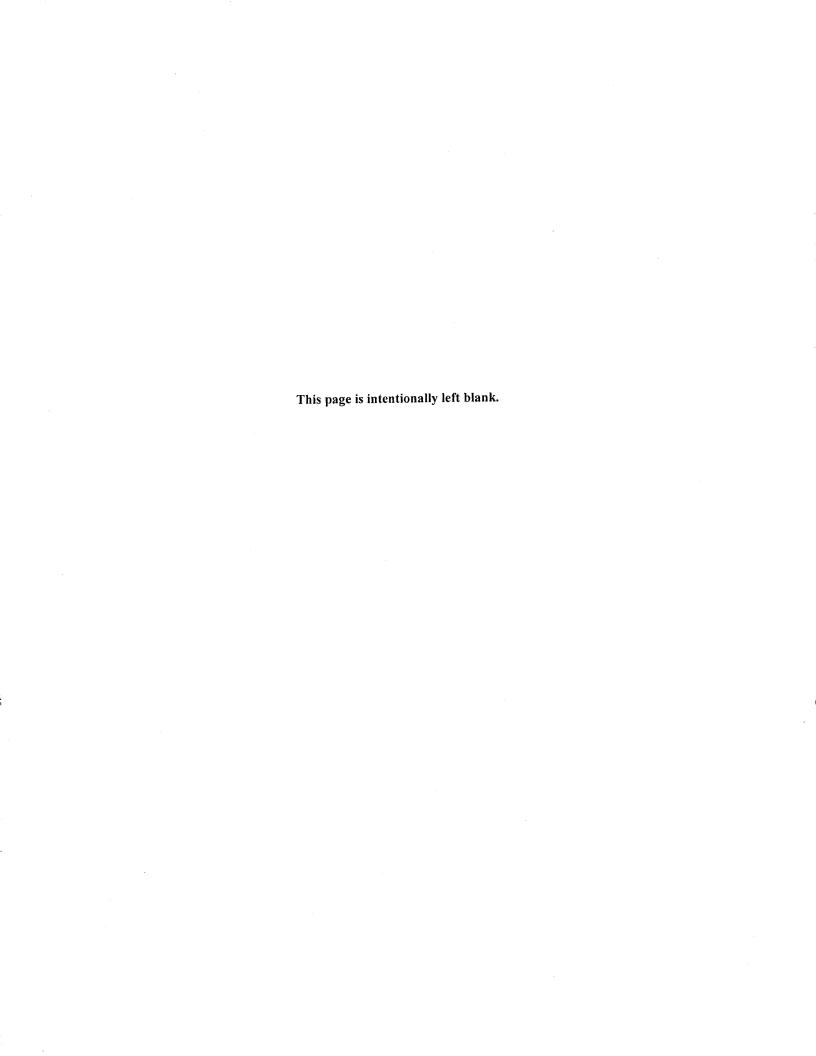
Director of Community Development Ron Bendorff

Director of Utilities/General Services John McArthur

City Clerk Judy Hauff

#### **Advisory Commissions or Committees**

Rohnert Park Association of the Arts Mobile Home Rent Appeals Board Parks and Recreation Commission Planning Commission Senior Citizens Advisory Commission Cultural Arts Commission Sister City Relations Committee Bicycle Advisory Committee





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Rohnert Park, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rohnert Park, California, (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards for financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial positions of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rohnert Park as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 15, the City implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues, and GASB Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 6, 2009 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance wither certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The accompanying required supplementary information, such as Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information and other information as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basis financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Rohnert Park's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Odenberg Ollatto Munainshi Flo LP

San Francisco, California

February 6, 2009

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the City of Rohnert Park's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents a narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded liabilities at the close of the 2007-2008 fiscal year by \$111,878,355 (net assets). Of this amount, \$41,652,181 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, \$9,584,622 is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net assets), and \$60,641,552 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$4,165,300 during the fiscal year. Approximately three-quarters of this increase is attributable to the City's Sewer Fund.
- The City's capital assets increased by \$18,332,457 due to a major emphasis on capital projects to eliminate blight, increase affordable housing, and increase sewer capacity. This resulted in a decrease of \$17,115,748 in restricted cash and investments. Additionally, the City recorded a prior period non-cash adjustment of \$12,950,145 to reduce prior years' recorded accumulated depreciation to the correct amount (see Note 17 of the notes to the financial statements).
- As of June 30, 2008, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$93,663,926, a net decrease of \$8,262,927. The decrease relates primarily to the reduction in restricted cash and investments. As mentioned above, the bond proceeds were used to purchase capital items, which are not reported on the governmental funds balance sheet. Approximately 24% of the combined fund balances, or \$22,130,992, is available to meet the City's current and future needs (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$13,186,254, or 44% of total General Fund expenditures.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components 1) **Government-wide** financial statements; 2) **Fund** financial statements and 3) **Notes** to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required and other **supplementary information** in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of City finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The <u>statement of net assets</u> presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>statement of activities</u> presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues pertaining to uncollected taxes and expenses pertaining to earned but unused vacation and sick leave.

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or in part a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, and other. The business-type activities of the City include water operations, sewer operations and refuse collection operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also legally separate entities, the Community Development Commission of the City of Rohnert Park (the Commission), and the Rohnert Park Financing Authority (the Financing Authority), for which the City is financially accountable. Included within the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are the operations of the Commission and the Financing Authority

**Fund Financial Statements** are designed to report information about groupings of related accounts, which are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: **governmental funds**, **proprietary funds** and **fiduciary funds**.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the City's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (special revenue, debt service, capital projects and permanent funds). Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund; Commission's Capital Projects Fund and Housing Projects Fund; Financing Authority; and the City Capital Projects Fund; all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation entitled "other governmental funds". Individual and combining fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided as supplementary information elsewhere in this report.

**Proprietary funds** are generally used to account for services for which the City charges customers – either outside customers, or internal units of departments of the City. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains the following two types of proprietary funds:

- Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the water, sewer, and refuse collection operations.
- Internal service funds are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for certain City programs and activities. The City uses an internal service fund to account for information systems services. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. The City's private-purpose trust fund is reported under the fiduciary funds. Since the resources of this fund are not available to support the City's own programs, it is not reflected in the government-wide financial statements. The accounting used for the private-purpose trust fund is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The required supplementary information includes the City's General Fund budgetary comparison schedule. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, and a budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following table represents a comparative analysis of the net assets of governmental and business-type activities for the years ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007:

#### Statement of Net Assets

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Tota	d
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
		(Restated)				(Restated)
Current and other assets	\$ 98,923,954	\$ 107,376,782	\$ 24,683,990	\$ 25,577,317	\$ 117,045,384 (a)	\$ 132,954,099
Capital assets, net	81,175,847	73,032,607	35,574,763	25,385,546	116,750,610	98,418,153
Total assets	180,099,801	180,409,389	60,258,753	50,962,863	233,795,994	231,372,252
Current and other liabilities	4,529,433	3,771,391	9,049,293	1,674,775	7,016,166 (a)	5,446,166
Long-term liabilities	95,913,005	98,758,029	18,988,468	19,443,227	114,901,473	118,201,256
Total liabilities	100,442,438	102,529,420	28,037,761	21,118,002	121,917,639	123,647,422
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	41,665,445	41,775,909	18,976,107	17,709,497	60,641,552	59,485,406
Restricted	9,584,622	10,227,146	_	-	9,584,622	10,227,146
Unrestricted	28,407,296	25,865,139	13,244,885	12,135,364	41,652,181	38,000,503
Total net assets	\$ 79,657,363	\$ 77,868,194	\$ 32,220,992	\$ 29,844,861	\$ 111,878,355	\$ 107,713,055

<sup>(</sup>a) The total column for 2008 includes the elimination of the advance from the CDC to the Sewer Fund of \$6,562,560, to eliminate the effects of interfund activity.

Analysis of Net Assets – As noted earlier, net assets may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$111.9 million at the close of the current fiscal year. Total assets increased by \$2.4 million during the year. This increase is comprised of a decrease in current assets of \$15.9 million and an increase in net capital assets of \$18.3 million. Restricted cash and investments accounted for most of the decrease in current assets increase (\$17.1 million), which was mainly attributable to the use of the Commission's bond proceeds for capital projects. The 2007 amounts are restated to reflect prior period adjustments, primarily related to the correction of accumulated depreciation in the amount of \$12.9 million (see Note 17 of notes to the financial statements).

Total liabilities decreased by \$1.7 million during the year. This decrease is comprised of an increase in current liabilities of \$1.6 million and a decrease in long-term liabilities of \$3.3 million. Increases in accounts and interest payable are the primary reason for the increase in the current liabilities. Long-term liabilities decreased due to the debt service payments on the outstanding bonds.

A portion of the City's net assets (38%) represents *unrestricted net assets* of \$41.7 million, which may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Another significant portion of the City's net assets is the \$60.6 million (54%) that reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land and easements, structures and improvements, infrastructure, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net assets of \$9.6 million (8%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the City as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The following table indicates the comparative changes in net assets for governmental and business-type activities for fiscal year June 30, 2008 and 2007:

#### Statement of Activities

		Government	al Act	vities		Business-typ	e Act	ivities
		2008		2007		2008		2007
Revenues:	-							
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	5,060,017	\$	6,194,782	\$	24,166,356	\$	23,681,174
Operating grants and								
contributions		2,628,459		2,344,534		-		-
Capital grants and								
contributions		1,991,493		1,492,565		566,411		1,829,074
General revenues:								
Property taxes		17,054,597		16,928,529		-		-
Franchise taxes		1,440,749		1,428,827		-		-
Other taxes		2,016,907		1,606,108		-		•
State contributions not restricted to								
specific programs								
Sales taxes		7,236,048		7,707,375		-		•
Motor vehicle license fees		3,142,034		3,074,869		450.066		426,769
Investment income		4,256,977		2,748,789		458,866		420,709
Other		5,089,703		217,520		-		
Total revenues		49,916,984		43,743,898		25,191,633		25,937,017
Expenses:								
General government		12,955,293		12,926,332		-		-
Public safety		20,758,556		17,349,211		-		•
Public works		4,421,182		4,522,563		-		-
Parks and recreation		4,979,212		4,198,572		-		-
Cultural Arts Center		902,319		889,073		-		-
Interest on long-term debt		4,629,601		2,690,598		-		-
Water		-		-		7,122,292		6,690,385
Sewer		-		-		9,830,647		10,085,147
Refuse collection		-	_			5,344,215	_	5,181,643
Total expenses		48,646,163		42,576,349	_	22,297,154		21,957,175
Excess (deficiency) before transfers		1,270,821		1,167,549		2,894,479		3,979,842
Transfers		518,348		294,438		(518,348)		(294,438)
Change in net assets		1,789,169		1,461,987		2,376,131		3,685,404
Net assets, beginning of year								
As previously reported		64,791,795		63,329,808		29,844,861		26,508,527
Prior period adjustment		13,076,399		13,076,399			_	(349,070)
Restated		77,868,194		76,406,207		29,844,861		26,159,457
Net assets, end of year	\$	79,657,363	\$	77,868,194	\$	32,220,992	\$	29,844,861

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$1,789,169.

Key elements of the change in net assets are as follows:

- The City's governmental activities investment earnings increased \$1,508,188 (55%) during the year due to interest earned on the balance of the bonds proceeds from the Commissions 2007 issuance of \$61.4 million for housing and redevelopment projects.
- The City recorded a gain of \$4,778,278 from the sale of surplus property.
- Total expenses increased by \$6,069,814 (14.3%) as a result of rising costs in salaries and benefits and increased interest expense related to the Commission's 2007 tax allocation bonds.

Additionally, there was a prior period adjustment of \$13,076,399 to correct opening net assets as of July 1, 2007, comprised of the following: The Commission's Housing Fund balance was increased by \$76,884 to correct for the recording of interest revenue in the prior year related to loans receivable. Additionally, an accrued liability of \$49,370 in the Copeland Creek Drainage Facility Special Revenue Fund was deleted as this liability was established several years ago and assumed to have been cleared as this fund no longer is active and the fee has been eliminated. Lastly, there was an adjustment to prior period accumulated depreciation related to the City's governmental activities capital assets of \$12,950,145, primarily related to an error on the conversion to a new fixed asset module computer system in 2004, which resulted in the duplicate booking of accumulated depreciation for assets purchased prior to July 1, 2004.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$2,376,131. Key factors of this increase are as follows:

- The Water Fund net assets decreased by \$831,396 as expenditures from operations exceeded revenues. Revenue from operations decreased by \$91,454 due to water conservation measures and an increase in residential vacancies due to foreclosures. Expenses increased by \$424,707 from the prior year due mainly to an increase in professional expense to meet regulatory requirements.
- The Sewer Fund net assets increased by \$3,097,549 as revenues increased \$362,832 due to a 15% increase in sewer rates and expenses decreased \$256,683 due a decrease in the cost of the subregional sewer system. The Sewer Fund also received \$383,669 in capital contributions from developer fees for capital expansion projects.
- The refuse collection net assets increased by \$109,978. This increase was due an increase in the refuse rates to cover increased expenses.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses *fund accounting* to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of resources that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financial requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Types of governmental funds reported by the City include the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds and the Permanent Fund.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$93,663,926, a decrease of \$8,213,557 in comparison with the prior year (including a prior period adjustment of \$49,370 – See Note 17 to the financial statements). Of this total amount, \$22,130,992 constitutes unreserved fund

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$93,663,926, a decrease of \$8,213,557 in comparison with the prior year (including a prior period adjustment of \$49,370 – See Note 17 to the financial statements). Of this total amount, \$22,130,992 constitutes *unreserved fund balance*, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *reserved* to indicate that it is *not* available for new spending because: 1) it reflects fund equity in assets that are long-term in nature and thus, do not represent available spendable resources (\$18,246,379); 2) it is restricted for housing projects (\$20,458,636); 3) it is restricted for street projects (\$1,472,761); 4) it is restricted for community development projects (\$28,160,657); 5) it is restricted to pay debt service (\$1,772,022); 6) it represents prepaid items and other assets (\$156,628), and 7) it represents an endowment, of which the principal may not be spent (\$1,265,851).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, revenues for governmental funds totaled \$45,551,406, while expenditures totaled \$59,534,398. Expenditures from governmental funds exceeded revenues by \$13,982,992.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$13,186,254 while total fund balance was \$16,419,409. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 44% of total General Fund expenditures of \$30,139,682, while total fund balance represents 54% of that same amount.

The fund balance in the City's General Fund decreased by \$568,235 during the fiscal year, primarily due to a decline in revenues by \$360,620 and a large increase in expenditures (\$3,092,881). The City's General Fund sales tax decreased by \$471,326 or 6.1% as economic conditions declined. Interest and rentals declined by \$335,495, as a property which had a ground lease was sold to the lessee. Charges for current services increased by \$467,721, primarily due to an increase in engineering fees. Expenditures increased \$3,092,881, most of which was attributable to increases in salaries and benefits, with the enhanced pension plans implemented July 1, 2007. In addition, the City sold surplus land for a net of \$4,391,717 to help offset the deficit. Overall, the General Fund's performance resulted in expenditures in excess of revenues in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 by \$568,235. It is apparent that the City's major sources of revenue are far below the amount necessary to sustain the City's cost of operation, of which 70% are in salaries and benefits.

As noted above, a prior period adjustment in the Copeland Creek Drainage facility fund of \$49,370 was made to remove the accrued liability that was booked several years ago. The fee for this special revenue fund was eliminated and it is assumed that the revenue collected and booked as a liability was expended for the drainage facility some time in the past.

The Community Development Commission Capital Projects and Housing Projects funds fund balances decreased by \$1,627,909 and \$3,134,383, respectively, as restricted cash and investments was used to fund capital projects. The Financing Authority Fund balance decreased by \$3,112,196 as cash from bonds proceeds was spent on the new City Hall project. The City Capital Projects Fund balance increased by \$1,293,698 as the new City Hall project was funded in advance of expenditures incurred in 2009.

**Proprietary funds**. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

At the end of the fiscal year, the unrestricted net assets for the Water Fund were \$3,123,966, the Sewer Fund \$9,416,376, and the Refuse Collection Fund \$704,543.

The total increase in net assets for proprietary funds was \$2,376,131. Factors concerning the finances of these funds have been addressed previously in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

Fiduciary funds. The City's fiduciary fund consists of the Special Enforcement Unit – South (Private-purpose Trust Fund). The Special Enforcement Unit – South accounts for assets seized by the Department of Public Safety. Net assets in the Special Enforcement Unit – South Fund decreased by \$13,067.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There were no amendments to the 2007-08 budget. Highlights of the budget are:

- Total operating revenues were budgeted at \$24.9 million, about \$1 million higher than the 2006-07 budget. Some revenue projections, like sales tax and property tax, which were based on sales tax consultant's estimates and assessed property valuations, fell significantly below budget due to a weak economy. Declining economic conditions negatively impacted transient occupancy tax, even with the additional operator, the Hampton Inn, opening in November 2007. Recreation revenues and Performing Arts Center revenue were increased slightly, with the intention that increased marketing efforts and the implementation of an electronic funds transfer for sports center memberships would generate additional revenue. However, like taxes, these revenues fell about \$153,000 below budget. The projection for Investment income was increased based on the anticipated rise in interest rates and a projected increase in idle cash; however, interest rates fell during the year and not all of the budgeted land sales occurred, reducing the budgeted cash available for investment. Building, planning and engineering fees exceeded budget expectations by \$402,557. Overall, revenue performance was unfavorable to budget by \$878,141.
- Total expenditures (excluding enterprise fund and Community Development Commission allocations) were budgeted at \$31.2 million, an increase of \$3.2 million over the previous year's budget. There were increases in the budget categories of costs for salary and benefits due to salary increases, additional personnel and implementation of enhanced pension plans. Total expenditures were under budget by \$1,064,030 for the fiscal year, primarily due to vacancies not being filled as planned, postponement of facility maintenance and tighter controls on supplies and training.
- Total reserves were budgeted to increase by \$9.1 million, with \$4.6 million used to offset the deficit, \$1.8 million allocated to the Retired Employee Health Insurance Reserve to fully fund the required contribution) and the balance of \$7.3 million allocated to the General Fund Endowment Reserve. However, due to the delayed sale of some of the parcels and the slight increase in the deficit to \$5 million, there were no excess funds available to reserve. Total reserves at the end of fiscal year 2008 decreased by about \$300,000 to \$10.8 million.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2008, amounted to \$116,750,610 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and easements, infrastructure, structures and improvements, equipment, and construction in progress. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- For government activities, construction in progress increased by a net of \$3,168,374 due in part to the continuance of several projects: City Hall (\$3.8 million); Rohnert Park Expressway Maintenance(\$1 million), 2007 Streets Rehab Project (\$1.1 million), Community Center Improvements (\$0.5 million) and other miscellaneous projects. In total, \$7.1 million was spent on open projects, while \$3.9 million of completed projects were transferred to structures and improvements. During the year, the City transferred \$716,850 for a new roof for the Sports Center, \$601,094 for a new roof at the Burton Avenue Recreation Center and \$1,871,206 for the Citywide Pavement Maintenance project, \$296,961 for a new finance software system and a few miscellaneous projects totaling \$418,647.
- For business-type activities, construction in progress increased by \$11,061,795, due primarily to the continuance of a few major water and sewer projects, the Booster Pumps-Tanks 1,2 and 3 (\$0.5 million), the Eastside Sewer Main project (\$10.1 million) and the Canon Manor Sewer Project (\$0.3 million). During the year, the City completed water and sewer projects, totaling \$197,046.
- As noted above, there was an adjustment to prior period accumulated depreciation for the City in the amount of \$12,950,145. The adjustment was primarily related to the correcting an error staff discovered in which the

conversion to the new software system in 2004 resulted in a duplicate booking of accumulated depreciation for assets purchased prior to July 1, 2004.

For government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets were from acquisition date to the end of the current fiscal year. Governmental fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures.

Capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year:

					T-4	-1	Increase/ (Decrease)
	Government	tal activities	Business-ty	pe activities	Tot		<del></del>
		(Restated)				(Restated)	Percent
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	of Change
Land and easements	\$ 8,564,276	\$ 2,948,157	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,564,276	\$ 2,948,157	190.5%
Infrastructure,							
structures and							
improvements	111,319,599	106,790,482	21,907,803	21,710,757	133,227,402	128,501,239	3.7%
Equipment	13,592,259	13,884,710	3,275,167	3,029,239	16,867,426	16,913,949	-0.3%
Construction in							51 40/
progress	15,146,229	11,977,855	26,167,739	15,302,990	41,313,968	27,280,845	51.4%
Accumulated depreciation	(67,446,516)	(62,568,597)	(15,775,946)	(14,657,440)	(83,222,462)	(77,226,037)	7.8%
Total	\$ 81,175,847	\$ 73,032,607	\$ 35,574,763	\$ 25,385,546	\$ 116,750,610	\$ 98,418,153	18.6%

The City's infrastructure assets are recorded at historical cost in the government-wide financial statements as required by GASB Statement No. 34.

Additional information about the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 to the financial statements.

#### **Debt Administration**

At June 30, 2008, the City had total long-term debt outstanding of \$113,496,061, excluding compensated absences, which was comprised of \$16,702,496 of certificates of participation, \$5,936,515 of lease revenue refunding bonds, \$83,072,380 of tax allocation bonds, \$6,245,972 of water revenue bonds and \$1,538,698 of capital leases. Long-term debt decreased by \$3,350,499 due to principal payments made during the year on the outstanding bonds.

The City's Ordinance imposes a limit on the amount of general obligation bonds the City can have outstanding at any give time. As of June 30, 2008, the City's debt limit (15% of assessed valuation) was \$612 million. At June 30, 2008, the City did not have any debt applicable to the limit outstanding.

	Governmen	tal activities	Business-ty	pe activities	To	tal	Increase/ (Decrease) Percent
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	of Change
Special assessment bonds, net of deferred loss on refunding	\$ -	\$ 179,423	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 179,423	-100.0%
Certificates of participation	3,960,000	4,115,000	12,742,496	12,990,108	16,702,496	17, 105, 108	-2.4%
Lease revenue refunding bonds including discount and deferred loss on refunding	5,936,515	6,140,297	-	<u>-</u>	5,936,515	6,140,297	-3.3%
Tax allocation bonds, including accretion, premium and deferred						05 100 000	2.504
loss on refunding	83,072,380	85,190,877	-	-	83,072,380	85, 190, 877	-2.5%
Water revenue bonds, net of discount Capital leases	1,538,698	- 1,777,736	6,245,972	6,453,119	6,245,972 1,538,698	6,453,119 1,777,736	-3.2% -13.4%
Total	\$ 94,507,593	\$ 97,403,333	\$ 18,988,468	\$ 19,443,227	\$ 113,496,061	\$ 116,846,560	-2.9%

Additional information about the City's long-term obligations can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- Sonoma County's economy, like the State and Nation, has declined dramatically over the prior year and continues to contract. Unemployment rate has risen to a 15-year high at 5.7%, with much of the weakness still in construction and manufacturing. Fortunately, a large part of the economy still remains flat.
- The future for tech-producing industries remains optimistic as biotech, medical devices, solar and geothermal power and other green industries are gaining market strength and expanding. This expansion has the potential of ending the recession in the County some time in 2009.
- Housing prices are still continuing to decline and are about 35% below their peak value in 2005. Foreclosures
  represent about fifty percent of all home sales and have driven prices down, especially at the lower end of the
  market. On a positive note, reduced prices and a large inventory of homes on the market have created more
  affordability.
- Property taxes were reduced by .65% from prior year based on a recent valuation from the County Assessor's Office.
- Sales in Rohnert Park declined 6% over the prior year. In the past, the City's diversified business mix has always weathered downturns in the economy, but for the first time, this recession has had a small negative impact on the general retail sector. The two sectors that continue to significantly underperform are construction and business-to-business, with the construction sector experiencing a large decline in sales. As sales tax is the largest source of revenue for the Rohnert Park General Fund (31%), the City is focusing on economic development to attract new business and is working with the chamber to assist local businesses. The 2008-09 sales tax projection is about \$175,000 less than last year's receipts due the continuing impact of the recession on the economy.
- One of the sectors strongly impacted by a recession is Tourism, due to the contraction of discretionary spending. Leisure and hospitality employment is expected to fall through 2009, as there is less available money for visits to wineries, resorts, gaming casinos and other recreational destinations. The Sonoma County Airport, which reopened a few years ago for travel to and from Los Angeles, Portland and Las Vegas, is a real asset for promoting tourism.

- Based on declining economic conditions, the City froze or removed six full-time positions. The City's contribution towards health plan premiums was also reduced by 5% to 80% per the agreements with the bargaining units.
- Operations expenditures were reviewed and reduced by 10 to 15 percent, which included reductions in janitorial, telephone and other expenses; minor service level reductions in street, landscape and storm drain maintenance; less staffing for buildings, facilities and grounds maintenance; postponement of equipment purchases; installation of a photovoltaic roof to reduce energy expense and reduced performances at the Performing Arts Center.
- A concerted effort was made to fund as much capital outlay and non-routine facility maintenance through
  outside sources such as grants or donations. All other major equipment or maintenance projects were postponed
  until the City's financial condition improved
- The signed two year contracts with all bargaining groups, which included a reduction in both the active health benefit as well as the retiree medical benefit. The annual contribution required to fully fund retiree health was lowered by approximately \$865,000 per year per the actuarial valuation. Per GASB 50, the City is required to report any unfunded portion of the annual contribution in the financial statements for fiscal year 2009.
- The City's general fund deficit for fiscal year 2008 was substantially offset by the sale of surplus property. The projected deficit for the fiscal year 2009 budget was \$5.8 million based on the continuing decline in economic conditions. Based on recent revenue indicators, the deficit will most likely grow another \$1 million to \$1.5 million due to weaker than predicted sales tax and property tax performance.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for fiscal year 2009.

#### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Administrative Services, P.O. Box 1489, Rohnert Park, CA 94927-1489.

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

**JUNE 30, 2008** 

		Primary G	lovernment	
		Business-		
	Governmental	type		
	Activities	Activities	Eliminations	Total
ASSETS				0.4014060
Cash and investments	\$ 23,920,643	\$ 10,894,325		\$ 34,814,968
Receivables, net of allowance	3,508,362	4,228,680		7,737,042
Prepaid items and other assets	156,628	- 		156,628
Restricted cash and investments	54,031,006	9,057,609		63,088,615
Loans and notes receivable, net	9,082,014	-		9,082,014
Advances to Enterprise Fund	6,562,560	-	\$ (6,562,560)	<del>-</del>
Deferred costs of issuance	1,662,741	503,376		2,166,117
Capital assets:				
Nondepreciable assets	23,710,505	26,167,739		49,878,244
Depreciable assets, net of				
accumulated depreciation	57,465,342	9,407,024		66,872,366
	180,099,801	60,258,753	(6,562,560)	233,795,994
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	1,709,538	1,858,761		3,568,299
Accrued liabilities	703,121	-		703,121
Deposits	286,113	517,112		803,225
Advances from CDC	•	6,562,560	(6,562,560)	-
Unearned revenue	287,796	, ·		287,796
Interest payable	1,542,865	110,860		1,653,725
Long-term liabilities:	, ,			
Due within one year	2,449,896	469,759		2,919,655
Due in more than one year	93,463,109	18,518,709		111,981,818
Total liabilities	100,442,438	28,037,761	(6,562,560)	121,917,639
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of				
related debt	41,665,445	18,976,107		60,641,552
Restricted for:	, ,	, ,		
Housing projects	3,502,270	-		3,502,270
Street projects	1,791,262	•		1,791,262
Community development projects	1,253,217	-		1,253,217
Debt service	1,772,022	-		1,772,022
Performing Arts Center Endowment	1,265,851	· -		1,265,851
Unrestricted	28,407,296	13,244,885	<u></u>	41,652,181
Total net assets	\$ 79,657,363	\$ 32,220,992	\$	\$ 111,878,355

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

			Progra	m Revenues
	Expenses	Charges for Services	G	Operating brants and on the original or
FUNCTION/PROGRAM ACTIVITIES:	 			
Primary government:				
Governmental activities:			_	
General government	\$ 12,955,293	\$ 978,440	\$	1,452,790
Public safety	20,758,556	592,567		894,823
Public works	4,421,182	1,697,041		240,166
Parks and recreation	4,979,212	1,256,154		40,480
Cultural Arts Center	902,319	535,815		200
Interest on long-term debt	 4,629,601	 		-
Total governmental activities	 48,646,163	 5,060,017		2,628,459
Business-type activities:				
Water	7,122,292	6,341,560		-
Sewer	9,830,647	12,370,603		-
Refuse Collection	 5,344,215	 5,454,193		_
Total business-type activities	 22,297,154	 24,166,356		-
Total primary government	\$ 70,943,317	\$ 29,226,373	\$	2,628,459

General revenues:

Property taxes

Franchise taxes

Other taxes

State contributions not restricted to specific programs:

Sales taxes

Motor vehicle license fees

Investment income

Gain on sale of capital assets

Other

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED

PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT (Note 17) AS RESTATED

NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

	Net (Expense)	Revenue and Chang	ges in Net Assets
	P	rimary Governmen	t
Capital		Business-	
Grants and	Governmental	type	
Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
\$ 1,040,917	\$ (9,483,146)	\$ -	\$ (9,483,146)
-	(19,271,166)	-	(19,271,166)
950,576	(1,533,399)	-	(1,533,399)
-	(3,682,578)	-	(3,682,578)
-	(366,304)	-	(366,304)
-	(4,629,601)		(4,629,601)
1,991,493	(38,966,194)		(38,966,194)
46,628	-	(734,104)	(734,104)
519,783	-	3,059,739	3,059,739
-	_	109,978	109;978
566,411	-	2,435,613	2,435,613
\$ 2,557,904	(38,966,194)	2,435,613	(36,530,581)
			,
	17,054,597	-	17,054,597
	1,440,749	-	1,440,749
	2,016,907	-	2,016,907
	7,236,048	-	7,236,048
	3,142,034	-	3,142,034
	4,256,977	458,866	4,715,843
	4,778,278	=	4,778,278
	311,425	-	311,425
	518,348	(518,348)	
	40,755,363	(59,482)	40,695,881
	1,789,169	2,376,131	4,165,300
	64,791,795	29,844,861	94,636,656
	13,076,399	-	13,076,399
	77,868,194	29,844,861	107,713,055
	\$ 79,657,363	\$ 32,220,992	\$ 111,878,355

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

## BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

				Community Development Commission	unity	ioission			Ċ		Other		
		General		Capital Projects		Housing Projects	Fing	Financing Authority	Capital Projects	Š	Governmental Funds		Total
ASSETS	S	12 222 579	s	6.447.950	S	•	€9	ı	↔	€9	5,250,114	€9	23,920,643
Casil and investments Receivables, net:	•		,								000		01000
Taxes		1,889,581		1		•			,		389,738		2,2/9,319
Accounts		482,488				, 00					104,704		264.153
Accrued interest		209,943		55,111		19,099			1 714 902				3.346.970
Due from other funds		1,114,100		213,177		1,771			1,7,11,7,1		•		156,628
Prepaid items and other assets		150,020		79 160 657		21 201 056	·	2 554 039	•		1,772,022		54.031,006
Restricted cash and investments		252,352		70,001,07		8 857 820	•	,+,	•		-		9,082,014
Loans and notes receivable, net Advances to other funds		2,847,333		6,562,560		0,20,200,0		,			,		9,409,893
					,			000		6	35C 100 F	e	103 455 516
	<b>∞</b>	19,404,178	<b>∽</b> ∥	41,719,455	~	30,168,666	A	2,554,039	5 1,714,902	_	0,2,460,1	٠	103,423,510
LIABILITIES	s	874 580	6	50 116	¢.	297 759	ç	,	\$ 537,083	<b>∽</b>	,	S	1,709,538
Accounts payable	9	703 121	9	21,00	<del>)</del>	,	,				,		703,121
Accused flagfillies  Due to other finds		517,968		56,416		16,118		1,697,085	680,912		378,471		3,346,970
Deposits		286,113		,		t					,		286,113
Deferred revenue		652,987		, ,		245,528		,			, ,		898,515 2 847 333
Advances from other funds		_		2,304,000		545,535							4,017,000
	ļ	2,984,769		2,410,532		1,102,738		1,697,085	1,217,995		378,471		9,791,590
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)													
Reserved for:													156 679
Prepaid items and other assets		156,628							•		•		150,028
Advances, loans and notes		3,076,527		6,562,560		8,607,292			• :				20 458 636
Housing projects		1		,		20,438,030		, ,	•		1,472,761		1,472,761
Street projects		t		28 160 657				. 1	•				28,160,657
Community development projects				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				•	•		1,772,022		1,772,022
Dept service Performing Arts Center endowment				•		1		,	•		1,265,851		1,265,851
Unreserved, reported in:													13 186 254
General Fund		13,186,254		•		,					2 910 150		2.910.150
Special revenue funds		ı		702 202 1		<b>t</b> 1		856 954	496.907		95,021		6,034,588
Capital project funds	1	,		4,383,700		,		100,000	2000				,
Total fund balances (deficit)		16,419,409	١	39,308,923		29,065,928		856,954	496,907		7,515,805		93,663,926
Total Establisher and find helences	€*	19 404 178	64	41.719.455	69	30,168,666	69	2,554,039	\$ 1,714,902	8	7,894,276	۰	103,455,516
10tal liabilities and turn caractes	,		11										

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2008

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Fund balances - total governmental funds (page F-16)	\$	93,663,926
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	e	81,165,946
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of management of centralized data processing services and related billings to other City departments and individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included in governmental activities in the	<u>.</u>	
statement of net assets.	•	9,901
Long-term receivables and interest on deferred loans are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred on the modified accrual basis.		610,719
Costs of issuance are capitalized on the government-wide statement of net assets, whereas they are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		1,662,741
Interest payable on long-term debt that does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, interest payable is not accrued as a liability in the balance sheet of governmental funds.		(1,542,865)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Certificates of participation \$ (9,896,5)	15)	
Tax allocation bonds, net (including accreted interest) (83,072,33	80)	
Capital leases (1,538,69	98)	
Compensated absences (1,405,4	12)	(95,913,005)
Net assets of governmental activities (page F-13)	\$_	79,657,363

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008								ļ
	,	Community Development Commission Capital Housin	unity Commission Housing	Financing	City Capital	Other Governmental	Ę żło	
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Intergovernmental Chance for purpose	\$ 13,894,560 3,678,261. 1,773,158 2,269,138	\$ 13,367,124 293,242 1,513,712	\$ 975,985	\$ - 130,718	\$ 1,040,917 - 262,385	\$ 486,617 1,832,084 276,127	\$ 27,748,301 6,844,504 4,669,700 2,531,523	00 00 23
Cinages for current systems Licenses, permits and fees Special assessment collections Fines, forfeitures and penalties Donarions and miscellaneous	1,092,267 159,701 159,701 1,109,256		41,082	. , , ,	, , , ,	724,592	1,816,859 - 159,701 1,780,818	559 701 818
Total revenues	23,976,341	15,175,887	1,017,067	130,718	1,303,302	3,948,091	45,551,406	901
EXPENDITURES Current: General government	4,059,521	6,611,430	2,002,333	ı	,	20,899	12,694,183	183
Public safety Public works Public works Parks and recreation Cultural are center	19,414,226 2,255,776 3,248,052 932,319						3,414,220 2,255,776 3,248,052 902,319	776 052 319
Cutum and secured Capital outlay	259,788	5,880,837	1,137,170	•	6,662,338	r	13,940,133	133
Dous service. Principal Interest and fiscal charges Cost of issuance		213,120	54,333	390,000	, , ,	3,344,038 2,629,429	3,734,038	671
Total expenditures	30,139,682	12,705,387	3,193,836	838,789	6,662,338	5,994,366	59,534,398	398
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(6,163,341)	2,470,500	(2,176,769)	(708,071)	(5,359,036)	(2,046,275)	(13,982,992)	(266
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from the sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out	4,391,717 2,346,038 (1,142,649)	3,149,833	810,000 3,244,133 (5,011,747)	841,444 (3,245,569)	6,654,421 (1,687)	5,662,600 (4,730,227)	5,201,717 21,898,469 (21,380,121)	717 469 121)
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,595,106	(4,098,409)	(957,614)	(2,404,125)	6,652,734	932,373	5,720,065	9065
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(568,235)	(1,627,909)	(3,134,383)	(3,112,196)	1,293,698	(1,113,902)	(8,262,927)	(726)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR As previously reported	16,987,644	40,936,832	32,200,311	3,969,150	(796,791)	8,580,337	101,877,483	,483
Restatement due to recording of loans receivable	-				1	49,370	49,3	49,370
. As restated	,			,		8,629,707	101,926,853	,853
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ 16,419,409	\$ 39,308,923	\$ 29,065,928	\$ 856,954	\$ 496,907	\$ 7,515,805	\$ 93,663,926	,926

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page F-18)		\$ (8,262,927)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Capital asset additions, reported as capital outlay  Basis in capital assets sold  Depreciation	\$ 13,940,137 (423,443) (5,356,724)	8,159,970
Revenues recognized in the governmental funds that were earned and recognized in previous years and reported as beginning net assets in the statement of activities. Revenues earned in the current year that did not meet the revenue recognition criteria for governmental funds are reported as revenues in the statement of activities.		(412,700)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.  Principal repayments:		
Tax allocation bonds Certificates of participation Special assessment bonds Capital leases	\$ 2,915,000 390,000 190,000 239,038	3,734,038
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Amortization of deferred costs of issuance Change in accrued interest payable Amortization of premium, discount and deferred amount on refunding Interest accretion on capital appreciation bonds Change in long-term compensated absences	\$ (89,611) (445,632) (22,114) (816,184) (50,716)	(1,424,257)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		 (4,955)
Change in net assets of governmental activities (page F-15)		\$ 1,789,169

## STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

**JUNE 30, 2008** 

	Busi	ness-type Activities	- Enterprise Fu	nds	Governmental Activity
		VI.	Refuse		Internal
	Water	Sewer	Collection	<u>Total</u>	Service
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments:					
Operating	\$ 2,268,398	\$ 8,057,471	\$ 568,456	\$ 10,894,325	\$ -
Held for capital improvements	2,449,442	6,110,417	-	8,559,859	-
Deposits	50,640	404,910	42,200	497,750	
Total cash and investments	4,768,480	14,572,798	610,656	19,951,934	-
Accounts receivable	1,197,052	2,246,160	785,468	4,228,680	
Total current assets	5,965,532	16,818,958	1,396,124	24,180,614	
Noncurrent assets:					
Deferred costs of issuance	187,078	316,298		503,376	
Capital assets:					
Structures and improvements	13,307,753	8,600,050	-	21,907,803	150 140
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	2,180,462	1,094,705	-	3,275,167	159,148
Construction in progress	3,624,727	22,543,012		26,167,739	150 140
Total capital assets	19,112,942	32,237,767	-	51,350,709	159,148
Less: accumulated depreciation	(8,970,831)	(6,805,115)		(15,775,946)	(149,247)
Net capital assets	10,142,111	25,432,652		35,574,763	9,901
Total noncurrent assets	10,329,189	25,748,950	-	36,078,139	9,901
Total assets	16,294,721	42,567,908	1,396,124	60,258,753	9,901
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:		•		. 0.50 55.1	
Accounts payable	325,178	885,292	648,291	1,858,761	-
Interest payable	63,545	47,315		110,860	-
Deposits	66,947	406,872	43,290	517,109	-
Advances from CDC	-	6,562,560	-	6,562,560	-
Unearned revenue	-	252 (12	-	469,759	<u>.</u>
Bonds payable	217,147	252,612			
Total current liabilities	672,817	8,154,651	691,581	9,519,049	-
Noncurrent liabilities:	c 000 000	12 400 004		18,518,712	_
Bonds payable	6,028,828	12,489,884		10,510,712	
Total liabilities	6,701,645	20,644,535	691,581	28,037,761	-
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of					0.003
related debt	6,469,111	12,506,996		18,976,107	9,901
Unrestricted	3,123,966	9,416,376	704,543	13,244,885	
Total net assets	\$ 9,593,077	\$ 21,923,372	\$ 704,543	\$ 32,220,992	\$ 9,901

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	~		n	3.	Governmental Activity
	Bu	siness-type Activition	Refuse	as	Internal
	Water	Sewer	Collection	Total	Service
OPERATING REVENUES:	Water	Sewer	Conection	Total	Service
Utility service charges	\$ 6,279,676	\$ 12,277,777	\$ 5,402,622	\$ 23,960,075	\$ -
Charges for services	\$ 0,277,070	Φ 12,277,777	\$ 3,102,022	ψ 23,700,075 -	484,776
Penalties and other	61,884	92,826	51,571	206,281	-
•					494 776
Total operating revenues	6,341,560	12,370,603	5,454,193	24,166,356	484,776
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Contractual services	2,056,541	49,723	5,299,193	7,405,457	-
Rent and leases	5,212	6,747,426	-	6,752,638	-
Payroll and related costs	2,213,981	1,302,618	-	3,516,599	-
Heat, light and power	185,582	62,048	-	247,630	•
Other	531,437	357,423	22,108	910,968	-
Depreciation	804,140	314,365	-	1,118,505	4,955
Repairs, operations and maintenance	249,362	89,294	-	338,656	484,776
Professional services	688,635	265,734	22,914	977,283	-
Supplies	115,998	55,619		171,617	_
Total operating expenses	6,850,888	9,244,250	5,344,215	21,439,353	489,731
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(509,328)	3,126,353	109,978	2,727,003	(4,955)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Loss on disposal of capital assets Investment income	193,715	- 265,151 (584,307)	- -	- 458,866 (857,801)	-
Interest expense	(271,404)	(586,397)		(637,801)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(77,689)	(321,246)	-	(398,935)	-
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE					
CONTRIBUTIONS AND					
TRANSFERS	(587,017)	2,805,107	109,978	2,328,068	(4,955)
Capital contributions	46,628	519,783	-	566,411	-
Transfers In	-	17,717	-	17,717	-
Transfers out	(291,007)	(245,058)	-	(536,065)	-
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(831,396)	3,097,549	109,978	2,376,131	(4,955)
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED	R, 10,424,473	18,825,823	594,565	29,844,861	14,856
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS		-			-
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR AS RESTATED	R, 10,424,473	18,825,823	594,565	29,844,861	14,856
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 9,593,077	\$ 21,923,372	\$ 704,543	\$ 32,220,992	\$ 9,901

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		R	usine	ss-type Activiti	es - I	Enterprise Fun	ds		-	vernmental Activity
			451110	35 t) po		Refuse			1	nternal
		Water		Sewer		Collection		Total		Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash receipts from customers Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	\$	6,315,556 (3,786,498) (2,213,981)	\$	12,419,758 (6,817,405) (1,302,618)	\$	5,435,615 (5,389,167)	\$	24,170,929 (15,993,070) (3,516,599)	\$	484,776 (484,776)
Net cash provided by operating activities		315,077		4,299,735		46,448		4,661,260		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers out		(291,007)		(245,058)	_	-		(536,065)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Payment on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Acquisition of capital assets Advances from CDC Contributions from developers and other agencies		(209,998) (260,110) (710,794) 46,627		(240,000) (583,341) (10,596,928) 6,562,560 519,784				(449,998) (843,451) (11,307,722) 566,411		- - -
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(1,134,275)		(4,337,925)		-		(12,034,760)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest received		193,715		265,151		-		458,866		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(916,490)		(380)		46,448		(7,432,982)		-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		5,684,970		14,573,178		564,208		20,822,356		-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	4,768,480	\$	14,572,798	\$	610,656	\$	19,951,934	\$	-
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	\$	(509,328)	\$	3,126,353	\$	109,978	\$	2,727,003	\$	(4,955)
to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation  Changes in assets and liabilities:		804,140		314,365		•		1,118,505		4,955
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in deposits		(19,850) 46,269 (6,154)		43,385 809,862 5,770		(21,784) (44,952) 3,206		1,751 811,179 2,822		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	315,077	\$	4,299,735		46,448	\$	4,661,260	\$	
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		(2.22.)	•	2.415	•		<b>a</b> r	A 750	ው	
Amortization of premiums (discounts)  Book value on disposed capital assets	\$ \$	(2,854)	\$ \$	7,612 -	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	4,758 -	\$ \$	-

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND SPECIAL ENFORCEMENT UNIT - SOUTH JUNE 30, 2008

#### **ASSETS**

Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 12,335 732
Total Assets	13,067
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	
NET ASSETS	\$ 13,067

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND SPECIAL ENFORCEMENT UNIT - SOUTH FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

ADDITIONS	
Interest and rentals	\$ 1,442
Seizures and forfeitures	30,108
	31,550
DEDUCTIONS	
Law enforcement costs	44,287
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(12,737)
NET ASSETS:	
BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	25,804
END OF YEAR	\$ 13,067

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

#### 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE REPORTING ENTITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of the Reporting Entity - The basic financial statements of the City of Rohnert Park, California (City), include the financial activities of the City (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City. The blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. The discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the primary government. The City's blended and discretely presented component units have June 30 year-ends.

Blended Component Units - The Community Development Commission of the City of Rohnert Park (Commission) was established under the provisions of the State of California Community Redevelopment Law to assist in the rehabilitation of areas determined to be in a declining condition in the City. The Commission is governed by a board consisting of all the members of the City Council.

The Rohnert Park Financing Authority (Financing Authority) is a joint powers authority, organized pursuant to a joint exercise of powers agreement (Agreement), dated as of January 1, 1999, between the City and the Commission. The Agreement was entered into pursuant to the Government Code of the State of California, commencing with Section 6500. The Financing Authority is a separate entity constituting a public instrumentality of the State of California and was formed for the public purpose of assisting in financing activities for the benefit of the City and the Commission. The Financing Authority is governed by a board consisting of all the members of the City Council.

Component unit financial statements for the Commission and the Financing Authority can be obtained from the Finance Department of the City at 130 Avram Avenue, Rohnert Park, CA 94928.

The Rohnert Park Housing Financing Authority (Housing Financing Authority) was established to assist in financing the acquisition, operation and maintenance of mobile home parks in the City in order to provide affordable housing and stimulate economic development. The City Council has the responsibility to appoint all directors of the Authority, which is governed by a board consisting of a minimum of three directors, and has the ability to remove appointed directors at will. The Authority was dissolved upon the redemption of the Authority's previously defeased 1995 Revenue Bonds, which occurred on June 30, 2007. In fiscal 2008, the remaining fund balance of \$55,464 was transferred to the City's general fund for housing programs, and is included as miscellaneous revenue in the general fund in fiscal 2008.

<u>Description of Joint Powers Participation</u> - The City participates in a joint powers activity through a formally organized and separate entity. The financial activities of the Redwood Empire Municipal Insurance Fund are not included in the basic financial statements of the City as it is administered by a board that is separate from and independent of the City.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the primary government (City) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City and between the City and its discretely presented component unit. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and inter-governmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of

a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category — *governmental*, proprietary and fiduciary — are presented. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and emerprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources traditionally associated with governments, which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.
- <u>Community Development Commission Capital Projects Fund</u> accounts for redevelopment of designated areas within the approved project area of the City.
- <u>Community Development Commission Housing Projects Fund</u> accounts for 20% of tax increment revenues, which are designated by law to increase or improve low and moderate income housing in the designated areas within the approved project area of the City.
- <u>Financing Authority Fund</u> accounts for capital items financed by certificates of participation.
- <u>City Capital Projects Fund</u> accounts for resources used for the acquisition of capital facilities, except for those capital facilities financed by enterprise funds, special assessment resources or Community Development Commission resources.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

- <u>Water Fund</u> accounts for water production to the residents of the City. The activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in the fund, including, but not limited to, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.
- <u>Sewer Fund</u> accounts for sewage disposal to the residents of the City. The activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in the fund, including, but not limited to, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.
- Refuse Collection Fund accounts for service performed by an independent contractor. The activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in the fund, including but not limited to contractual services and billing and collection services.

The City reports the following additional fund types:

- Permanent Fund (a governmental fund type) accounts for accumulation of capital donated for the City of Rohnert Park's Dorothy Rohnert Spreckels Performing Arts Center. The interest generated from the donations will be used for the operations of the Performing Arts Center while the corpus is permanently restricted.
- <u>Internal Service Fund (a proprietary fund type)</u> accounts for the activities of centralized data processing services and the related billings to other City departments and funds.
- Special Enforcement Unit South Private-purpose Trust Fund (a fiduciary fund type) accounts for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity for the benefit of law enforcement agencies in the region.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the basic financial statements. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included

on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. When both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, unrestricted resources are used only after the restricted resources are depleted.

The government-wide, proprietary and private-purpose trust fund financial statements are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets.

- <u>Government-wide financial statements</u> are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.
- Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. The City considers property taxes as available if they are levied and collected within 60 days after year-end. The availability period for all other revenues susceptible to accrual is also 60 days. Revenues considered susceptible to accrual include property taxes, sales tax, licenses, interest and rentals, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. All other revenues are recognized only when the cash receipts are collected. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except that principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences and claims are recognized when due.
- <u>Proprietary funds and the private-purpose trust fund</u> are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Water, sewer and refuse collection service revenues earned at June 30, but unbilled, are recognized.

For the business type activities in the government-wide statements and proprietary fund financial statements, the City has elected under GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as any applicable pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), the Accounting Principles Board or any Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governmental units. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance of FASB after November 30, 1989 for its business type activities in the government-wide or enterprise fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise and internal service funds are charges for customer services including: water, sewer and refuse collection, and service support charges. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

<u>Cash Equivalents</u> - For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The proprietary funds "deposits" in the City cash and investments pool are, in substance, demand deposits and are therefore considered cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u> – Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Investments in nonparticipating interestearning investment contracts (certificates of deposits and guaranteed investment contracts) are reported at cost, and all other investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is defined as the amount that the City could reasonably expect to receive for an investment in a current sale between a willing buyer and seller and is generally measured by quoted market prices.

<u>Transactions with Joint Powers</u> - Premiums paid to the Redwood Empire Municipal Insurance Fund are recorded as expenditures of the General Fund and expenses in the statement of activities. Dividends received are recorded as a reduction of expenditures/expenses.

Bond Discounts, Premiums, Issuance Costs, and Deferred Amounts on Refundings - For governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs are recognized during the period the bonds are issued. Bonds issued are reported as other financing sources including any applicable premiums. Discounts are reported as a separate financing use. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. For government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges.

Gains or losses occurring from advance refunding are deferred and amortized into expense for both business-type activities and proprietary funds. For governmental activities, they are deferred and amortized into expense if they occurred subsequent to June 30, 2001. Bonds payable are reported net of deferred amounts on refundings.

<u>Prepaid Items</u> – Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - are valued at historical cost or, for donated capital assets, at their fair market value on the date donated. Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) general capital assets consisting of certain improvement including roads, bridges, water/sewer, lighting system, drainage systems, and flood control. The City defines capital assets as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and a value of \$5,000 or more. Capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized (assets under capital leases) using the straight-line method over the lesser of the capital lease period or their estimated useful lives in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Primary Government
Infrastructure	30 years
Structures and improvements	35 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 - 35 years

<u>Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Sick Pay</u> - It is the policy of the City to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave are reported as long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets. If amounts are due and payable at fiscal year-end, they are recorded as liabilities in the governmental funds.

<u>Claims Liabilities</u> - The City has accrued for claim liabilities including estimated claims incurred but not yet reported and related allocated loss adjustment expenses.

Property Tax Levy, Collection and Maximum Rates - The State of California Constitution Article XIIIA provides that the combined maximum property tax rate on any given property may not exceed one percent of its assessed value unless an additional amount for debt or assessments has been approved by voters. Assessed value is calculated at 100% of market value as defined by Article XIIIA and may be increased no more than two percent per year unless the property is sold, transferred or improved. The State Legislature has determined the method of distribution of receipts from a one percent tax levy among the counties, cities, school districts and other districts. Sonoma County assesses properties, bills for and collects property taxes as follows:

	Secured	Unsecured
Lien dates	January 1	January 1
Levy dates	July 1	July 1
Due dates	50% on November 1 50% on February 1	July i
Delinquent after	December 10 (for November) April 10 (for February)	August 31

The term "unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than land and buildings. Secured taxes are secured by liens on the property being taxed.

Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied.

Interfund Transactions - Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans and residual balances outstanding in the fund financial statements are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (e.g., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (e.g., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Advances to other funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Fund Deficits

At June 30, 2008, there were no funds that had a deficit fund balance.

#### 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investments pool that is available for use by all funds, except the Community Development Commission and the Housing Financing Authority. In addition, cash is separately held by several of the City's funds. Cash and investments are comprised of the following amounts as shown on the financial statements:

Primary government:	
Unrestricted	\$ 34,814,968
Restricted	63,088,615
Private-purpose Trust Fund	12,335
Total cash and investments	\$ 97,915,918

#### **Deposits**

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. At June 30, 2008 the carrying value of the City's deposits and cash on hand was \$11,729,889. The City is not exposed to such risks as all deposits are insured or collateralized.

#### Investments

Investments permitted by the City's investment policy include the following:

- State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF),
- Sonoma County Investment Pool,
- Securities of the United States Government or its agencies,
- Certificates of deposits with commercial banks, savings & loan companies or credit unions,
- Negotiable certificates of deposits,
- Bankers' acceptances,
- Mutual funds invested in United States Government securities.

United States Government and agency investments are required to be of the highest rating available at the time of purchase. Certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances and savings type accounts must be fully insured or collateralized.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk relates to the possibility that an issuer/counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. The City's investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and in general avoid speculative investments. The City's investment policy includes investments permitted by the California Government Code and limits medium-term negotiable certificates of deposits, bankers' acceptances and commercial paper invests as follows:

- Medium-term corporate notes, including bank notes and deposits notes, must be issued by corporations doing business in the United States as outlined in the California Government Code. Issuers must possess an acceptable long-term senior debt rating by two of the nationally recognized rating services; i.e., Moody's Investors Services, Standard & Poor's Fitch or Duff & Phelps for maturities of five years or less, a minimum rating of "AAA" or better.
- Negotiable certificates of deposit must be issued by a federal or state chartered bank or a state saving
  association or a state licensed, domestic bank of a foreign bank. Issuers must possess an acceptable longterm senior debt rating by two of the nationally recognized rating services; i.e., Moody's Investors
  Services, Standard & Poor's Fitch or Duff & Phelps for maturities of five years or less, a minimum rating
  of "AAA" or better.
- Commercial Paper- State law limits investments in commercial paper to be of "prime" quality of the highest ranking of the highest letter and number rating as provided for by a nationally recognized statistical-rating organization (NRSRO).

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City has an investment policy of lengthening its maturities when rates are falling and shortening its maturities when rates are rising as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses and to take advantage of advantageous interest rates. The City has about 32% of its investments in maturities of less than 1 year in order to take advantage of anticipated rising interest rates.

As of June 30, 2008, the City's investments consisted of the following:

		<u>Maturities</u>						
Investment Type	 Fair Value	Les	s than 1 year_		1-3 years	Mor	e than 3 years	Credit Rating
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 4,001,250	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,001,250	AAA
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	3,986,860		-		998, 760		2,988,100	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Association	1,501,405		-		501,095		1,000,310	AAA
State Local Agency Investment Fund	20,203, 133		20, 203, 133		-		-	Not rated
Sonoma County Investment Pool	159, 511		-		159,511		-	Not rated
Guaranteed investment contracts	48,790,108		-		-		48,790,108	Not rated
Money market funds	 7,543,762		7,543,762		-			AAAm
	\$ 86,186,029	\$	27,746,895	_\$_	1,659,366	\$	56,779,768	

As of June 30, 2008, the City's investment in LAIF was \$20,203,133, which has a weighted average maturity of 212 days. The total amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF at that date is approximately \$25.2 billion. The City's proportionate share of structured notes and asset-backed securities held by the LAIF was \$2,246,588 or 11.12% of the City's investment in LAIF. The Local Investment Advisory Board (Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The Board consists of five members as designated by State Statute. The value of the pool shares in LAIF that may be withdrawn is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different from the fair value of the City's position in the pool. The City's investment in LAIF is unrated for credit risk.

As of June 30, 2008, the City's investment in the County's Pool was \$159,511, which has a weighted average maturity of 394 days. The total amount invested by the County's Pool at that date is approximately \$1.6 billion. The County's Pool is subject to regulatory oversight by the Treasury Oversight Committee. The value of the pool shares in the County Pool that may be withdrawn is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different from the fair value of the City's position in the pool. The City's investment in the County Pool is unrated for credit risk.

#### Concentration of credit risk

The City's investment policy does not place restrictions within the permitted categories of investment that may be entered into and how much may be held by individual issuers. More than 5% of the City's investments are invested in Royal Bank of Canada guaranteed investment contracts (56.6%).

#### 4. LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE, NET

In August 2003, the City entered into an amendment to a ground lease dated May 29, 2001 with Rohnert Park Golf, L.P. (Tenant), whereby the tenant leases certain property and improvements from the City. The City made a one-time advance totaling \$355,000 to the Tenant for the purpose of making improvements to the golf course, and ongoing capital contributions to the Tenant as defined in the agreement. At June 30, 2008, the outstanding balance owed to the City was \$228,205, and principal payments of the advance are paid in equal monthly installments over 10 years. Interest is earned by the City on the unpaid principal portion at a rate of 5% per annum.

The Commission extends various developer loans, first-time homebuyer loans, and rehabilitation loans to property owners for the rehabilitation and improvements of commercial buildings and residential homes, and other loans for families and individuals of low/moderate income. The Commission has a secured interest in the properties for which the loans were made. Management has established an allowance for bad debts in the amount of \$1,837,391 based on historical payment history on forgivable loans. This allowance represents 90% of the 1998 First-Time Homebuyers loans (\$555,000) and 100% of the Sonoma County Rehabilitation loans (\$696,990), both of which are forgivable, as well as 100% of the accrued interest on the two Burbank notes (\$640,900). Interest amounting to \$245,528 on these receivables is reported as deferred revenue in the fund financial statements. Additionally, the Commission has established an allowance of \$366,600 related to accrued interest on certain of the loans. Interest amounting to \$245,528 on the Commission's loans and notes receivable is reported as deferred revenue in the fund financial statements.

On April 1, 2001, the Commission entered into an agreement with Millennium Housing of California ("Millennium") to aid in Millennium's purchase of a mobile home park from the Rohnert Park Finance Authority. The Commission loaned Millennium \$250,000 for costs associated with the sale. The loan accrues simple interest at 3% per annum, with no payments due until April 14, 2016. Beginning April 2016, total unpaid principal and interest are to be paid in thirty equal annual installments.

On September 13, 2005, the Commission entered into an Affordable Housing and Loan Agreement with Burbank Housing to develop a 56-unit affordable housing project on a City-owned City Hall Drive site. The Commission purchased the site from the City and assisted Burbank with the financing and pre-development costs. Burbank purchased the land from the Commission for \$1,335,000 (the amount paid by the Commission to the City for the property). The term of the loan agreement is a non-recourse loan in the amount of \$4,015,000, which will accrue interest at the rate of 2% per annum and is deferred for 55 years. Principal and accrued interest totaling \$4,222,293 related to this loan is included in loans and notes receivable on the accompanying financial statements.

On May 23, 2006, the Commission entered into an Affordable Housing and Loan Agreement with Vida Nueva Partners for the development of the Vida Nueva Affordable Housing Project, which includes twenty-four (24) very-low income permanent supportive housing units (carrying 55-year affordability restrictions), a community building, laundry facilities, a management office and activity and counseling rooms. The Commission purchased the site from the City at the appraised value of \$1,630,000 to be financed over a three-year period beginning in fiscal 2006-07. The City's basis in the land was \$390,000. The loan agreement provided for the Commission to loan \$1,675,000 to Vida Nueva Partners at an accrued interest rate of 1% per annum, with the principal and accrued interest deferred for 55 years. Principal and accrued interest totaling \$1,687,485 related to this loan is included in loans and notes receivable on the accompanying financial statements. Vida Nueva Partners purchased the site from the Commission for \$810,000 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

In December 2007, the Commission loaned \$500,000, with interest accruing at 3% simple interest per annum, to the Sonoma Mountain Business Cluster (Incubator) to pay a portion of the cost for tenant improvements at the former Agilent site. The loan terms call for continued operation of the incubator, increased occupancy and eventually job creation. The loan provides that as long as the improvements are made as specified in the agreement and continues to operate the Incubator, and is not in default of any terms of the loan, the loan and accrued interest will be forgiven ten years from the date business incubator is open for business. As of June 30, 2008, the Incubator was not in default of any terms of the loan. The Commission has recorded an allowance against the full amount of the loan as of June 30, 2008.

On December 12, 2007, the Commission executed a loan agreement to Rainbow-Copeland Creek LLC for improvements to Copeland Creek Apartments (an all senior affordable housing complex) for \$1.2 million. The funds were primarily used for energy efficient improvements at the complex. The loan accrues interest at a rate of 1% per annum, with the principal and accrued interest deferred for 55 years, as defined in the agreement.

#### 5. DEFERRED REVENUE

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period (unavailable). Governmental and enterprise funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned (unearned).

At June 30, 2008, the unavailable and unearned revenues reported were as follows:

	Unavailable		<u>Unearned</u>		 Total
Governmental activities:					
Major funds:					
General Fund:					
Due from governmental agencies	\$	136,986	\$	-	\$ 136, 986
Courseco loan receivable		228,205		-	228, 205
Parks and recreation and other advances		-		287,796	287, 796
Community Development Commission -					
Housing Projects Fund:					
Housing loans		245,528			 245, 528
Total governmental activities	\$	610,719	\$	287,796	\$ 898, 515

#### 6. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables/Payables - The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2008 was as follows:

Fund reporting receivable	Fund reporting payable	Amount	
Due to/from other funds:			
General Fund	City Capital Projects Fund	\$	680,912
	CDC Capital Projects Fund		38, 599
	CDC Housing Projects Fund		16, 118
	FIGR Fund		378,471
CDC Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		513, 177
CDC Housing Projects Fund	CDC Capital Projects Fund		4, 791
City Capital Projects Fund	RPFA Capital Projects Fund		1,697,085
	CDC Capital Projects Fund		17,817
		\$	3,346,970
Advances to/from other funds:			
General Fund	CDC Capital Projects Fund	\$	2,304,000
	CDC Housing Projects Fund		543,333
CDC Capital Projects Fund	Sewer Enterprise Fund		6,562,560
		\$	9,409,893

The General Fund loaned \$4,200,000 to the Community Development Commission Capital Projects Fund to construct the Rohnert Park Performing Arts Center. The loan bears interest at a rate of 9 percent per annum. At June 30, 2008, the outstanding balance remaining on this loan is \$2,304,000. The General Fund sold to the Community Development Commission Housing Projects Fund land for \$1,630,000 during the year, which the Community Development Commission Housing Projects Fund is repaying in equal installments over three years. The second installment of \$543,333 was paid during the year leaving a balance of \$543,333 at June 30, 2008.

The General Fund funded certain City capital projects for a total of \$680,912 and will be reimbursed as payments are received.

The City entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with the Federated Indians of the Graton (FIGR). Included in the agreement was funding for the Public Safety Special Enforcement Unit, for which FIGR reimburses the City. The Tribe paid the City \$328,471 in December 2008, and the balance is expected to be repaid by the end of fiscal 2009.

The Community Development Commission Capital Projects Fund purchased the Hazel Wetland Preserve for \$288,500, which is to be reimbursed by the General Fund upon the sale of stadium lands. In addition, the General Fund recorded deposits during fiscal year 2008 totaling \$224,677 which were meant for the Commission. The amounts were transferred back to the Commission in fiscal year 2009.

The City Capital Projects Fund advanced the costs for construction of the new City Hall. A claim for reimbursement from the 1999 Certificates of Participation proceeds in the amount of \$1,697,085 was filed at the end of fiscal year 2008 and paid shortly after.

On May 22, 2007 (amended August 26, 2008), the Commission entered into a reimbursement agreement with the City whereby the Commission would fund 88% of the project cost of the Eastside Sewer Main Phase 1 Improvement, which is the portion of the project that lies within the project area, in advance of the City receiving the money through public facilities finance fees. The Commission is funding this project from the 2007R Tax Allocation Bond proceeds, and pursuant to the terms of the reimbursement agreement, the maximum amount to be funded by the Commission is \$12,144,000. As of June 30, 2008, the Commission had advanced \$6,562,560 to the Sewer Fund for this project.

Interfund Transfers - The composition of interfund transfers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

Fund Reporting Transfer In	Fund Reporting Transfer Out	Amount				
General Fund	CDC Capital Projects Fund	\$ 126,127 d				
General Fund	CDC Housing Projects Fund	78,543 a				
	Nonmajor governmental funds	1,605,303 c				
	Water Enterprise Fund (1)	14,374 d				
	Sewer Enterprise Fund (1)	9,582 d				
	Water Enterprise Fund (1)	131,597 g				
	Sewer Enterprise Fund (1)	169,205 g				
	Water Enterprise Fund (1)	145,037 f				
	Sewer Enterprise Fund (1)	66,270 f				
		2,346,038				
CDC Capital Projects Fund	City Capital Projects Fund	1,688 h				
ege capital Projects Pana	CDC Housing Projects Fund	3,148,145 b				
	<u></u>	3,149,833				
CDC Housing Projects Fund	CDC Capital Projects Fund	3,244,133 g				
Financing Authority Fund	General Fund	511,618 d				
1 manoning reasons, 1 and	CDC Capital Projects Fund	329,826 d				
	,	841,444				
City Capital Projects fund	General Fund	301,645 b				
City Cupital 1.0 years turns	Financing Authority Fund	3,245,569 b				
	Nonmajor governmental funds	3,107,207_ b				
	<i>y y y y y y y y y y</i>	6,654,421				
Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund	329,386 d				
Troninajor Borominoma ramae	CDC Capital Projects Fund	3,548,156 d				
	CDC Housing Projects Fund	1,785,058 d				
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	5,662,600				
Sewer Enterprise Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	17,717 i				
Total		\$ 21,916,186				

<sup>(1)</sup> Net amount reported as transfers between governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide statement of activities, and the remaining transfers are eliminated.

The purpose for the interfund transfers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 are as follows:

- a) These transfers were to reimburse the General Fund for 85% of the salary and benefits of the Housing Manager and to reimburse the General Fund for the City Council's attendance at the CDC board meetings.
- b) These transfers represent reimbursement of capital project costs.
- c) This transfer is to repay the General Fund for programs funded through other sources.
- d) These transfers are made for the payment of debt service.
- e) The General Fund transferred interest earnings to the proprietary funds during the year.
- f) This transfer was made to reimburse the General Fund for the Enterprise Fund's share of retiree medical costs.
- g) This transfer represent 20% of the tax increment earned for the year ended June 30, 2008, which is required to be set aside in a separate fund to provide adequate housing for families and individuals with low or moderate income (\$2,477,091). The CDC Capital Projects Fund also reimbursed the Housing Fund for \$500,000 for the Sonoma Mountain Village Business Cluster Loan, which should have been funded by the Projects Fund. The CDC Capital Projects Fund also provided the cash shortfall in the Housing Fund (\$267,042).
- h) This transfer was made to reimburse the CDC Capital Projects Fund for the Martin Avenue Storm Drain project, which was originally set up as a City project.
- i) This transfer was to fund the Eastside Trunk Sewer Project-Phase II from the Public Facilities Finance Fee.

#### 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

Capital asset activity for the fisc	Balance June 30, 2007 (Restated)	Additions Retirements		Transfers	Balance June 30, 2008	
Governmental activities  Capital assets, not being depreciated; Land  Construction in progress	,	\$ 6,006,119 7,073,132	\$ (390,000)	\$ - (3,904,758)	\$ 8,564,276 15,146,229	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	14,926,012	13,079,251	(390,000)	(3,904,758)	23,710,505	
Capital assets, being depreciated Infrastructure, structures and improvements Equipment	106,790,482 13,884,710	601,093 259,792	(528,977)	3,928,024 (23,266)	111,319,599 13,592,259	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	120,675,192	860,886	(528,977)	3,904,758	124,911,858	
Less accumulated deprecation for: Infrastructure, structures and improvements Equipment	(52,911,604) (9,656,993)	(4,046,359) (1,315,320)	- 495,535	(11,775)	(56,969,738) (10,476,778)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(62,568,597)	(5,361,679)	495,535	(11,775)	(67,446,516)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	58,106,595	(4,500,793)	(33,443)	3,892,983	57,465,342	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 73,032,607	\$ 8,578,458	\$ (423,443)	\$ (11,775)	\$ 81,175,847	
Business-type activities  Capital assets, not being depreciated						
Construction in progress	\$ 15,302,990	\$ 11,061,795	\$ -	\$ (197,046)	\$ 26,167,739	
Capital assets, being depreciated Structures and improvements Equipment	21,710,757 3,029,239	245,928	-	197,046	21,907,803 3,275,167	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	24,739,996	245,928		197,046	25,182,970	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Structures and improvements Equipment	(13,357,000) (1,300,440)	(869,748) (248,758)	<u>-</u>	- -	(14,226,748) (1,549,198)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(14,657,440)	(1,118,506)	-	•	(15,775,946)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	10,082,556	(872,578)	-	197,046	9,407,024	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 25,385,546	\$ 10,189,217	\$	\$ -	\$ 35,574,763	

The governmental activities net capital assets as of June 30, 2007 were restated to decrease prior accumulated depreciation by \$12,950,145 (see Note 17).

Construction in progress for governmental activities at June 30, 2008 is comprised of the following:

	Project Authorization			xpended to ne 30, 2008	Project Funds Unexpended	
City Projects:	\$	6,788,000	\$	6,028,118	\$	759,882
City Hall Project Citywide pavement maintenance	Þ	2,291,201	Ð	2,328,321	Ψ	(37, 120)
Water Supply Assessment Project		N/A		1,247,121		N/A
Citywide Bike Path Projects		N/A		169,295		N/A
University District Specific Plan		N/A		433,678		N/A
Various other projects		341,607		2,662,464		(2,320,857)
Community Development Commission Projects:						
Stadium Lands Salvage Project		365,000		203,357		161,643
BARC Roof Replacement		635,000		626,761		8,239
West-side Public Safety Facility		13,113,320		57,572		13,055,748
Various other projects		2,599,750		1,389,542		1,210,208
Total	<u>\$</u>	26, 133, 877	<u>\$</u>	15,146,229	_\$_	12,837,743

During the year, the City completed governmental activities projects totaling \$3,904,758 that were transferred from construction in progress to improvements.

Construction in progress for business-type activities at June 30, 2008 is comprised of the following:

	Project Authorization			expended to the same 30, 2008	Project Funds Unexpended	
Commercial Water Meter Retrofit Project Parallel Sewer Interceptor Project Eastside Sewer Project Various other projects	\$	2,711,224 12,260,000 6,558,600 19,855,000	\$	2,711,224 10,217,777 11,803,475 1,435,262	\$	2,042,223 (5,244,875) 18,419,738
Total		41,384,824	_\$_	26,167,739	\$	15,217,085

During the year, the City completed business-type activities projects totaling \$197,046 that were transferred from construction in progress to structures and improvements.

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government Public safety Public works Parks and recreation Depreciation on capital assets held by the City's internal service fund is charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets.  Total depreciation expense – governmental functions  Depreciation expense was charged to the business-type functions as follows:	\$ 115,828 1,344,330 2,165,406 1,731,160 4,955 \$ 5,361,679
Water Sewer Total depreciation expense – business-type functions	\$ 804,140 314,366 \$ 1,118,506

#### 8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The City's long-term debt payable at June 30, 2008 follows:

	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Annual Principal Installments	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding at June 30, 2008
Governmental Activities					
(a) Special Assessment Debt with  Governmental Commitment:					
2001 Consolidated Reassessment	2009	2.90-4.45%	\$165,000-330,000	\$ 1,825,000	\$ -
(b) 1991 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds:	2007		, ,	, ,	
Redevelopment Project (includes accreted interest)	2021	5.90-6.80%	150,551-965,000	13,099,895	1,945,245
(b) 1999 Tax Allocation Bonds:	2021	3.90 0.0070	100,001 700,000	,,	,,
Redevelopment Project (includes accreted interest)	2036	3.60-5.30%	154,386-553,597	11,936,651	13,927,512
(c) 1999 Certificates of Participation:	2020	2,777 2,1-1,1	,,	, ,	
Capital Facilities Project	2025	3.60-5,00%	120,000-330,000	5,055,000	3,960,000
(c) 2003 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds:					
Master Equipment Lease Project and Public Safety Facility	2025	2.50-4.80%	240,000-470,000	6,950,000	6,020,000
(c) 2001 Tax Allocation Bonds:					
Redevelopment Project	2021	3.50-5.25%	55,000-810,000	8,200,000	6,865,000
(b) 2007 Tax Allocation Bonds:					
Redevelopment Project	2038	3.60 - 5.00%	290,000 - 3,465,000	34,680,000	33,470,000
Housing	2038	3.50 - 5.00%	25,000 - 1,790,000	26,760,000	26,045,000
(e) Capital leases	2020	Various	Various	Various	1,538,698
Total Governmental Activities					93,771,455
Business-Type Activities					
(f) 2002 Water Revenue Bonds	2023	2.00-4.50%	80,000-145,000	2,090,000	1,675,000
(d) 2005 Sewer System Revenue Certificates					
of Participation					
Capital Facilities Project	2036	3.00-5.00%	230,000-775,000	13,000,000	12,530,000
(f) 2005 Water Revenue Bonds	2030	2.50-4.50%	120,000-305,000	5,000,000	4,630,000
Total Business-Type Activities					18,835,000
Total governmental and business-type activities - bonds, certificates of	participation,				
capital leases, and accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds					\$ 112,606,455

Debt service payments, as listed in the table above, are generally made from the following sources:

- (a) Special assessment collections recorded in the Special Assessments Debt Service Fund. The City is "obligated in some manner" (as defined by GASB No. 6) for special assessment debt because it must cover delinquencies of special assessments bonds in excess of debt service reserves with other resources until foreclosure proceeds are received or because it has indicated that it may do so.
- (b) Property tax increment allocated to the Community Development Commission Capital Projects Fund.
- (c) Lease revenues from the General Fund, as provided for by an agreement between the Financing Authority and the City.
- (d) 75% Utility billing from the Sewer Department and 25% from new development.
- (e) General revenues of the City.
- (f) Utility billing from the Water department.

#### Governmental Activities:

1991 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

On May 1, 1991, the CDC issued Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$13,099,895 ("Series 1991 Bonds"). The bonds were issued for the purpose of advance refunding all of the outstanding \$11,765,000 principal amount of the 1988 Rohnert Park Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, to fund a reserve account and to pay the costs of issuance of the 1991 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds. The 1991 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds are limited obligations of the CDC payable from and secured by tax revenues to be derived from the Rohnert Park Redevelopment Project and from interest earnings on the funds and accounts on deposit with the Trustee. The pledge of future revenues ends upon final payment scheduled to occur in 2021.

#### 1999 Tax Allocation Bonds

On January 15, 1999, the CDC issued Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 ("1999 TABs") in the amount of \$11,936,651. The 1999 TABs were issued for the purpose of funding certain capital improvements, to fund a reserve fund and to pay the costs of issuing the Series 1999 Bonds. The 1991 TABs are limited obligations of the CDC payable from and secured by tax revenues to be derived from the project area. The pledge of future revenues ends upon final payment scheduled to occur in 2036.

1999 Certificates of Participation

On January 15, 1999, the Financing Authority issued the 1999 Certificates of Participation ("1999 COPs") in the amount of \$5,055,000. The 1999 COPs were issued to provide funding for the acquisition by the Financing Authority of the site and improvements for the community center complex.

2003 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds

On July 1, 2003 the Financing Authority issued the Rohnert Park Financing Authority Lease, Series 2003 ("2003 LRBs") to refinance the Refunding Certificates of Participation (Rohnert Park Public Safety Facility Project-the Series 1994 Certificates) outstanding principal amount of \$5,780,000 and the Certificates of Participation (Master Equipment Lease Program- Series 1999 Certificates) outstanding principal balance of \$785,000, and to provide for deposit of a surety bond in a reserve fund and to pay certain costs of issuance. The 2003 LRBs are payable from and secured by base rental payments to be made by the City under the lease between the City and the Financing Authority for the lease of the Department of Public Safety Main Station., which houses the City's Department of Safety which provides police and fire services in the City. The pledge of future revenues ends upon final payment scheduled to occur in 2025. In fiscal 2008, revenues pledged totaled \$493,431 and the required debt service was \$491,369.

#### 2001 Tax Allocation Bonds

On September 25, 2001, the CDC issued the Rohnert Park Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2001 ("2001 TABs") for the purpose of refunding a portion of the CDC's outstanding Series 1991 Bonds, funding certain capital improvements, funding a reserve fund and paying the issuance costs. The 2001 TABs are limited obligation bonds of the CDC payable from and secured by a portion of tax increment revenues. The pledge of future revenues ends upon final payment scheduled to occur in 2021.

#### 2007 Tax Allocation Bonds

On March 28, 2007 the CDC issued the Rohnert Park Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2007R ("2007 Redevelopment Project Bonds") in the amount of \$34,680,000, and the Rohnert Park Redevelopment Project Housing Tax Allocation Bonds ("2007 Housing Bonds") in the amount of \$26,760,000, for the purpose of financing certain public improvements, including certain housing projects, purchasing municipal bond debt service reserve fund policies in order to satisfy the reserve requirements for the respective reserve accounts, and paying the costs of issuing the bonds. The 2007 Redevelopment Project Bonds are special obligations of the CDC payable from and secured by tax revenues. The pledge of future revenues ends upon final payment scheduled to occur in 2038 for both of the 2007 Tax Allocation Bonds

In fiscal year 2008, pledged revenues for the Series 1991 Bonds, 1999 TABs, 2001 TABs, and 2007 Redevelopment Project Bonds totaled \$10,890,033, and required debt service was \$3,811,909, as follows: 1991 Bonds - \$585,000; 1999 TABs - \$387,810; 2001 TABs - \$381,230; and 2007 Redevelopment Project Bonds - \$2,457,869. The 2007 Housing Bonds are special obligations of the CDC and payable from and secured by the housing set-aside amount. Revenues pledged in fiscal year 2008 for the 2007 Housing Bonds were \$2,477,091, and the required debt service was \$1,609,067.

#### **Business-Type Activities:**

#### 2005 Sewer System Revenue Certificates of Participation

On May 27, 2005, the City issued Sewer System Revenue Certificates of Participation, Series 2005 (Certificates) in the amount of \$13,000,000. Proceeds of the Certificates are being used for a) financing certain improvements, betterments, renovations and expansions of facilities within the Sewer System of the City b) paying capitalized interest with respect to the Certificates to June 1, 2006, c) providing for the deposit of a reserve fund surety bond and d) paying costs of delivery of the Certificates. The Certificates will mature in the year 2036 and carry interest rates ranging from 3.00% - 5.00%. The City has pledged future sewer services charges, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the debt. In fiscal 2008, net revenues available for debt service totaled \$3,440,718, and debt service was \$815,729.

#### 2002 and 2005 California Statewide Communities Development Authority Water Revenue Bonds

In October 2002, the City became a program participant in the California Statewide Communities Development Authority Water and Wastewater Pooled Financing Program (Program). As a participant in the Program, the City was able to issue California Statewide Communities Development Authority (Authority) Water Revenue Bonds. The 2002 Water Revenue Bonds were authorized and issued by the California Statewide Communities Development Authority on behalf of the City in the amount of \$2,090,000. The proceeds are to be used for water improvement projects. System net revenues, as defined in the agreement, are irrevocably pledged for the debt service payments until maturity.

On May 1, 2005, the City issued Series 2005A (Bonds) in the amount of \$5,000,000 under the program. Proceeds of the Bonds were used to finance the acquisition and construction of water and wastewater public capital improvements. The Bonds will mature in 2030 and carry interest rates form 2.5% to 4.5%. The City entered into an Installment Purchase Agreement with the Authority that provides that all system net revenues are pledged to the payment of the installment payments until maturity.

In fiscal 2008, system net revenues available to fund the 2002 and 2005 Water Revenue Bonds totaled \$294,812 and debt service was \$466,949.

The following is a summary of changes to long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2008:

	<u>J</u>	Balance uly 1, 2007	-	Additions/ Accretions	R	etirements	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2008		nount due ithin One Year
Governmental activities:										
Special assessment bonds	\$	190,000	\$	-	\$	190,000	\$	-	\$	-
Certificates of participation		4, 115,000		-		155,000		3,960,000		160,000
Lease revenue refunding bonds		6,255,000		-		235,000		6,020,000		240,000
Tax allocation bonds		78,692,664		-		2,528,415		76,164,249		928,993
Capital leases		1,777,736		-		239,038		1,538,698		227,989
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds		5, 658, 909		816,184		386, 585		6,088,508		396,007
Total long-term debt		96,689,309		816,184		3,734,038		93,771,455		1,952,989
Original issue premium		1,407,227		-		52, 318		1,354,909		52,318
Original issue discount		(412,765)		-		(14, 279)		(398,486)		(14,279)
Deferred amount on refunding		(280,438)		-		(60, 153)		(220,285)		(49,576)
Compensated absences		1,354,696		865,894		815, 178		1,405,412		508,444
Total governmental activities	\$	98,758,029	\$	1,682,078	\$	4,527, 102	\$	95,913,005	\$	2,449,896
Business-type activities:			•		•	210.000	æ	6,305,000	\$	220,000
Water revenue bonds	\$	6,515,000	\$	-	\$	210,000	\$	12,530,000	J	245,000
Sewer revenue certificates of participation		12,770,000		-		240,000				7,612
Original issue premium		220,108		-		7,612		212,496		(2,853)
Original issue discount		(61,881)				(2, 853)		(59,028)		(2,833)
Total business-type activities	\$	19,443,227	\$	-	\$	454,759	\$	18,988,468	\$	469,759

For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Future debt service requirements (principal and interest) for governmental activities are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Certificates of	Participation	Lease Revenue Bonds		Tax Allocation Bonds			
Ending							Accreted	
June 30:	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Interest	
2009	\$ 160,000	\$ 186,120	\$ 240,000	\$ 250,431	\$ 928,993	\$ 3,037,245	\$ 396,007	
2010	165,000	179,538	245,000	243,756	1,057,092	3,004,455	407, 908	
2011	175,000	172,480	255,000	236,129	1,045,355	2,973,953	579,645	
2012	180,000	164,935	265,000	227,704	1,041,810	2,947,940	603, 190	
2013	190,000	156,885	270,000	218,373	1,988,453	2,900,860	186, 547	
2014 - 2018	1,075,000	641,408	1,520,000	924,933	11,831,848	13,211,302	1,103,152	
2019 - 2023	1,370,000	338,750	1,875,000	551,356	12,532,763	10,622,007	4,242,237	
2024 - 2028	645,000	32,625	1,350,000	98,092	12,383,292	8,482,666	6,536,708	
2029 - 2033	, -	· <u>-</u>	-	-	14,435,758	5, 836,687	7,059,242	
2034 - 2038	_				18,918,885	2,362,078	4,441,115	
Total	\$ 3,960,000	\$ 1,872,741	\$ 6,020,000	\$ 2,750,774	\$ 76,164,249	\$ 55,379,193	\$ 25,555,751	

Future debt service requirements (principal and interest) for business-type activities are as follows:

Fiscal Year ending	Water R	evenue Bonds	Sewer Revenue Certificates of Participation					
June 30:	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest				
2009	\$ 220,000	\$ 251,196	\$ 245,000	\$ 567,779				
2010	225,000	245,016	255,000	559,604				
2011	230,000	238, 284	265,000	551,129				
2012	240,000	230,918	275,000	542,074				
2013	245,000	222, 951	280,000	532,386				
2014 - 2018	1,370,000	971,111	1,580,000	2,496,890				
2018 - 2023	1,665,000	659,601	1,930,000	2, 153, 263				
2024 - 2028	1,230,000	339,978	2,415,000	1,655,625				
2029 - 2033	880,000	60,526	3,065,000	1,006,000				
2034 - 2037		<u> </u>	2,220,000	220,374				
Total	\$ 6,305,000	\$ 3,219,581	\$ 12,530,000	\$ 10,285,124				

#### Legal Debt Limit

As of June 30, 2008, the City's legal debt limit (15% of valuation subject to taxation) was \$611,773,290. Currently, the City has no debt subject to the debt limit.

#### Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of all tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years. During the current year, Municipal Finance Corporation performed calculations of excess investment earnings on various bonds and financings and at June 30, 2008, the City has no liability.

#### Conduit Debt

The City has issued a Multifamily Housing Revenue Bond and four Mobile Home Park Revenue Bonds to provide funds to builders for the construction of a multifamily housing project and two mobile home park projects. The bonds are payable solely from the revenue collected by the builders of the projects. The City is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the indebtedness. Accordingly, the liabilities are not reported in the City's basic financial statements.

The aggregate principal amount payable for the five series of bonds as of June 30, 2008 are as follows:

Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds 1995 Series A (Crossbrooks Apartments)	\$ 8,715,000
Mobile Home Park Revenue Bonds 2001 Series A (Las Casitas De Sonoma)	4,515,000
Mobile Home Park Revenue Bonds 2001 Series B (Las Casitas De Sonoma)	456,644
Mobile Home Park Revenue Bonds Series 2003A (Rancho Feliz MHP)	12,595,000
Mobile Home Park Revenue Bonds Series 2003B (Rancho Feliz MHP)	3,390,000

#### Capital Leases

The City has entered into long-term capital lease agreements with various financing agencies to lease public safety patrol and fire protection vehicles and other equipment. The following is a summary of future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2008:

Fiscal Year ending			
June 30:	I	Principal	 nterest
2009	\$	227, 989	\$ 59,838
2010		191, 205	51,392
2011		164, 625	44,552
2012		136, 727	39,060
2013		106,079	33,831
2014-18		430, 173	114,154
2019-22		281,900	 16,487
Total	\$	1,538,698	\$ 359,314

Payment for capital lease obligations are made from various revenue sources recorded in the General Fund and transferred to the General Debt Service Fund. At June 30, 2008, equipment under the capital leases of \$3,527,991 is included in the statement of net assets.

#### 9. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u> — All permanent employees are eligible to participate in the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (the Fund) of the State of California's Public Employees Retirement System (CALPERS). The Fund is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for various local and state governmental agencies within the State of California. However, the Fund is pooled for the City's safety employees, therefore the safety plan is considered a cost-sharing plan from the City's perspective. The Fund provides retirement, disability, and death benefits based on the employee's years of service, age and final compensation. Employees vest after five years of service and may receive retirement benefits at age fifty. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute and City ordinance. Copies of the Fund's annual financial report may be obtained from CALPERS' executive office: 400 P. Street, Sacramento, CA 95814. A separate report for the City's plan within the Fund is not available.

Funding Policy – The City pays the employee contribution for both safety and miscellaneous employees, which are 9% and 8% of their annual covered salary to the Fund, respectively. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the Fund's Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rates for fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 were 34.332% for safety employees and 16.677% for miscellaneous employees of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute and the employer contribution rate is established and may be amended by CalPERS.

Annual Pension Cost — The City's annual pension cost for the Fund was equal to the City's required and actual contributions, which was determined as part of the June 30, 2005 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases from 3.25% to 14.45% depending on age, service and type of employment. Both (a) and (b) include an inflation component of 3%. Initial unfunded liabilities are amortized over a closed period that depends on the plan's date of entry into CalPERS. Subsequent plan amendments are amortized as a level percentage of pay over a closed 20-year period. Gains and losses that occur in the operation of the plan are amortized over a 30-year rolling period, which results in an amortization of about 6% of unamortized gains and losses each year. The actuarial value of City's assets was determined using a 15 year smoothed market technique.

#### Schedule of Employer Contributions Safety Plan (Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan) (dollar amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended	Required Contributions		Percentage Contributed
6/30/06	\$	1,608	100%
6/30/07		1,581	100
6/30/08		2,705	100

#### Schedule of Employer Contributions Miscellaneous Plan (Agent Multiple-Employer Plan) (dollar amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended	 Pension (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
6/30/06	\$ 713	100%	-
6/30/07	871	100	-
6/30/08	1,488	100	-

The PERS schedule of funding progress following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information.

#### 10. POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

In addition to providing pension benefits, the City provides certain health care benefits for retired employees. The City's memorandum of understanding with its employees establishes the provisions for these post-employment health care benefits. Substantially all of the City's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they work for the City at least fifteen years and they reach normal retirement age while working for the City. These benefits are not available unless the retired employee is also receiving benefits from CalPERS. The cost of retiree health care and life insurance benefits are recognized as expenditures as claims are paid. For 2008, these costs totaled \$988,606. At June 30, 2008, ninety-nine participants were eligible to receive these benefits.

An actuarial valuation of the post-retirement benefit program was performed in 1999. The study determined that the actuarial accrued liability as of June 30, 1999 was \$8,968,000. Based on the tremendous rise in health plan premiums, an increasing retiree base and lower interest rates, the City Council commissioned an update of the study. The results were dramatic, with the unfunded actuarial accrued liability rising to \$38.5 million as of July 1, 2003. Another study was performed July 1, 2005, due to continuous increases in health plan premiums. This study showed the unfunded actuarial accrued liability jumping to \$52.3 million. The study indicates that the new annual contribution required to fund the reserve over a thirty-year period is \$4.6 million per year. The actuarial assumptions used were: 1) an interest rate of 4.5%, 2) an inflation rate of 3.5%, 3) a medical increase trend rate starting at 12.5% and decreasing gradually to an ultimate rate of 5.75%, and 4) demographic assumptions utilized by CalPERS, modified to reflect anticipated increased life expectancy and Rohnert Park's lower turnover rates. Management and the City Council will be developing a plan over future years to pay for this unfunded liability.

In 2007 the City negotiated new labor contacts to reduce the retiree medical benefit for health. As a result of the benefit reduction, and assuming a higher investment return rate for trust funds, the unfunded liability went down to \$27.6 million. The City will create a trust fund and if funds are available, intends to set aside at least \$3 million from the retiree medical reserve into this fund during the next fiscal year.

The City has designated a portion of General Fund's fund balance for future retiree health care benefits in the event that claims cannot be paid from future operations. At June 30, 2008, the General Fund designated fund balance for retired employee medical insurance was \$3,178,807.

#### 11. FUND BALANCE / NET ASSETS

Fund Balance - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance reserves for amounts that are not appropriable for expenditure or legally or contractually segregated for a specific future use. Fund balance designations result from City management or City Council action. Such designations are at the discretion of management or Council and may be changed by future management or Council action.

Portions of unreserved fund balance may be designated to indicate tentative plans for financial resource utilization in a future period, such as for general contingencies or capital projects. Such plans or intent are subject to change, have not been legally authorized and may not result in expenditures. As of June 30, 2008, unreserved, designated fund balances were as follows:

Fund balance designations for:	
General Fund:	
Contingencies	\$ 4,622,113
Self-insurance	838,726
Infrastructure	282,384
Recreational facilities	52,214
Retired employee medical insurance	3,178,807
Housing programs	511,862
Retirement costs/miscellaneous	350,000
Equipment replacement	957,078
Donations	 228,206
Total General Fund	\$ 11,021,390
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Capital projects	\$ 95,021

In government-wide statements equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net assets consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by: 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net assets all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

#### 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City reports all of its risk management activities in its General Fund. The City participates in the Redwood Empire Municipal Insurance Fund (REMIF), a joint powers agency (risk-sharing pool) established in May 1976 to provide an independently managed self-insurance program for member cities. The purpose of REMIF is to spread the adverse effect of losses among the member agencies and to purchase excess insurance as a group, thereby reducing its costs.

The City's deductibles and maximum coverage follows:

Coverage:	De	ductible	 REMIF	 Excess Coverage
General liability	\$	5,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 39,500,000
Workers' compensation		5,000	1,000,000	Statutory
Property damage		5,000	25,000	300,000,000
Automobile liability		5,000	10,000	39,500,000
Earthquake and flood		100,000	-	40,000,000
Fidelity		5,000	25,000	2,000,000

The City contributes its pro-rata share of anticipated losses to a pool administered by REMIF. Should actual losses among participants be greater than the anticipated losses, the City will be assessed its pro-rata share of that deficiency. Conversely, if the actual losses are less than anticipated, the City will be refunded its pro-rata share of

the excess. The City paid insurance premiums and deductibles of \$1,238,373 and received REMIF refunds of \$181,255 during the year ended June 30, 2008. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial excess liability coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported for self-insured deductibles when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). At June 30, 2008 the amount of these IBNR liabilities was \$17,600. This liability is the City's best estimate based on available information.

Changes in the reported liability resulted from the following:

Liability at June 30, 2006	\$ 203,706
Current year claim deductibles and changes in estimates	115,852
Net payments	 (210,986)
Liability at June 30, 2007 (reported in accrued liabilities)	108,572
Current year claim deductibles and changes in estimates	93,548
Net payments	(124,460)
Liability at June 30, 2008 (reported in accrued liabilities)	\$ 77,660

At June 30, 2008, management designated \$838,726 of fund balance in the General Fund for future claims liabilities.

#### 13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City is a defendant in several lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City Attorney and City Management, potential claims against the City resulting from such litigation, not covered by insurance, would not materially effect the basic financial statements of the City.

The City participates in several Federal and State grant programs. These programs have been audited by the City's independent auditors when required, in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act and the applicable State requirements. No cost disallowances were proposed as a result of these audits; however, these programs are still subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The Commission purchased the properties located at 6230 State Farm Drive and an adjacent property located at 415 City Center Drive for a total cost of \$1.7 million in November and December 2007, which are included in construction in progress at June 30, 2008. Both of these acquisitions were funded through the 2007R tax allocation bond proceeds. The Commission intends to acquire one more parcel adjacent to these sites, which is currently owned by the City for an estimated value of \$3 million. The Commission intends to solicit interest from developers to construct a mixed-use project on these sites (2.96 acres).

The Commission received \$1,150,000 of MTC TLC funds in the fiscal year 2005-06 for the development of the City Center Plaza and Pedestrian Improvements. The Commission set aside \$600,000 in its 2006-07 budget as matching funds towards this project. Numerous community workshops were held to receive public input on the design. The design has been approved by the Planning Commission and the City Council. Construction commenced in late calendar 2008 and is anticipated to be completed in the summer of 2009.

The Commission received an award of \$600,000 on June 29, 2007 from the State of California Department of Housing and Community Development for the purpose of operating an Owner-Occupied Rehabilitation loan program. All program documents have been approved and the Commission has submitted a draw request. The Commission expects to receive the funds from this first draw request in early calendar 2009. A receivable has not been recorded on the accompanying financial statements for the draw request. The funds will be recorded as revenue upon receipt.

The Commission amended its Redevelopment Plan at a public hearing on May 22, 2007. The plan amendment programmed redevelopment and housing projects from the \$34,680,000 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2007R and \$26,760,000 Housing Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2007H. The amended redevelopment plan expires in fiscal year 2008-09.

#### 14. LEASES

The City has entered into an operating lease contract whereby the City leases golf courses to a third party. The lease commenced May 2001 and was amended April 2005. The term of the lease is for twenty years, with an optional extension of ten years. The costs of the golf course improvements are \$2.1 million with associated accumulated depreciation of \$1.1 million at June 30, 2008.

The future minimum rentals to be received from the aforementioned operating lease as of June 30, 2008 are as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	
2009	\$ 150
2010	150
2011	175
2012	175
2013 - 2017	925
2018 - 2022	1,050
2023 - 2027	1,175
2028 - 2032	1,250
2033	250
Future minimum lease rentals	\$ 5,300

These future minimum rentals are based upon annual rates agreed to by the lessee. In addition to the future minimum rentals disclosed above, the City leases various other properties, and the City expects to receive approximately \$398,000 monthly from month-to-month rentals in fiscal year 2008-09.

#### 15. NEW GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

In September 2006, GASB issued Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues. GASB Statement No. 48 established the criteria to determine whether certain transactions should be regarded as sales or collateralized borrowings. It also requires employers to disclose future revenues pledged to support debt and intra-entity transfers of assets and future revenues. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2006. The adoption of GASB Statement No. 48 did not have an impact on the financial position, results of operations, or cash flows of the City.

In May 2007, GASB issued Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures*. GASB Statement No. 50 is an amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27. This statement more closely aligns the financial requirements for pensions with those of other postemployment benefits. The adoption of GASB Statement No. 50 did not have an impact on the financial position, results of operations, or cash flows of the City.

In June 2004, GASB issued Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which addresses how state and local governments should account for and report their costs and obligations related to postemployment healthcare and other nonpension benefits. Collectively, these benefits are commonly referred to as other postemployment benefits, or OPEB. The statement generally requires that employers account for and report the annual cost of OPEB and the outstanding obligations and commitments related to OPEB in essentially the same manner as they currently do for pensions. Annual OPEB cost for most employers will be based on actuarially determined amounts that, if paid on an ongoing basis, generally would provide sufficient resources to pay benefits as they come due. This statement's provisions may be applied prospectively and do not require governments to fund their OPEB plans. An employer may establish its OPEB liability at zero as of the beginning of the initial year of implementation; however, the unfunded actuarial liability is required to be amortized over future periods. This statement also establishes disclosure requirements for information about the plans in which an employer participates, the funding policy followed, the actuarial valuation process and assumptions, and, for certain employers, the extent to which the plan has been funded over time. This statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. The City provides certain health care benefits for retired employees, which historically have been funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, as described in Note 10.

In November 2006, GASB issued Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations, which addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution (including contamination) remediation obligations, which are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities such as site assessments and cleanups. The scope of the statement excludes pollution prevention or control obligations with respect to current operations and future pollution remediation activities that are required upon retirement of an asset, such as landfill closure and postclosure care and nuclear power plant decommissioning. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2009.

In June 2007, GASB issued Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets. This statement requires that all intangible assets not specifically excluded by its scope provisions be classified as capital assets. Accordingly, existing authoritative guidance related to the accounting and financial reporting for capital assets should be applied to these intangible assets, as applicable. This statement also provides authoritative guidance that specifically addresses the nature of these intangible assets. Such guidance should be applied in addition to the existing authoritative guidance for capital assets. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2010.

In June 2008, GASB issued Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments. This statement specifically requires governments to measure and report most derivative instruments at fair value in their financial statements that are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The requirement of reporting the derivative instruments at fair value on the face of the financial statements gives the users of financial statements a clearer look into the risks their governments are sometimes exposed to when they enter into these transactions and how those risks are managed. The statement also addresses hedge accounting requirements and improves disclosures, providing a summary of the government's derivative instrument activity, its objectives for entering into derivative instruments, and their significant terms and risks. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2010.

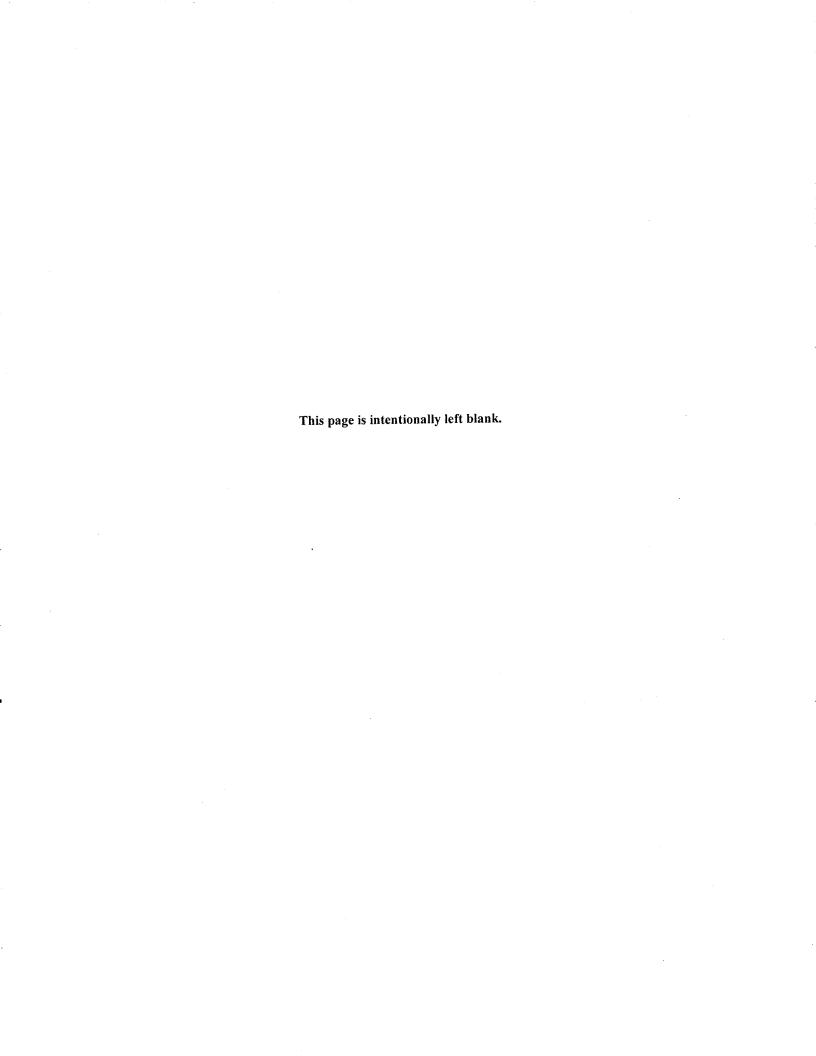
#### 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In September 2008, the City received \$1million from a developer towards the purchase of certain parcels known as the Stadium Lands under an Option to Purchase and Purchase Agreement, dated April 8, 2003. Various option payments are due as certain milestones are met. Including the \$1 million received by the City in September 2008, total payments received by the City amount to \$2.6 million. The total purchase price of the Stadium Lands will be \$8.6 million, with credits given against the purchase price for all option payments.

On November 4, 2008, the Sewer Rollback Initiative (Measure L) passed which requires the City to rollback the sewer rates to the rate in effect on January 1, 2006 for all sewer customers. Upon certification of the initiative, the sewer rates were rolled back on December 14, 2008. The expected impact of the rollback is a reduction in annual sewer revenue of approximately \$3.7 million.

#### 17. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Beginning of year net assets were increased by \$13,076,399, comprised of the following: The Commission's Housing Fund balance was increased by \$76,884 to correct for the recording of interest revenue in the prior year related to loans receivable. Additionally, an accrued liability of \$49,370 in the Copeland Creek Drainage Facility Special Revenue Fund was deleted as this liability was established several years ago and assumed to have been cleared as this fund no longer is active and the fee has been eliminated. Lastly, there was an adjustment to prior period accumulated depreciation related to the City's governmental activities capital assets of \$12,950,145, primarily related to an error on the conversion to a new fixed asset module computer system in 2004, which resulted in the duplicate booking of accumulated depreciation for assets purchased prior to July 1, 2004.



REQUIRED SUPPLEM	ENTARY INFORMATIO	ON (UNAUDITED)	

## PERS Schedule of Funding Progress for Miscellaneous Plan (dollar amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Α	(A) actuarial Asset Value	A	(B) Entry Age .ctuarial Accrued .iability	(Ove Ac A L	(C) Ifunded erfunded) ctuarial ecrued iability () - (A)]	(D) Funded Ratio [(A) / (B)]	_	(E) overed Payroll	(F) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll [(C)/(E)]
6/30/03 6/30/04 6/30/05	\$	30,828 35,096 39,278	\$	33,464 37,400 40,055	\$	2,636 2,304 777	92.12% 93.84% 98.06%	\$	7, 532 6, 796 7, 129	35.0% 33.9% 10.9%
6/30/06 6/30/07 6/30/08		43,431 51,658		46,062 50,121	**	2,631 (1,537) information no	94.29% 103.07% at available**		7, 685 8, 544	34.2% -18.0%

## PERS Schedule of Funding Progress for Safety Plan (dollar amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

Actuarial Valuation Date	(A) Actuarial Asset Value	(B) Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Liability	(C	(C) Unfunded Everfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (B) – (A)]	(D) Funded Ratio [(A) / (B)]		(E) Covered Payroll	(F) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll [(C)/(E)]
6/30/03 6/30/04	\$ 3,577,742 4,424,587	\$ 4,270,574 5,383,922 6,367,049	\$	692,832 959,335 1,071,899	83.78% 82.18% 83.16%	)	476,090 575,296 664,148	145.5% 166.8% 161.4%
6/30/05 6/30/06 6/30/07 6/30/08	5,295,150 6,102,615 6,826,599	7,278,049 7,986,055	k	1, 175,434 1, 159,456 * information n	83.85% 85.48%	75	4730 1608	155. 7% 139. 4%

Note: safety plan is part of a much larger pool. Figures shown above are pool figures.

### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Real property transfer		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Property         \$ 3,335,000         \$ 3,335,000         \$ 3,200,856         \$ (134, Real property transfer           Transient occupancy         2,000,000         2,000,000         1,899,362         (100, 899,362)           Sales and use         7,900,000         7,900,000         7,236,048         (663, 899,362)           Franchises         1,445,000         1,445,000         1,440,749         (4, 14, 855,000)           Licenses, permits and fees:         Business licenses         497,000         497,000         487,437         (9, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40					
Real property transfer   175,000   175,000   117,545   (57,		0 225 000	e 2225.000	e 2 200 956	\$ (134,144)
Transient occupancy         2,000,000         2,000,000         1,899,362         (100, Sales and use           Franchises         1,900,000         7,900,000         7,236,048         (663, Franchises)           Franchises         1,445,000         1,445,000         1,440,749         (4, 14, 145,000)           Licenses, permits and fees:         Business licenses         497,000         497,000         487,437         (9, 14, 145,000)           Animal licenses         55,000         55,000         54,059         (6, 14, 145,000)           Building permits         346,500         346,500         385,572         39, 175,000           Plan check         175,000         175,000         165,199         (9, 14, 145,000)           Tips, forfeitures and penalties:         Vehicle code         90,000         90,000         79,145         (10, 145,000)           Parking fines         70,000         70,000         79,145         (10, 145,000)           Parking fines         70,000         70,000         45,629         (24, 145,000)           Impound fees         15,000         15,000         25,600         10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,	• •		· · ·		(57,455)
Sales and use         7,900,000         7,900,000         7,236,048         (663, 1,445,000)         1,445,000         1,440,749         (4, 44, 45,000)         1,440,749         (4, 45,000)         1,445,000         1,440,749         (4, 45,000)         1,445,000         1,445,000         1,445,000         1,440,749         (4, 45,000)         1,445,000         1,415,000         1,415,000         1,			,		(100,638)
Franchises 1,445,000 1,445,000 1,440,749 (4,			, ,		(663,952)
Licenses, permits and fees:  Business licenses					(4,251)
Licenses, permits and fees:  Business licenses	Franchises				(960,440)
Business licenses         497,000         497,000         487,437         (9, Animal licenses)           Animal licenses         55,000         55,000         54,059         (           Building permits         346,500         346,500         385,572         39, Plan check           Plan check         175,000         175,000         165,199         (9, P.)           Fines, forfeitures and penalties:         Vehicle code         90,000         90,000         79,145         (10, P.)           Parking fines         70,000         70,000         45,629         (24, Impound fees)         15,000         25,600         10, O.           Other court         20,000         20,000         9,327         (10, O.)		14,833,000	14,833,000	13,824,300	(700,110)
Animal licenses 55,000 55,000 54,059 (  Building permits 346,500 346,500 385,572 39, Plan check 175,000 175,000 165,199 (9,  1,073,500 1,073,500 1,092,267 18,  Fines, forfeitures and penalties:  Vehicle code 90,000 90,000 79,145 (10, Parking fines 70,000 70,000 45,629 (24, Impound fees 15,000 15,000 25,600 10, Other court 20,000 20,000 9,327 (10,  Interest and rentals:  Investment earnings 1,600,000 1,600,000 159,701 (35,  Rent - golf courses 150,000 150,000 150,000 Rent - other 419,750 419,750 356,849 (62, Subtotal 2,169,750 2,169,750 1,773,158 (396)	Licenses, permits and fees:				
Building permits 346,500 346,500 385,572 39, Plan check 175,000 175,000 165,199 (9, 1,073,500 1,073,500 1,092,267 18, 1,073,500 1,073,500 1,092,267 18, 1,073,500 1,073,500 1,092,267 18, 1,073,500 1,073,500 1,092,267 18, 1,073,500 1,073,500 1,092,267 18, 1,073,500 1,073,500 1,092,267 18, 1,073,500 1,073,500 1,092,267 18, 1,073,500 1,092,267 18, 1,073,500 1,092,267 18, 1,092,267 19,192,267 11,092,267	Business licenses	· ·	*		(9,563)
Plan check         175,000         175,000         165,199         (9, 1,073,500)           1,073,500         1,073,500         1,092,267         18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18,		55,000			(941)
1,073,500   1,073,500   1,092,267   18,	Building permits	,			39,072
Fines, forfeitures and penalties:  Vehicle code Parking fines 70,000 Parking fines 15,000 15,000 Pother court 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 159,701 159,701 159,701 159,701 159,701 150,000	Plan check	175,000	175,000		(9,801)
Vehicle code         90,000         90,000         79,145         (10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,		1,073,500	1,073,500	1,092,267	18,767
Vehicle code         90,000         90,000         79,145         (10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,	Fines, forfeitures and penalties:				
Impound fees       15,000       15,000       25,600       10,000         Other court       20,000       20,000       9,327       (10,000)         195,000       195,000       159,701       (35,000)         Interest and rentals:       1,600,000       1,600,000       1,266,309       (333,000)         Rent - golf courses       150,000	,	90,000	90,000	79,145	(10,855)
Impound fees         15,000         15,000         25,600         10,000           Other court         20,000         20,000         9,327         (10,000)           195,000         195,000         159,701         (35,000)           Interest and rentals:         1,600,000         1,600,000         1,266,309         (333)           Rent - golf courses         150,000         150,000         150,000         150,000         150,000         62           Rent - other         419,750         419,750         356,849         (62           Subtotal         2,169,750         2,169,750         1,773,158         (396)	Parking fines	70,000	70,000	45,629	(24,371)
Other court         20,000         20,000         9,327         (10,000)           195,000         195,000         159,701         (35,000)           Interest and rentals:         1,600,000         1,600,000         1,266,309         (333)           Rent - golf courses         150,000 </td <td></td> <td>15,000</td> <td>15,000</td> <td>25,600</td> <td>10,600</td>		15,000	15,000	25,600	10,600
Interest and rentals: Investment earnings Rent - golf courses Rent - other Subtotal  Interest and rentals:  1,600,000 1,600,000 1,266,309 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 1,773,158 (396)	•	20,000	20,000	9,327	(10,673)
Investment earnings       1,600,000       1,600,000       1,266,309       (333         Rent - golf courses       150,000       150,000       150,000         Rent - other       419,750       419,750       356,849       (62         Subtotal       2,169,750       2,169,750       1,773,158       (396		195,000	195,000	159,701	(35,299)
Rent - golf courses     150,000     150,000     150,000       Rent - other     419,750     419,750     356,849     (62       Subtotal     2,169,750     2,169,750     1,773,158     (396	Interest and rentals:				
Rent - other 419,750 419,750 356,849 (62 Subtotal 2,169,750 2,169,750 1,773,158 (396	Investment earnings				(333,691)
Subtotal 2,169,750 2,169,750 1,773,158 (396	Rent - golf courses	150,000	150,000		•
	Rent - other	419,750	419,750	356,849	(62,901)
	Subtotal	2,169,750	2,169,750	1,773,158	(396,592)
Intergovernmental:	Intergovernmental:				
State motor vehicle in-lieu tax 3,090,000 3,090,000 3,142,034 52		3,090,000	3,090,000	3,142,034	52,034
Off-highway motor vehicle license fee		-	-	•	-
1 dotte Barety Tragmentation Carre	Public Safety Augmentation Fund	230,000	•		(3,539)
7	Grants	18,000		121,086	103,086
Komoutounous	Reimbursements	10,000			29,891
Other 160,000 160,000 148,789 (11	Other	160,000	160,000	148,789	(11,211)
Subtotal 3,508,000 3,508,000 3,678,261 170	Subtotal	3,508,000	3,508,000	3,678,261	170,261

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
(Continued)				
REVENUES (Continued)				
Charges for current services:				
Zoning and subdivision fees	50,000	50,000	113,460	63,460
General plan maintenance fee	50,000	50,000	20,694	(29,306)
Sales of maps and lists	25,500	25,500	10,410	(15,090)
Special public safety services	50,000	50,000	30,905	(19,095)
Fire Inspection Fees	250,000	250,000	261,526	11,526
Vehicle abatement revenue	28,000	28,000	27,734	(266)
Animal shelter fees	50,000	50,000	53,342	3,342
Engineering fees	300,000	300,000	639,132	339,132
Library ground maintenance	8,000	8,000	9,870	1,870
Recreation:				(2.7.0(0)
Recreation centers	795,300	795,300	760,032	(35,268)
Swimming pools	208,200	208,200	184,984	(23,216)
Contract classes and other	150,000	150,000	157,049	7,049
	1.065.000	1,965,000	2,269,138	304,138
Subtotal	1,965,000	1,900,000	2,207,130	
Donations and miscellaneous:				(101 705)
Cultural Arts Center	637,600	637,600	535,815	(101,785)
Refuse administration	302,632	302,632	303,098	466
Donations	-	-	48,173	48,173
Miscellaneous	148,000	148,000	222,170	74,170
Subtotal	1,088,232	1,088,232	1,109,256	21,024
Total revenues	24,854,482	24,854,482	23,976,341	(878,141)
				( , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

·	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
(Continued)				
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government:				
City Council	106,447	106,447	131,227	(24,780)
City Manager	965,571	965,571	895,778	69,793
Finance and accounting	1,368,473	1,368,473	1,397,011	(28,538)
Information Services	577,418	577,418	484,776	92,642
Legal services	350,000	350,000	536,912	(186,912)
Planning Department/Commission	905,565	905,565	491,115	414,450
Personnel	353,420	353,420	499,077	(145,657)
Rent appeals board	139,763	139,763	97,833	41,930
City Office building	139,900	139,900	131,579	8,321
City Office annex	67,600	67,600	54,891	12,709
Property tax administration fee	100,000	100,000	105,980	(5,980)
General government-nondepartmental	1,749,380	1,749,380	1,449,186	300,194
Nondepartmental-employee benefits	1,098,061	1,098,061	988,606	109,455
General government-	.,0,0,00	-,,	,	
nondepartmental T/O	-	-	-	-
Enterprise fund cost allocation	(1,894,000)	(1,894,000)	(1,894,000)	
Community Development Commission	(1,0) 1,000)	(-,)	(-) , ,	
cost allocation	(1,310,450)	(1,310,450)	(1,310,450)	
Subtotal	4,717,148	4,717,148	4,059,521	657,627
Public safety:	15 517 771	15,517,771	16,572,178	(1,054,407)
Personnel	15,517,771	1,554,744	1,479,011	75,733
Police protection	1,554,744	296,160	253,743	42,417
Fire protection	296,160	418,456	147,816	270,640
Fire prevention	418,456	480,873	389,058	91,815
Animal control	480,873	*	57,906	34,254
Animal shelter	92,160	92,160		22,425
Civil defense/hazardous materials	29,100	29,100	6,675	2,900
Southwest station	3,900	3,900	1,000	•
Main station	488,500	488,500	328,327	160,173
North station	27,300	27,300	31,847	(4,547)
South station	26,000	26,000	18,446	7,554
Booking fees	135,000	135,000	1,465	133,535
Sexual assault examination fees	10,000	10,000	6,972	3,028
Youth and Family Program	125,464	125,464	119,782	5,682
Subtotal	19,205,428	19,205,428	19,414,226	(208,798)

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
(Continued)				
EXPENDITURES (Continued)				
Current:				
Public works:				47 400
Engineering	1,008,027	1,008,027	960,618	47,409
Inspection	570,044	570,044	553,490	16,554
General	668,220	668,220	750,240	(82,020)
Maintenance of parkways	286,718	286,718	138,440	148,278
Maintenance of streets/bikepaths	509,777	509,777	466,703	43,074
Maintenance of school grounds	3,100	3,100	3,160	(60)
Street lighting	264,237	264,237	264,039	198
Traffic signals	100,000	100,000	88,212	11,788
Storm drains and drainage	60,000	60,000	35,978	24,022
Weed abatement	6,000	6,000	2,446	3,554
Enterprise fund cost allocation	(831,000)	(831,000)	(831,000)	•
Community Development Commission	•			
cost allocation	(176,550)	(176,550)	(176,550)	-
Subtota!	2,468,573	2,468,573	2,255,776	212,797
Parks and recreation:				
Parks	402,900	402,900	626,253	(223,353)
Parks maintenance-general	659,503	659,503	381,402	278,101
Recreation centers	1,185,509	1,185,509	1,058,623	126,886
Swimming pools	514,517	514,517	571,958	(57,441)
Recreation administration and programs	583,234	583,234	600,230	(16,996)
Golf courses	· .	_	20	(20)
Library	9,100	9,100	9,566	(466)
Subtotal	3,354,763	3,354,763	3,248,052	106,711
Cultural Arts Center	964,600	964,600	902,319	62,281
<del></del>		493,200	259,788	233,412
Capital outlay	493,200			1,064,030
Subtotal expenditures	31,203,712	31,203,712	30,139,682	1,004,030

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

(Continued)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
(Continued)				
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(6,349,230)	(6,349,230)	(6,163,341)	185,889
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from the sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out	13,743,333 3,200,600 (671,497)	13,743,333 3,200,600 (671,497)	4,391,717 2,346,038 (1,142,649)	(9,351,616) (854,562) (471,152) (10,677,330)
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,272,436	16,272,436	5,595,106	(10,077,330)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 9,923,206	\$ 9,923,206	(568,235)	\$ (10,491,441)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR:			16,987,644	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 16,419,409	

See note to required supplementary information.

### NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City operates under the general laws of the State of California and annually adopts a budget for its General Fund to be effective July 1 for the ensuing fiscal year. From the effective date of the budget, which is adopted and controlled at the department level, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City departments. The City Council may amend the budget by resolution during the fiscal year. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level. The City Manager may authorize transfers from one account to another within the same department. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

Annual budgets for the City General Fund, State Gasoline Tax Special Revenue Fund, Traffic Signals Fee Special Revenue Fund, Capital Outlay Fee Special Revenue Fund, Public Facilities Finance Fee Special Revenue Fund, Transportation Equity Act Special Revenue Fund, Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Special Revenue Fund, Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Special Revenue Fund, Measure M Traffic Fund, Traffic Congestion Relief (AB2928) Special Revenue Fund, Measure M Fire Benefit Assessment Special Revenue Fund, Mobile Home Rent Appeals Board Special Revenue Fund, F.I.G.R Special Revenue Fund, Copeland Creek Drainage Facility Special Revenue Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, with the exception of proceeds from the sale of capital assets, which is treated as revenues on the budgetary basis. The City prefers to leave its original budget unaltered during the year, unless there are substantial changes to budget forecasts, so that the effectiveness of individual departments in meeting budget objectives can be evaluated and the adequacy of the budget itself can be judged. Expenditures in excess of budgeted amounts are allowed by law but must be approved individually by the City Manager.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments of expenditures are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of the budgetary process. No encumbrances were outstanding at June 30, 2008.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## DESCRIPTION OF OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

To account for revenues derived from specific revenue sources. These funds are required by statute or ordinance to finance particular functions or activities of government. The various funds and sources are:

State Gasoline Tax Special Revenue Fund – From revenues received pursuant to Street and Highway Code Sections 2105, 2106, 2107, and 2107.5 and other funds for the purpose of maintenance and construction of the City streets.

<u>Measure M Streets Fund</u> – From revenues received from County on one quarter cent sales tax for street improvements.

<u>Traffic Signals Fee Special Revenue Fund</u> – From revenues received from fees imposed on developers for the purpose of constructing traffic signals.

<u>Capital Outlay Fee Special Revenue Fund</u> – From revenues received from fees imposed on developers for the purpose of park development, open space, and community facilities such as fire stations, libraries, auditoriums, stadiums, etc.

<u>Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Special Revenue Fund</u> – From revenues received from the U.S. Department of Justice for the purpose of reducing crime and improving public safety.

<u>Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Special Revenue Fund</u> – From revenues received from the State of California pursuant to AB 3229 for the purpose of ensuring public safety.

<u>Traffic Congestion Relief (AB 2928) Special Revenue Fund</u> – From revenues received pursuant to Assembly Bill 2928 for the purpose of maintenance and reconstruction of streets and roads.

<u>Measure M Fire Benefit Assessment Special Revenue Fund</u> – From revenues received pursuant to the voter approved fire benefit assessment district. Purpose is to finance enhancements of fire suppression activities.

<u>Mobile Home Rent Appeals Board Special Revenue Fund</u> – From revenues received pursuant to City of Rohnert Park Ordinance 494 authorizing the collection of registration fees from mobile home parks. Purpose is to fund the Mobile Home Rent Appeals Board.

<u>F.I.G.R. Special Revenue Fund</u> – From revenues received pursuant to the memorandum of agreement with the Federated Indians of the Graton Rancheria. The purpose is to fund public safety neighborhood enforcement.

<u>Copeland Creek Drainage Facility Special Revenue Fund</u> – From revenues received from fees imposed on developers in a specific area serviced by the Copeland Creek drainage improvements. Purpose is to repay the costs of the Copeland Creek drainage improvements.

#### NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

To accumulate monies of payment of general long-term obligations, including capital leases and general obligation bonds.

<u>General Debt Service Fund</u> – To accumulate monies for payment of capital leases. Leases are financed by various revenues of the General Fund.

<u>Special Assessments Debt Service Fund</u> – To accumulate monies for payment of 1915 Act special assessment bonds. Financing is provided by special assessment taxes.

<u>Community Development Commission Debt Service Fund</u> – To accumulate monies for payment of Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Tax Allocation Bonds, Refunding Certificate of Participation, and other indebtedness. Financing is provided by a specific annual property tax increment, as well as lease revenues received from the City.

#### NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

To account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by the proprietary fund types.)

<u>Special Assessments Capital Projects Fund</u> – To account for the acquisition of capital facilities financed form special assessment resources.

#### NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUND

To account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs (i.e., for the benefit of the City or its citizenry).

<u>Performing Arts Center Endowment Permanent Fund</u> – To account for capital donated for the City's Dorothy Rohnert Sprekels Performing Arts Center. The interest generated from the donations is used for operating costs of the Performing Arts Center.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

**JUNE 30, 2008** 

	Special	Dev Deb	Community Development Debt Service Fund		essments Capital	Performing Arts Center Endowment Permanent Fund			Total	
	4 000 010	•		æ	05.021	e	1 265 951	¢	5,250,114	
\$	3,889,242	\$	-	2	95,021	Þ	1,205,651	Ψ	3,230,111	
	200 729				_		_		389,738	
			-		_		-		482,402	
	482,402	,			_		-		1,772,022	
	<del></del>		1,772,022							
\$	4,761,382	\$	1,772,022	\$	95,021		1,265,851		7,894,276	
								¢.	378,471	
_\$	378,471							<u> </u>	370,471	
	1 472 761				_		_		1,472,761	
	1,4/2,/61		1 772 022		_		-		1,772,022	
			1,//2,022						-,,-	
			-		-		1,265,851		1,265,851	
									2,910,150	
	2,910,150		-		05.021		_		95,021	
					93,021				73,021	
	4,382,911		1,772,022	. <u></u>	95,021		1,265,851		7,515,805	
\$	4.761.382	\$	1,772,022	\$	95,021	\$	1,265,851	_\$_	7,894,276	
	\$	Revenue Funds  \$ 3,889,242	Special Revenue Funds  \$ 3,889,242 \$  \$ 389,738	Special Revenue Funds         Development Debt Service Fund           \$ 3,889,242         \$ -           389,738 482,402 - 1,772,022         -           \$ 4,761,382         \$ 1,772,022           \$ 378,471         -           1,472,761 - 1,772,022         -           2,910,150 4,382,911         1,772,022	Nonmajor   Community   Ass   Special   Development   Debt Service   Fund   Service   Fund   Service   Pund   Service   Servi	Special Revenue Funds         Development Debt Service Fund         Capital Projects Fund           \$ 3,889,242         \$ -         \$ 95,021           389,738	Nonmajor   Special   Development   Capital   Projects   Funds   Fund   Fund   Projects   Punds   Sasesments   Punds   Sasesments   Punds   P	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds         Community Development Debt Service Fund         Assessments Capital Projects Fund         Arts Center Endowment Permanent Fund           \$ 3,889,242         \$ -         \$ 95,021         \$ 1,265,851           389,738	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds         Community Debt Service Fund         Assessments Capital Projects Fund         Arts Center Endowment Permanent Fund           \$ 3,889,242         \$ -         \$ 95,021         \$ 1,265,851         \$           \$ 389,738	

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE	30, 2008				
	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Special Assessment Capital Projects Fund	Performing Arts Center Endowment Permanent Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds
REVENUES	A 406 105	Φ.	¢ 420	\$ -	\$ 486,617
Taxes	\$ 486,187	\$ -	\$ 430	<b>D</b> -	1,832,084
Intergovernmental	1,832,084	-	-	58,669	276,127
Interest and rentals	154,116	63,342	-	38,009	724,592
Licenses, permits and fees	724,592	-	-	200	628,671
Donations	628,471				020,071
Total revenues	3,825,450	63,342	430	58,869	3,948,091
EXPENDITURES					
Current:			400		20.900
General government	20,469	-	430	· -	20,899
Debt service:					3,344,038
Principal	-	3,344,038	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges		2,629,429			2,629,429
Total expenditures	20,469	5,973,467	430		5,994,366
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,804,981	(5,910,125)		58,869	(2,046,275)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	21.014	5,640,686	_	_	5,662,600
Transfers in	21,914	5,040,080	_	(58,669)	(4,730,227)
Transfers out	(4,671,558)			(20,002)	
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	(4,649,644)	5,640,686		(58,669)	932,373
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(844,663)	(269,439)	-	200	(1,113,902)
FUND BALANCES: BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	5,178,204	2,041,461	95,021	1,265,651	8,580,337
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT TO FUND BALANCE	49,370				49,370
END OF YEAR	\$ 4,382,911	\$ 1,772,022	\$ 95,021	\$ 1,265,851	\$ 7,515,805

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

Total	\$ 3,889,242	389,738 482,402	\$ 4,761,382	\$ 378,471 \$	1,472,761 2,910,150	4,382,911	\$ 4,761,382
Copeland Creek Drainage Facility	' <b>∽</b>		\$	s s	1 1		
F.I.G.R.		378,471	\$ 378,471	378,471	, ,	1	\$ 378,471
Mobile Home Rent Appeals Board	\$ 52,114	, ,	\$ 52,114	, , ,	52,114	52,114	\$ 52,114
Measure M Fire Benefit Assessment	1	11,267	\$ 11,267	s s	11,267	11,267	\$ 11,267
Public Facility Finance Fee	\$ 621,633	222,096	\$ 843,729	s s	843,729	843,729	\$ 843,729
Capital Outlay Fee	\$ 217,574		\$ 217,574	· ·	217,574	217,574	\$ 217,574
Traffic Signals Fee	\$ 1,785,466		\$ 1,785,466	60 60	1,785,466	1,785,466	\$ 1,785,466
Prop 1B	\$ 671,146		\$ 671,146	∽	671,146	671,146	\$ 671,146
Measure M Traffic	\$ 38,680	; I	\$ 38,680	, ,	38,680	38,680	\$ 38,680
State Gasoline Tax	\$ \$02,629	260,306	\$ 762,935 \$	· '	762,935	762,935	\$ 762,935 \$
	ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables (net of	allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes Accounts	Total assets	LIABILITIES Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue	FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Reserved for street projects Unreserved	Total fund balances (deficit)	Total liabilities and fund balances (deficit)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)
NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Total	486,187 1,832,084 154,116 724,592 - 628,471	3,825,450	20,469	3,804,981	21,914 (4,671,558)	(4,649,644)	(844,663)	5,178,204	49,370	4,382,911
Copeland Creek Drainage Facility	φ,	,						(49,370)	49,370	
F.I.G.R.	\$ - 628,471	628,471	,	628,471	(628,471)	(628,471)	,	,		- -
Mobile Home Rent Appeals Board	s	r	,		21,914	21,914	21,914	30,200		\$ 52,114
Measure M Fire Benefit Assessment	\$ 486,187	486,187		486,187	(493,472)	(493,472)	(7,285)	18,552		\$ 11,267
Supplemental Law Enforcement Services	\$ 100,000	102,739	,	102,739	(102,739)	(102,739)	,			
Public Facility Finance Fee	43,160	760,172	1	760,172	(2,179,697)	(2,179,697)	(1,419,525)	2,263,254	,	\$ 843,729
Capital Outlay Fee	9,298	11,578	1	11,578	(204)	(204)	11,374	206,200		\$ 217,574
Traffic Signals Fee	76,956	82,256	•	82,256	(35,626)	(35,626)	46,630	1,738,836		\$ 1,785,466
Prop 1B	690,966	695,046	•	695,046	(23,900)	(23,900)	671,146	-		\$ 671,146
Measure M Traffic	\$ 259,610 1,929	261,539	,	261,539	(535,495)	(535,495)	(273,956)	312,636		\$ 38,680
State Gasoline Tax	\$ 781,508 15,954	797,462	20,469	776,993	(671,954)	(671,954)	105,039	968,7896		\$ 762,935
	REVENUES  Measure M assessments Intergovernmental Interest and rentals Licenses, permits and fees Fines, forfeitures and penalties Donations	Total revenues	EXPENDITURES Current: General government	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	Total other financing sources (uses)	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT TO FUND BALANCE	END OF YEAR

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STATE GASOLINE TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Licenses, permits and fees:									
Traffic signals									
Capital outlay			_		•	15054	<b>o</b> r	15.054	
Interest and rentals	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,954	\$	15,954	
Intergovernmental:				240.000		054141		(5.950)	
Section 2105, maintenance		260,000		260,000		254,141		(5,859) (8,718)	
Section 2106, construction		190,000		190,000		181,282		(9,915)	
Section 2107, maintenance		350,000		350,000		340,085		(9,913)	
Section 2107.5, engineering		6,000		6,000		6,000			
Total revenues	806,000			806,000		797,462		(8,538)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:				20.000		20.460		(469)	
General government		20,000		20,000		20,469		(409)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES								(0.00#)	
OVER EXPENDITURES		786,000		786,000		776,993		(9,007)	
OTHER FINANCING USES									
Transfers out	(	831,000)		(831,000)		(671,954)		159,046	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(45,000)		(45,000)		105,039	\$	150,039	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						657,896			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$	762,935			

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE M TRAFFIC SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual Amount		iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES						
Licenses, permits and fees:  Measure M Streets Allocation Interest and rentals	\$ 246,603	\$ 246,603	\$	259,610 1,929	\$	13,007 1,929
Total revenues	246,603	246,603		261,539		14,936
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	(252,708)	(252,708)		(535,495)		(282,787)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (6,105)	\$ (6,105)		(273,956)	\$	(267,851)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				312,636		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$	38,680		

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROP 1B SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Original Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES					
Licenses, permits and fees: Prop 1B Streets Allocation Interest and rentals	\$ 692,760	\$ 692,760	\$ 690,966 4,080	\$	(1,794) 4,080
Total revenues	692,760	692,760	695,046		2,286
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out			 (23,900)		(23,900)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 692,760	\$ 692,760	671,146	\$	(21,614)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			 -		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 671,146		

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRAFFIC SIGNALS FEE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Licenses, permits and fees:	\$		\$	_	\$	5,300	\$	5,300
Traffic signals Interest and rentals	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	76,956	\$	76,956
Total revenues		-		-		82,256		82,256
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out					ب	(35,626)		(35,626)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$			46,630	\$	46,630
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						1,738,836		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR						1,785,466		

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL OUTLAY FEE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual Amount		Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)	
REVENUES							•	2 200
Licenses, permits and fees:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,280	\$	2,280
Interest and rentals						9,298		9,298
Total revenues		-		-		11,578		11,578
OTHER FINANCING USES						(0.0.4)		(204)
Transfers out						(204)		(204)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$			11,374	\$	11,374
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						206,200		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$	217,574		

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCE FEE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES						#4# 01 <b>0</b>	Φ.	717.012
Licenses, permits and fees:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	717,012	\$	717,012
Interest and rentals						43,160		43,160
Total revenues		-		-		760,172		760,172
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	(1,8	894,390)	(1,3	894,390)		2,179,697)		(285,307)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (1,5	894,390)	\$ (1,	894,390)	(	1,419,525)	\$	474,865
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						2,263,254		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$	843,729		

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SUPPLEMENTAL LAW ENFORCEMENT SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual t Amount		Fin:	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES Interest and rentals Intergovernmental	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 1	2,739 00,000	\$	(97,261) 100,000
Total revenues		100,000	100,000	1	02,739		2,739
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	<u></u>			(1	02,739)		(102,739)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000		-	\$	(100,000)
FUND BALANCE, EEGINNING OF YEAR							
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR				\$			

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE M FIRE BENEFIT ASSESSMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
REVENUES  Measure M assessments	\$ 470,000	\$ 470,000	\$ 486,187	\$	16,187
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	(470,000)	(470,000)	(493,472)		(23,472)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	(7,285)	\$	(7,285)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			18,552		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 11,267		

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MOBILE HOME RENT APPEALS BOARD SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	iginal idget	 inal idget		ctual mount	Fina P	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES					_	
Licenses, permits and fees:	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
OTHER FINANCING USES						01.014
Transfers in				21,914		21,914
Transfers out	 	 				-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ _	\$ -	:	21,914	\$	21,914
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				30,200		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$	52,114		

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE F.I.G.R. FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	\$ 653,000	\$ 653,000	\$ 628,471	\$ (24,529)
Donations	\$ 055,000	\$ 055,000	Ψ 020,171	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	
Transfers out	(653,000)	(653,000)	(628,471)	24,529
Total other financing sources (uses)	(653,000)	(653,000)	(628,471)	24,529
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	\$ -	-	\$ -
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ -	

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COPELAND CREEK DRAINAGE FACILITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	<u>\$</u> -	\$	\$
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			(49,370)	
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT TO FUND BALANCE			\$ 49,370	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			<u>\$ -</u>	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Community Development Debt Service Fund	Special Assessments Debt Service	General Debt Service	Totals
REVENUES				
Interest and rentals	\$ 60,170	\$ 3,172	\$ -	\$ 63,342
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service:				
Principal	2,915,000	190,000	239,038	3,344,038
Interest and fiscal charges	2,505,344	55,652	68,433	2,629,429
Total expenditures	5,420,344	245,652	307,471	5,973,467
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES				
UNDER EXPENDITURES	(5,360,174)	(242,480)	(307,471)	(5,910,125)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in Transfers out	5,420,515 (87,300)	-	307,471	5,727,986 (87,300)
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,333,215		307,471	5,640,686
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(26,959)	(242,480)	-	(269,439)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,798,636	242,825	-	2,041,461
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,771,677	\$ 345	\$ -	\$ 1,772,022



#### **Statistical Section**

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	S-2
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	S-5
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the city's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	
Debt Capacity	S-18
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the city's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	S-23
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
Operating Information	S-25
These schedules contain information about the city's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the city's financial information relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.	

City of Rohnert Park Net Assets by Component, Last Six Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year			
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	<u>2002</u>
		(Restated)					
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 41,665,445 9,584,622 28,407,296	\$ 41,775,909 10,227,146 25,865,139	\$ 28,259,799 5,955,759 29,407,530	\$ 30,487,238 8,551,078 23,317,496	\$ 24,399,786 8,569,188 33,121,656	\$ 25,838,048 8,351,086 26,564,128	\$ 31,477,114 9,562,972 18,130,605
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 79,657,363	\$ 77,868,194	\$ 63,623,088	\$ 62,355,812	\$ 66,090,630	\$ 60,753,262	\$ 59,170,691
Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	\$ 18,976,107 13,244,885	\$ 17,709,497 12,135,364	\$ 14,867,127 11,641,400	\$ 16,741,255 7,886,726	\$ 9,464,157 15,200,557	\$ 8,986,376 13,044,521	\$ 8,977,397 12,245,744
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 32,220,992	\$ 29,844,861	\$ 26,508,527	\$ 24,627,98 <u>1</u>	\$ 24,664,714	\$ 22,030,897	\$ 21,223,141
Primary government Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 60,641,552 9,584,622 41,652,181	\$ 59,485,406 10,227,146 38,000,503	\$ 43,126,926 5,955,759 41,048,930	\$ 47,228,493 8,551,078 31,204,222	\$ 33,863,943 8,569,188 48,322,213	\$ 34,824,424 8,351,086 39,608,649	\$ 40,454,511 9,562,972 30,376,349
Total primary government net assets	\$ 111,878,355	\$ 107,713,055	\$ 90,131,615	\$ 86,983,793	\$ 90,755,344	\$ 82,784,159	\$ 80,393,832

Note: The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002.

Source: City Finance Department

City of Rohnert Park Changes in Net Assets, Last Six Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Total primary government program revenues

Fiscal Year 2007 2006 2004 2003 2002 2008 2005 Expenses Governmental activities: \$ 12,955,293 8,280,697 7,692,265 7,479,018 \$ 12,926,332 \$ 11,455,704 11,762,224 General government Public Safety 20,758,556 17,349,211 16,703,386 15,087,248 13,459,313 12,098,684 11,719,180 4,369,470 4,585,522 4,583,848 Public Works 4,421,182 4,522,563 4,220,758 4,408,673 Parks and recreation 4,979,212 4,198,572 4,167,196 3,968,774 3,834,955 4,007,338 4,025,817 Other 902,319 889,073 1,504,207 1,411,055 1,043,298 1,129,467 1,072,704 2,738,905 Interest on long-term debt 4,629,601 2,690,598 2,038,944 2,060,965 1,991,137 2,014,601 Total governmental activities expenses 48,646,163 42,576,349 40,090,195 38,698,939 32,978,870 31,527,877 31,619,472 Business-type activities: 5,593,980 4,543,407 4,370,136 Water 7,122,292 6,690,385 6,454,568 5,650,092 9,830,647 10,085,147 9,697,231 8,851,372 7,465,887 8,628,125 8,837,099 Sewer 4,321,260 3,505,939 4,106,036 3,701,253 Refuse Collection 5,344,215 5,181,643 4,548,674 20,700,473 18,822,724 16,565,806 17,277,568 16,908,488 Total business-type activities expenses 22,297,154 21,957,175 \$ 49,544,676 \$ 48,805,445 \$ 48,527,960 \$ 64,533,524 \$ 60,790,668 57,521,663 Total primary government expenses \$ 70,943,317 \$ **Program Revenues** Governmental activities: Charges for services: General government 978,440 1,221,652 1,476,260 539,150 \$ 341,098 107,932 \$ 220,042 478,730 413,473 508,709 1,240,792 517,742 450,057 Public safety 592.567 2.836,987 2,542,293 2,316,181 1,522,550 1,096,429 953,483 1,697,041 Public works 1,287,849 1,181,314 1,321,204 1,226,166 Parks and recreation 1,791,969 1,618,401 1,640,881 100,386 1,429 133,839 Other 2,628,459 2,344,534 2,719,200 2,234,947 3.286.244 3.369,440 3,150,589 Operating grants and contributions 702,025 283,899 1,991,493 546,563 514,534 714,594 Capital grants and contributions 1,492,565 6,381,491 7,176,146 Total governmental activities program revenues 9,679,969 10,031,881 9,376,683 7,401,370 8,286,592 Business-type activities: Charges for services: 6,406,197 4,933,151 4,622,425 4,877,155 3,248,895 6,341,560 6,433,014 Water 9,955,355 7,474,704 7,013,757 6,559,543 12,370,603 12,007,771 8,402,521 Sewer 5,240,389 4,723,623 3,919,872 3,722,449 3,862,580 4,024,527 Refuse Collection 5,454,193 Operating grants and contributions 1,308,893 395,165 1,829,074 1,186,735 1,028,338 3,348,132 504,589 566,411 Capital grants and contributions 19,167,710 17,566,974 14,228,130 Total business-type activities program revenues 24,732,767 25,510,248 22,271,910 18,283,882 24,743,120 20,609,621

\$ 34,412,736

\$ 35,542,129

\$ 31,648,593 \$ 25,685,252

\$ 27,454,302

City of Rohnert Park Changes in Net Assets, Last Six Fiscal Years (Continued) (accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year			
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	<u>2002</u>
Net (Expense)/Revenue							0.007.004
Governmental activities	\$ 38,966,194	\$ 32,544,468	\$ 30,713,512	\$ 31,297,569	\$ 24,692,278	\$ 24,351,731	\$ 25,237,981
Business-type activities	(2,435,613)	(3,553,073)	(1,571,437)	538,842	(2,601,904)	(289,406)	2,680,358
Total primary government net expense	\$ 36,530,581	\$ 28,991,395	\$ 29,142,075	\$ 31,836,411	\$ 22,090,374	\$ 24,062,325	\$ 27,918,339
General Revenues and Other Changes in	Net Assets						
Governmental activities:							
Taxes			. 45 504 005	e 42.040.400	¢ 40,000,707	\$ 10,415,445	\$ 10,265,292
Property taxes	\$ 17,054,597	\$ 16,928,529	\$ 15,504,905	\$ 13,810,490	\$ 12,900,727 1,725,402	1.073,224	1,051,411
Franchise taxes	1,440,749	1,428,827	1,308,839	1,263,721 6,953,294	6,834,708	6,088,866	5,982,666
Sales taxes	7,236,048	7,707,375	7,386,925	2,804,619	1,968,325	2,436,209	2,379,893
Motor vehicle license fees	3,142,034	3,074,869	2,572,107	931,074	1,776,800	2,311,692	1,604,441
Other taxes	2,016,907	1,606,108	1,855,821	931,074	803.898	448,626	592,042
Rental Income	4.050.077	- 0.455.643	1,964,903	1,064,234	1,126,080	1,406,240	2,018,299
Investment earnings	4,256,977	3,155,613	1,109,814	974,079	2,779,073	326,535	5,992,368
Gain on sale of capital assets	4,778,278	217,520	1,105,014	974,075	2,773,070	520,000	-
Other	311,425	294,438	277,474	(238,760)	114,633	306,350	151,989
Transfers	518,348			27,562,751	30,029,646	24,813,187	30,038,401
Total governmental activities	40,755,363	34,413,279	31,980,788	27,562,751	30,023,040	24,013,107	00,000,101
Business-type activities:							005.070
Investment earnings	458,866	426,769	586,583	263,349	146,546	206,350	365,973
Transfers	(518,348)	(294,438)	(277,474)	238,760	(114,633)	(306,350)	
Total business-type activities	(59,482)	132,331	309,109	502,109	31,913	(100,000)	213,984
Total primary government	\$ 40,695,881	\$ 34,545,610	\$ 32,289,897	\$ 28,064,860	\$ 30,061,559	\$ 24,713,187	\$ 30,252,385
Change in Net Assets						n 404 450	¢ 4900.420
Governmental activities	\$ 1,789,169	\$ 1,868,811	\$ 1,267,276	\$ (3,734,818)			
Business-type activities	2,376,131	3,685,404	1,880,546	(36,733)		189,406	(2,466,374)
Total primary government	\$ 4,165,300	\$ 5,554,2 <u>15</u>	\$ 3,147,822	\$ (3,771,551)	\$ 7,971,185	\$ 650,862	\$ 2,334,046

Notes: The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002.

Source: City Finance Department

			P	rogram Revenu	es		
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	<u>2002</u>
Function/Program							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 3,472,147	\$ 4,104,573	\$ 2,683,313	\$ 2,710,589	\$ 2,667,970	\$ 3,111,005	\$ 2,328,346
Public safety	1,487,390	748,521	729,783	727,990	1,448,729	677,196	786,050
Public works	2,887,783	3,117,622	3,412,799	2,461,662	1,632,181	1,303,664	1,087,046
Parks and recreation	1,832,649	1,618,401	1,655,338	1,287,849	1,181,314	1,321,204	1,276,166
Other	· · ·	442,764	895,450	213,280	1,356,398	763,077	903,883
Subtotal governmental activities	9,679,969	10,031,881	9,376,683	7,401,370	8,286,592	7,176,146	6,381,491
Business-type activities:							
Water	6,388,188	6,330,481	6,530,394	5,187,983	4,987,705	6,347,016	3,534,404
Wastewater	12,890,386	13,590,308	11,017,893	9,176,027	10,457,556	7,357,378	6,669,199
Refuse	5,454,193	5,240,389	4,723,623	3,919,872	3,722,449	3,862,580	4,024,527
Subtotal business-type activities	24,732,767	25,161,178	22,271,910	18,283,882	19,167,710	17,566,974	14,228,130
Total primary government	\$ 34,412,736	\$ 35,193,059	\$ 31,648,593	\$ 25,685,252	\$ 27,454,302	\$ 24,743,120	\$ 20,609,621

City of Rohnert Park Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	\$ 3,904,011 \$ 3,233,155 13,083,633 13,186,254	\$ 16,419,409	\$ 12,710,618 \$ 12,552,249 \$ 12,848,114 \$ 12,899,397 \$ 11,392,576 \$ 11,986,252 \$ 11,807,568 \$ 13,321,727 \$ 73,308,593 \$ 68,299,779	2,910,150 6,034,588	77,244,517
		333		593 \$	  368  368	↔
	2007	3,904,011	\$ 16,987,644	73,308,	4,520,308 8,154,368	\$ 85,983,269
		69		\$	- 0	
	2006	2,805,375 15,225,455	\$ 18,030,830	13,321,72	3,730,841 6,653,690	\$ 23,706,258
		35		\$	  20  20	
	2005	\$ 2,713,333 \$ 2,626,791 \$ 2,943,767 \$ 2,805,375 12,979,444 15,782,442 15,385,235 15,225,455	\$ 18,329,002	\$ 11,807,5	2,537,723 7,607,850	\$ 21,953,141
	40	2,626,791	\$ 18,409,233	86,252	2,567,278	\$ 21,660,525
Year	2004	\$ 2,6 15,7	\$ 18,4	\$ 11,9	2,5	\$ 21,6
Fiscal Year		,444		,576	1,245,070 4,840,759	
	2003	2,713,333	\$ 15,692,777	11,392	1,24,	\$ 17,478,405
		371 \$ 181		397 \$	747	
	2002	2,662,671	\$ 15,376,852	12,899,3	1,136,747	\$ 21,099,324
		↔		. <del>⇔</del>	4 1	
	2001	2,849,457 7,808,883	658,34	,848,11	1,190,344 13,207,167	,245,62
	2	\$ 27	\$ 10	\$ 12	13	\$ 27
	81	3,527,900 \$ 3,938,570 \$ 2,849,457 7,173,414 4,883,879 7,808,883	\$ 10,701,314 \$ 8,822,449 \$ 10,658,340	52,249	1,232,999 14,235,395	\$ 28,020,643 \$ 27,245,625
	2000	ზ დ 4 დ ფ	8,8,	\$ 12,5	1,2	\$ 28,0
		3,527,900 8	314	,618	1,959,508 4,164,901	
	1999	3,527 7,173	10,701	12,710	1,959,508 14,164,901	\$ 28,835,027
		<b>⇔</b>	ιs	€9		မှာ
				spi		i funds
				ntal Fun	rted in: e funds s funds	nmenta
		<del>ت</del> <del>ت</del>	l fund	vernme	reserved, reported in: Special revenue funds Capital projects funds	ır gover
		General Fund Reserved Unreserved	Total general fund	All Other Governmental Funds Reserved	Jnreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds Capital projects funds	Total all other governmental funds
		Gene Re Un	Total	All Of Re	วั	Total

Source: City Finance Department

City of Rohnert Park
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Revenues	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ 12,826,675 3,159,066	\$ 13,414,411 3,724,763	\$ 17,583,820 4,710,598	\$ 18,446,597 4,776,614	\$ 19,369,070 <b>\$</b> 4,946,037	\$ 23,265,761 \$ 4,677,326	\$ 23,729,707 \$ 4,697,723	26,055,840 4,385,363	\$ 28,010,839 6,470,275	\$ 27,748,301 6,844,504
Interest and rentals Charges for services	3,093,597 1,479,749 1,311,205	3,938,253 1,466,442 697,062	3,992,384 1,574,574 1,571,547	2,614,565 1,699,307 1,061,085	1,852,394 1,789,670 1,132,715	1,934,571 1,746,714 2,376,101	1,726,379 1,708,557 2,083,725	2,214,033 2,461,399 1,796,443	3,434,813 2,312,537 2,550,850	4,669,700 2,531,523 1,816,859
Special assessment collection Fines forfeitures and nenalties	679,036	661,555	638,824	586,108	351,885	160,866	327,225	306,495	210,435	159,701
Donations and miscellaneous	496,169	503,714	564,161	925,838	1,239,855	1,496,736	1,023,983	1,656,272	1,241,335	1,780,818
Total revenues	23,224,176	24,597,371	30,828,517	30,296,725	30,867,341	35,832,625	35,479,026	39,092,213	44,428,218	45,551,406
Expenditures										
General government Public safety Public works Parks and recreation Other	4,137,202 9,255,627 2,221,362 2,858,730 1,724,328	3,626,506 10,144,499 2,375,015 2,908,449 1,314,758	5,159,063 10,252,230 2,449,578 2,993,507 1,905,946	7,262,653 10,833,756 2,478,932 3,018,190 1,029,440	7,491,692 11,181,015 2,430,335 2,836,600 1,076,102	8,230,662 12,601,586 1,852,072 2,419,161 997,196	11,480,332 14,346,107 1,962,617 2,611,590 1,094,895	11,184,075 15,442,477 1,841,831 2,875,257 1,187,748	12,654,518 16,126,814 2,085,443 2,983,531 889,073	12,694,183 19,414,226 2,255,776 3,248,052 902,319

City of Rohnert Park
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,
Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Capital outlay	3,552,851	3,773,549	4,574,201	9,112,580	6,226,317	3,114,073	3,098,196	5,065,505	7,324,188	13,940,133
Debt service Interest	1,559,091	1,959,923	1,812,554	1,474,316	1,381,577	1,242,520	1,179,094	1,196,955	1,188,507	3,345,671
Cost of issuance	1,765,568	2,024,288	2,220,417	2,436,395	2,640,957	1,731,907	1,694,815	1,896,222	1,316,741 2,039,651	3,734,038
Total expenditures	27,074,759	28,126,987	31,367,496	37,646,262	35,264,595	32,189,177	37,467,646	40,690,070	46,608,466	59,534,398
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,850,583)	(3,529,616)	(538,979)	(7,349,537)	(4,397,254)	3,643,448	(1,988,620)	(1,597,857)	(2,180,248)	(13,982,992)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Issuance of debt	18,793,689	ı	•	1	,	6,950,000	j t	; ;	61,440,000	
Discount on debt	, ,		, ,	i 1	. 1	. 1	•	F	1,344,163	,
Refunding bonds issued	1	1	1	10,140,112	1	t	•	•	ı	1
Payments to escrow agent	1	i	•	(10,745,780)	361,460	(7,078,675)	, 000 000 4	, 056 704	1 :	- 5 201 717
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	' (0	ı	. 000	5,999,529	297,232	3,269,170	1,265,600	818 624	, ,	11,102,0
Lease proceeds Transfers in	958,000 7,848,851	8,398,830	683,000 8,713,766	9,957,707	10,757,175	7,056,503	9,150,655	9,245,675	12,377,738	21,898,469
Transfers out	(7,208,154)	(7,682,669)	(8,227,612)	(9,805,718)	(10,450,825)	(6,941,870)	(9,389,415)	(8,968,201)	(12,083,300)	(21,380,121)
Total other financing sources (uses)	20,392,386	716,161	1,169,154	5,545,850	965,042	3,255,128	2,201,005	3,052,802	62,687,085	5,720,065
Net change in fund balances	\$ 16,541,803	\$ (2,813,455)	\$ 630,175	\$ (1,803,687)	\$ (3,432,212)	\$ 6,898,576	\$ 212,385	\$ 1,454,945	\$ 60,506,837	\$ (8,262,927)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	14.1%	16.4%	15.1%	13.7%	13.9%	10.2%	8.4%	8.7%	11.6%	15.5%

Source: City Finance Department

City of Rohnert Park
Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property	-	iles & Use	<u>C</u>	a Occupancy	F	b ranchise	c Real Property Fransfer	<u>Total</u>
1998	\$ 1,912,680	\$	4,795,502	\$	1,132,168	\$	519,802	\$ 212,668	\$ 8,572,820
1999	1,953,084		5,591,943		1,200,823		594,508	253,750	9,594,108
2000	2,072,921		5,601,413		1,300,239		560,643	253,086	9,788,302
2001	2,109,747		6,332,766		1,664,211		840,710	319,352	11,266,786
2002	2,293,881		5,977,738		1,339,175		1,051,411	257,774	10,919,979
2003	2,426,786		6,088,867		1,363,690		1,073,224	352,817	11,305,384
2004	2,517,925		6,834,708		1,367,259		1,725,403	265,430	12,710,725
2005	2,739,642		6,953,294		1,451,781		1,263,721	250,421	12,658,859
2006	3,127,448		7,386,925		1,601,587		1,308,839	253,584	13,678,383
2007	3,167,241		7,707,375		1,771,527		1,428,827	174,581	14,249,551
2008	3,199,831		7,237,073		1,899,362		1,440,749	117,545	13,894,560
Change									
1998–2008	67.3%		50.9%		67.8%		177.2%	-44.7%	62.1%

#### Notes:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The transient occupancy tax rate was increased from 11% to 12% on January 1, 2003

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> In FY 2004, the City received a large payment from Empire Waste Management for underpayment of prior year franchise fees

c The real property transfer tax rate was reduced from 1.10/1,000 value of assessed property to the appropriate rate of 0.55/1,000 in FY 2002

City of Rohnert Park Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

not available not ave not available not ave not available solutions to available not available solutions to available solutions to available not available solutions to available solutions to available not available solutions to available soluti	Industrial Other Property	Unsecured y Property	Froperty Property	Assessed
not available s 12,712 \$	_	ole not available	\$ 67,142	\$ 2,045,440
not available s 12,712 \$ \$ 10,301 \$ \$ 11,948 \$	_		77,851	2,068,246
not available 12,712 \$ 10,301 \$ 11,948 \$	_	ole not available	78,036	2,196,710
not available not available not available not available not available s 12,712 \$ 10,301 \$ 11,948 \$	_	_	81,075	2,349,941
not available not av not available not av \$ 12,712 \$ \$ 10,301 \$ \$ 11,948 \$			82,224	2,381,504
not available not av \$ 12,712 \$ \$ 10,301 \$ \$ 11,948 \$		_	85,312	2,886,104
\$ 12,712 \$ \$ 10,301 \$ \$ 11,948 \$			86,148	3,101,557
\$ 10,301 \$ \$ 11,948 \$	s	994 \$ 132,125	91,159	3,297,815
\$ 11,948 \$	₩	682 \$ 153,029	95,424	3,554,312
	es es	,935 \$ 189,487	110,294	3,872,528
134,387 \$ 12,582 373,261			128,319	4,078,488

Source: 2007-08: County Assessor, County Auditor-Controller, and MuniServices LLC

2006 and prior. Sonoma County Tax Collector, Assessor and Auditor-Controller

Notes: Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

(1) Total Direct Tax Rate is represented by TRA 007-000

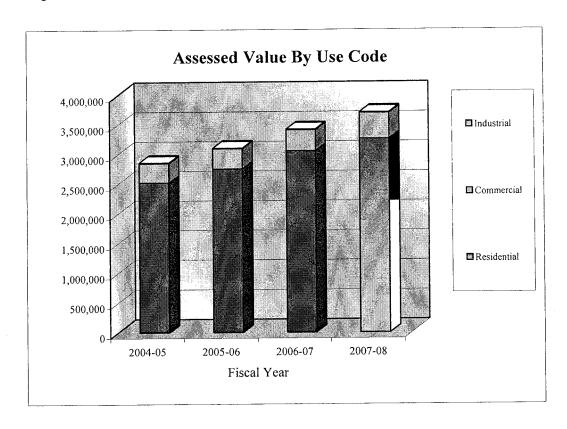
(2) Estimated Actual Value is derived from a series of calculations comparing median assessed values from 1940 to current median sales prices. Based on these calculations, a multiplier value was extrapolated and applied to current assessed values.

# City of Rohnert Park

#### Assessed Value of Property by Use Code, Citywide Last Three Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Category	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
Residential	2,525,881	2,759,526	3,059,684	3,262,949
Commercial	327,262	339,198	354,768	434,387
Industrial	12,712	10,301	11,948	12,582
Other & Unsecured	390,994	387,682	366,935	373,261
Gross Secured Value	3,256,849	3,496,707	3,793,335	4,083,179
Unsecured Value	132,125	153,029	189,487	123,628
Exemptions	91,159	95,424	110,294	128,319
Net Taxable Value	3,297,815	3,554,312	3,872,528	4,078,488

Source: 2006-08 County Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC Use code categories are based on Sonoma County Assessor's data



Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value) City of Rohnert Park

		Total	Тах	Rate		\$ 1.1970	1.1970	1.1970	1.1970	1.2212	1.2212	1.2212	1.2212	1.2212	1.1420	1.1420
				Total		\$ 0.1970	0.1970	0.1970	0.1970	0.2212	0.2212	0.2212	0.2212	0.2212	0.1420	0.1420
		Bellvue	School	District		\$ 0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	•	1
Rates a	Santa	Rosa	High	School		\$ 0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0542	0.0542	0.0542	0.0542	0.0542	1	1
Overlapping Rates a	Santa	Rosa	Junior	College		\$ 0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025
O		Warm	Spring			\$ 0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007
	Rohnert Park	Cotati	School	District		0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
	8		•,	_	ļ	↔										
Levy				Total		\$ 1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
City and County Levy		County	oę	Sonoma		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 0.82515	\$ 0.82515
Basic Cit		City of	Rohnert	Park		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 0.17485	\$ 0.17485
			Fiscal	Year		1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008

2007-08: County Auditor-Controller, MuniServices, LLC 2006 and prior: Sonoma County Auditor-Controller, Tax Collector Source:

# Notes:

TRA 007-000 is represented for this table

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Rohnert Park. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Rohnert Park property owners.

		2008			2007			2006	
	Taxable Assessed	-	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed	Taxable Assessed	100	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed	Taxable Assessed	G And	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Kank	vaiue	value	Yalla	Value	on is		
Sonoma Mountain Village LLC	\$ 41,207,201	-	1.01 %						
Columbia Redwood Creek LLC	37,900,722	7	0.93	•					
Crossbrook Apartments	29,873,167	က	0.73	\$ 28,716,668	∞	0.74 %	\$ 23,105,472	4	0.65 %
Codding Enterprises	26,459,526	4	0.65	37,101,189	4	96.0			
Knickerbocker Properties, Inc.	25,961,806	ß	0.64	25,000,876	10	0.64	24,534,496	က	0.69
Santa Rosa Press Democrat	24,991,746	9	0.61	35,524,311	9	0.92	22,141,758	ა	0.62
State Farm Mutual Auto Insur.	22,416,146	7	0.55				21,287,225	9	0.60
Costco Wholesale Corp.	21,620,344		0.53				20,294,835	7	0.57
RLH Partnership	21,001,789		0.51				18,000,000	œ	0.51
Expressway Partners LLC	18,006,728	10	0.44				ŀ		
Hertz Fourinment Rental Corp				45,607,230	_	1.18			
Rohnert Park Ridge LLC				42,979,276	2	1.11	41,520,846	7	1.17
Scarna Steven				41,661,656	က	1.08			
Sonoma Green II C				36,747,040	2	0.95	75,795,414	-	2.13
KSI Rohnert Park I P				31,332,522	7	0.81			
Spanor Companyion				28.715.334	တ	0.74			
Oi Doolfy Trust 1007				•			16,534,623	თ	0.46
of Really Trust 1997 Millennium Housing Corporation							15,296,520	0	0.43
Totaí	\$ 269,439,175		6.61 %	\$ 353,386,102		9.13 %	\$ 278,511,189		3.02 %
		11							

Source: 2006 : Sonoma County Tax Collector Metroscan database 2007 and 2008: County Assessor, MuniServices, LLC

Note: Data not available for years prior to 2006

S-14

City of Rohnert Park Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Collected within the	vithin the	:	;		;	
Œ	axes Levied		Fiscal Year of the Levy	of the Levy	8	Collections		Total Collections to Date	ons to Date
	for the			Percentage	in Sut	in Subsequent			Percentage
11 1	Fiscal Year		Amount	of Levy	>	Years		Amount	of Levy
	1,881,393	G	1,865,496	99.16 %	€9	15,897	↔	1,881,393	100.00 %
	1,922,145		1,881,670	68.76		40,475		1,922,145	100.00
	1,985,000		1,975,045	99.50		9,760		1,984,805	66.66
	2,049,232		2,046,938	68.66		20,041		2,048,939	99.99
	2,099,148		2,093,456	99.73		5,318		2,098,774	99.98
	2,298,857		2,291,796	69.66		6,459		2,298,255	99.97
	2,303,177		2,295,714	99.68		5,738		2,301,452	99.93
	2,747,507		2,739,642	99.71		t		2,739,642	99.71
	3,127,448		3,113,048	99.54		,		3,113,048	99.54
	3,167,241		3,148,920	99.42		ı		3,148,920	99.42
	3,200,856		3,188,844	99.62		1		3,188,844	99.62

Sources: Sonoma County Auditor-Controller

City of Rohnert Park
Taxable Sales by Category,
Last Ten Calendar Years
(in thousands of dollars)

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007Q3*		2008Q3*
All other outlets	98,122	94,697	116,599	100,176	78,390	73,646	75,051	82,371	83,199	95,037	<u></u>	88,437
Apparel stores	\$ 7,222 \$ 13,74	\$ 13,748	\$ 15,347	\$ 15,036	\$ 15,062	\$ 13,786	\$ 13,691	\$ 13,927	\$ 14,154	\$ 14,504	<b>4</b>	13,838
Auto dealers and supplies	19,337	17.828	24,811	26,306	20,821	22,528	21,451	19,923	20,365	20,065	ίζ	17,967
Ruilding materials and farm tools	90,189	98,845	107,922	109,540	109,063	114,615	126,268	126,436	125,132	103,04	က္	77,368
Eating and drinking establishments	45,415	48,049	52,850	55,632	56,357	60,000	68,442	72,279	73,091	73,93	တ္တ	70,627
Food stores	27,885	29.806	30,996	31,844	35,023	34,990	38,929	39,765	40,923	36,46	ဖွ	38,581
General merchandise	69.739	71,061	75,118	79,458	104,242	164,097	179,419	191,443	194,974	199,921	Σ.	206,342
Home furnishings and appliances	18.261	26,776	29,134	29,521	45,674	39,276	36,601	32,707	29,879	32,77	7	27,509
Other retail stores	66.849	72.554	81,210	72,700	71,914	70,868	71,228	76,111	74,799	64,93	တ္ဆ	57,796
Service stations	21.191	27.814	33,728	31,010	29,556	31,805	31,960	34,155	36,395	39,181	<del></del>	45,281
Docksond Lighter and Dring Stores	!		-							7,558	89	7,988
Total	\$ 464,210	\$ 464,210 \$ 501,179	\$ 567,714	\$ 551,223	\$ 566,101	\$ 625,611	\$ 663,040	\$ 689,114	\$ 692,912	\$ 687,430	\$00	651,734
City direct sales tax rate	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	%(	1.00%

Source: State Department of Commerce.

Notes: Retail sales information is not available on a fiscal-year basis.

\* NOTE: Taxable Sales to reflect amounts through 2007Q1-2007Q3

City of Rohnert Park Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	City Direct Rate	Sonoma County	State
<u>Year</u>	Rate	County	
1998	1.00 %	0.25 %	6.00 %
1999	1.00	0.25	6.00
2000	1.00	0.25	6.00
2001	1.00	0.25	6.00
2002	1.00	0.25	5.75
2003	1.00	0.25	6.00
2004	1.00	0.25	6.00
2005	0.75	0.50	6.25
2006	0.75	0.50	6.25
2007	0.75	0.25	6.25
2008	0.75	0.25	6.25

## City of Rohnert Park Principal Sales Tax Remitters, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2008	
TAXPAYER	BUSINESS TYPE
101 INTERNATIONAL TRUCK SALES	AUTO SALES - NEW
ASHLEY FURNITURE	HOMESTORE
BURLINGTON COAT FACTORY	APPAREL STORES
CASTINO RESTRNT EQPMNT SUPPLY	FOOD PROCESSING EQP
CHEVRON SERVICE STATIONS	SERVICE STATIONS
COSTCO WHOLESALE	DEPARTMENT STORES
EXXON SERVICE STATIONS	SERVICE STATIONS
FOOD MAXX	FOOD MARKETS
HERTZ EQUIPMENT RENTAL	LEASING
HOME DEPOT	BLDG MATLS - RETAIL
IN-IN-OUT BURGERS	RESTAURANT
J.E.HIGGINS LUMBER COMPANY	BLDG MATLS - RETAIL
LINENS N THINGS	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL
MCPHAIL'S APPLIANCES	FURNITURE/APPLIANCE
O'DELL PRINTING COMPANY	LIGHT INDUSTRY
PAPE MACHINERY	BLDG MATLS - WHSLE
PETSMART	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL
RALEY'S SUPERMARKET	FOOD MARKETS
ROSS STORES	APPAREL STORES
ROTTEN ROBBIE	SERVICE STATIONS
SAFEWAY STORES	FOOD MARKETS
SHELL SERVICE STATIONS	SERVICE STATIONS
TARGET STORES	DEPARTMENT STORES
W.W.GRAINGER	LIGHT INDUSTRY
WAL MART STORES	DEPARTMENT STORES

1999	
TAXPAYER	BUSINESS TYPE
101 INTERNATIONAL TRUCK SALES	AUTO SALES - NEW
CASTINO RESTRNT EQPMNT SUPPLY	FOOD PROCESSING EQP
CHEVRON SERVICE STATIONS	SERVICE STATIONS
DOUBLETREE HOTEL	RESTAURANTS
EXXON SERVICE STATIONS	SERVICE STATIONS
FOOD 4 LESS	FOOD MARKETS
HERTZ EQUIPMENT RENTAL	LEASING
HEWLETT-PACKARD	ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT
HOME DEPOT	BLDG MATLS - RETAIL
LEVITZ FURNITURE	FURNITURE/APPLIANCE
LONGS DRUG STORES	DRUG STORES
NEXT LEVEL COMMUNICATIONS	LEASING
NORTRAX WEST	BLDG MATLS - WHSLE
OFFICE DEPOT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT
PETSMART	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL
RALEY'S SUPERMARKET	FOOD MARKETS
ROSS STORES	APPAREL STORES
SAFEWAY STORES	FOOD MARKETS
SEARS HOMELIFE FURNITURE STORE	FURNITURE/APPLIANCE
SHELL SERVICE STATIONS	SERVICE STATIONS
TARGET STORES	DEPARTMENT STORES
UNITED FURNITURE	FURNITURE/APPLIANCE
W.W.GRAINGER	LIGHT INDUSTRY
WAL MART STORES	DEPARTMENT STORES
YARDBIRDS HOME CENTER	BLDG MATLS - RETAIL

Source: State Board of Equalization, MuniServices, LLC

Note: Sales Tax paid is confidential information and cannot be reported

City of Rohnert Park
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

	Per Capita <sup>b</sup>	\$ 577	1,012	1,012	928	808	928	914	1,335	1,306	2,700	2,615
	Percentage of Personal Income <sup>b</sup>	1.86 %	3.14	2.78	2.55	2.49	2.52	2.35	not available	not available	69.6	69.6
	a Total Primary Government	\$ 22,835	40,528	40,424	39,179	38,705	39,161	38,486	56,684	56,204	115,974	112,607
Business-type Activities	Certificates of Participation	, <del>\$</del>	ı	•	•				13,000	13,000	12,770	12,530
Business-t	Water Revenue Bonds	· <del>У</del>	1	,	1	,	2,090	2,010	6,930	6,725	6,515	6,305
	Capital Leases	,	1	•	1	199	602	449	1,485	2,027	1,778	1,539
	Special Assessment Bonds	4,255	3,765	3,295	2,700	2,010	1,495	1,185	910	620	190	1
Activities	Lease Revenue A Bonds	<i>↔</i>	1		ı	,	1	6,950	6.710	6.485	6.255	6,020
Government-type Activities	Certificates of Participation	\$ 7,340	13,991	13,572	13,017	12.247	11,530	4.545	4,405	4 265	4 115	3,960
•	Redevelopment Bonds	11.240	22.772	23,557	23.462	23.649	23.444	23.347	23.244	23.082	84 351	82,253
	Fiscal Re Year	1998		2000	2001	2002	2002	2006	2005	2002	2002	2008

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>a</sup> The city issued \$7 million of new certificates of participation and \$11 million of tax allocation bonds in 1999.

<sup>a</sup>. The city issued \$2 million in water revenue bonds in 2003 and \$13 million of sewer revemie bonds and \$5M of water revenue bonds in 2005.

<sup>b</sup> See Schedule 20 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

## City of Rohnert Park Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding, Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Percentage of General Bonded Debt Outstanding **Actual Taxable** Value of Per Redevelopment Fiscal Capita Total **Property** Year **Bonds** 284.08 1998 \$ 11,240 \$ 11,240 0.5495 % 22,772 22,772 1.1010 568.84 1999 589.63 23,557 23,557 1.0724 2000 0.9984 555.50 23,462 23,462 2001 554.49 0.9930 2002 23,649 23,649 555.57 0.8123 2003 23,444 23,444 554.21 23,347 0.7528 2004 23,347 547.63 0.7048 2005 23,244 23,244 536.45 2006 23,082 0.6494 23,082 1,963.52 84,351 2.1782 2007 84,351 2.0168 1,910.11 82,253 2008 82,253

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

City of Rohnert Park
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt
As of June 30, 2008
(dollars in thousands)

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable <sup>a</sup>	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes			
Cotati-Rohnert Park Unified School District	\$ 76,721,850	82.233%	\$ 63,090,315
Subtotal, overlapping debt			63,090,315
City direct debt			
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 63,090,315

Source: Sonoma County Tax Collector

Notes: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Statistical. This process recognizes that, when considering the city's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident—and therefore responsible for repaying the debt—of each overlapping government.

Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands) City of Rohnert Park

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2008 \$ 4,078,488

Debt limit (15% of assessed value) Assessed value

611,773

Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds Less: Amount set aside for

repayment of general obligation debt

Total net debt applicable to limit

611,773

\$ 611,773 Legal debt margin

						Fiscal Year	ar						
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	5	2006	2007		2008
Debt limit	\$ 324,781 \$ 325,508	\$ 325,508	\$ 343,238	\$ 369,559	\$ 445,713	\$ 478,156	\$ 369,559 \$ 445,713 \$ 478,156 \$ 487,694 \$ 526,849 \$ 534,506 \$	\$ 526	3,849 \$	534,506	\$ 580,	\$ 628	580,879 \$ 611,773
Total net debt applicable to limit	•	1	J	1		1	1			•			1
Legal debt margin	\$ 324,781 \$ 325,508	\$ 325,508	\$ 343,238	\$ 369,559	\$ 445,713	\$ 478,156	\$ 369,559 \$ 445,713 \$ 478,156 \$ 487,694 \$ 526,849	\$ 52	5,849	\$ 534,506	\$ 580,879		\$ 611,773
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	%00`0	%00.0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		%00'0	0.00%	_	%00.0	0.00%

			Water Revenue Bonds	nue Bonds				vi	Sewer Revenue Bonds	e Bonds				Special	Assessn	Special Assessment Bonds	
	Utility	Less:	Net				Utility	ress:	Net				Special				
Fiscal	Service	Operating	Available	Debt S	Debt Service		Service	Operating	Available	Debt Service	Service		Assessment		8	vice	,
Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Collections		Principal	Interest	Coverage
																	,
000	e	<i>\\</i>	·	·	: 67:	·	•	, <del>(/</del>	· •>	ر ده	; 69	ر دی	\$ 688	£+ ∞	400	787	[0.
000	9	•	•	•		,	•	,	•	1	•	i	679	ത	420	260	1.00
666		,	,	l				•	,	,	,	1	662	C.	440	235	0.98
2000	1	•	1			1	•	•					639		465	209	0.95
2001	1	•					•	1	ŧ	1		•	ć i	n '	3 5	7 7	9 6
2002	•	1	•	1	1	,	1		•	•	,	1	644	4	490	00	0.90
3000		:	;	•	,	•	,	,	•	•	,		382	2	330	46	1.02
2003			(307)	c	7	(08 6/			•	:		•	317	7	295	56	06:0
2004	4,622	1.90'6	(438)		7,	(2.03)							340	c	270	46	1 08
2005	4,933	5,031	(86)	80	70	(0.65)	•		•	•			Ť,	<b>.</b>	0.70	) I	9 6
2006	6.406	5.480	926	205	237	2.10	9,955		843	,	,	n/a	319	on.	280	3,	0.98 0
2007	6,084	5.700	384	210	262	0.81	12,008	9,501	2,507	,	,	n/a	456	9	430	27	1.01
2008	6,342	6,851	(605)	220	251	(1.08)	12,371	9244	3,127	,	•	n/a	•		•	1	•

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

City of Rohnert Park Demographic and Economic Statistics, Last Ten Calendar Years

City Unemployment Rate	3.8%	3.2%	3.1%	3.3%	4.7%	4.8%	5.3%	4.1%	3.9%	3.9%	6.4%
County Unemployment Rate	not available	4.0%	6.5%								
School Enrollment	7,983	7,756	8,033	7,829	7,836	7,678	7,482	7,260	6,816	6,847	6,179
Median Age	not available	38.4	35.5	35.7	35.9	36.0	38.9	38.9	31.5 est*	31.5 est*	31.5 est*
Per Capita Personal Income	\$ 30,969	32,231	36,438	36,443	36,427	36,844	38,901	38,793	43,318	27.874	not available
Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	\$ 1,225,350	1,290,271	1,455,771	1,539,207	1,553,612	1,554,743	1,638,782	1,703,333	1.803.380	1,197,439	not available
Population	39,567	40,032	39,952	42,236	42,650	42,198	42,127	42.445	43.027	42.959	43,062
Calendar Year	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008

Sources: 1998-2006 & 2008: Personal Income information provided by U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. Median Age information provided by U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey. Unemployment information provided by State of California Employment Development Department. School Enrollment information provided by Cotati-Rohnert Park School District. Population information provided by State Department of Finance.

Note: Personal Income is reported at a County-wide level. Local information is not available.

\* Represents Median Age taken frorm the 2000 Census Data. 2007 Census Data is not yet available.

		2008			2007			2006	60
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Sonoma State University	1,483	•	13.79 %	1,478	-	% 28.8	1,532	<b>←</b>	14.25 %
State Farm Insurance	468	- 2	4.35	501	7	1.99	625	2	5.81
Wal-Mart	360	ı m	3.35	272	4	1.08	009	က	5.58
Costco	242	4	2.25	254	2	1.01	190	9	1.77
Target	213	· KO	1.98	315	က	1.25	210	5	1.95
City of Rohnert Park	190	ω	1.77	188	7	0.75	182	7	1.69
Home Denot	178	ω	1.66	178	တ	0.71			
Securitas Security Services	177	7	1.65	187	œ	0.74	160	ω	1.49
Cross Chack	143	. o.	1.33	194	9	0.77	285	4	2.65
Darker Hannifin Com	126	, 01	1.17	160	10	0.63	137	6	1.27
Alvarado Street Bakery							116	6	1.08
Total	3,580		33.30 %	3,727		14.79 %	4,037	"	37.54 %
Total City Employment (1)	10,752								

Source: 2006 and prior: Chamber of Commerce for top employers and www.epodunk.com for total employment 2007-08: Direct correspondence with City's local businesses

(1) Total City Employment provided by EDD Labor Force data.

Note: Data not available for years prior to 2006

City of Rohnert Park Full-time-Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Full-tir	ne-Equiv	alent Er	nployees	as of J	une 30			
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	<u>2008</u>
Function/Program											
General government											
City Manager's Office	5	5	6	6	6	6	4	5	5	7	7
Finance	12	12	13	12	12	11	10	11	12	12	12
Information Systems	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Planning	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
Human Resource	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2
Other	4	4	3	3	3	3	1	2	2	-	0
Public Safety											
Officers a	61	63	67	67	70	70	70	76	77	78	78
Civilians	33	33	33	33	31	31	30	30	30	31	32
Building Inspection	3	4	4	4	4	4	2	2	3	3	3
Public Works											
Engineering <sup>b</sup>	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	4	5	6	6
Public Works	23	24	28	28	28	27	23	25	25	29	29
Park Maintenance	9	9	9	9	9	9	7	6	5	4	5
Parks and recreation	10	10	10	10	10	10	7	7	7	7	7
Performing Arts Center	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	4	4	44	4
Total	173	178	188	187	189	187	166	178	182	188	<u>190</u>

Source: City Budget Office.

City of Rohnert Park Operating Indicators by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year					
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Function/Program											
General government	693	878	712	800	746	801	634	736	574	663	650
Building permits issued  Building inspections conducted	not available	not available	not available	not available	not available	not available	not available	2,228	1,875	1,560	1393
Police	;	:	:		() () ()		4 830	2 174	2 485	2 474	3 076
Physical arrests	not available	not available	not available	not available	not available	not available	50, 1	3.583	3.794	2,554	2 448
Parking violations Traffic violations	not available not available	not available not available	not available not available	not available not available	not available	not available	265	286	264	1,402	1,695
Fire	700	40,7	7	123	119	103	107	113	134	3,164	3,007
Emergency responses Inspections	not available	not available	not available	not available	not available	not available	not available	not available	not available	1,713	1,869
Refuse collection a			oldelio, co	oldelieve ton	eldelleye too	955	65.3	61.3	64.3	68.2	59.7
Refuse collected (tons per day) Recyclables collected (tons per day)	not available not available	not available	not available	not available	not available	29.5	27.4	27.5	30.9	31.4	28.89
Parks and recreation	0	400	2600	113 006	107 530	113.552	135 259	136,490	119.803	111,655	124,261
Sports & Fitness Center Attendance Community Center Attendance	135,919 not available	130,434 not available	not available	65,071	85,511	86,121	71,069	41,120	42,019	46,495	42,240
Library Volumes in collection	55,452	56,127	56,740	59,031	57,179	60,254	65,078	74,868	75,718	84,369	84,381
Water Water main breaks	not available	not available	not available	not available	not available	not available	not available	2	2	0	<del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>
Average daily consumption (millions of gallons)	6.56	66.9	6.72	6.61	6.33	6.31	6.18	5.42	5.00	4.90	4.4
Peak daily consumption (millions of gallons)	10.38	9.70	9.42	9.20	9.87	10.18	8.81	8.44	7.86	7.15	6.7
Wastewater Average daily sewage treatment (millions of gallons)	not available	4.24	3.90	3.64	3.80	3.69	3.60	3.88	3.87	3.16	3.42

Sources: Various city departments.

Notes:

The City of Rohnert Park entered into a new garbage contract July 1, 2001. Data is not available prior to the new contract.

Community Center Attendance is not available prior to implementation of CLASS Software.

City of Rohnert Park Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	<u> </u>	:				
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Function/Program											
Police								,	•	•	
Stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Patrol officers	43	43	43	43	44	44	48	48	48	48	48
Fire stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Refuse Collection <sup>a</sup>										:	•
Collection trucks	not available	13	7	7	Ξ	10	10				
Street Sweepers	not available	2	8	5	<del>-</del>	-	τ-				
Other public works							!		1		ŗ
Streets (miles)	82.67	82.67	82.67	82.67	85.12	85.12	85.12	85.12	85.12	85.12	85.12
Streetlights	2,668	2,682	2,750	2,756	2,794	2,794	2,794	2,794	2,794	2,794	2,794
Parks and recreation											
Acreage	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	70L	707
Playarounds	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Raseball/softball diamonds	4	14	14	4	14	4	4	14	4	4	4
Socoarfoothall fields	σ	Ø	6	0	0	6	<b>ග</b> .	6	တ	6	თ
Tennis courts	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Water									!		1
Water mains (miles)	82.67	82.67	82.67	82.67	82.81	82.81		115.70	115.70	115.70	115.70
Fire hydrants	not available		not available	1,450	1,458	1,458					
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons)	2,250.8	4,374.6	4,374.6	4,374.6	4,374.6	4,374.6	4,374.6	4,374.6	4,374.6	4,374.6	4,374.6
Wastewater			1	1	1	7	1	0 22	0	77.0	0 22
Sanitary sewers (miles)	77.0	77.0	77.0	0.77	0.77	0.77	0.2	0. 1	0.00	0.0	9 6
Storm sewers (miles)	30.9	30.9	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons) <sup>b</sup>	not available	5.13	4.79	4.36	4.75	4.68	4.44	5.11	5.41	3.13	3.83

Sources: Various city departments.

Notes: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government or library function.

The City of Rohnert Park entered into a new garbage contract July 1, 2001. Data is not available prior to the new contract.

